TO:

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FROM:

BRUCE BUEL PS

DATE:

SEPT. 7, 2007

AGENDA ITEM E-2 SEPTEMBER 12, 2007

#### REDUCE SOLID WASTE FRANCHISE FEE TO OFFSET FEE INCREASE

#### ITEM

Authorize reduction in solid waste franchise fee to offset proposed South County Sanitary Fee Increase [RECOMMEND ADOPTION].

#### **BACKGROUND**

NCSD's franchise agreement with South County Sanitary (SCA, also known as Nipomo Garbage), anticipates that South County Sanitary will increase the fee it charges to its customers inside NCSD's boundary on July 1 of each year based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index. Attached is SCS's April 3, 2007 letter to increase its fee by 3.0%. Also attached is an e-mail from Tom Martin of SCS indicating that instead of allowing SCS to increase its fee by 3%, NCSD could opt to reduce its franchise payment from 10% to 7.3%. Both concepts were discussed by the FAPAC at its April 18, 2007 meeting and the Committee recommended that the Board reduce its franchise payment instead of increasing SCS's Fee (see attached minutes). NCSD's adopted Budget is predicated on receiving 7.3%.

Also attached is a draft resolution ordering the reduction of NCSD franchise payment from 10% to 7.3% and a detailed third party review of SCS's revenue requirements.

#### RECOMMENDATION

Staff believes that reducing the franchise fee benefits NCSD's customers and still leaves NCSD with sufficient revenues to implement our recycling programs. Staff recommends that your Honorable Board adopt the attached Resolution and authorize staff to coordinate with SCS to implement.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

- SCS Request to raise fees
- SCS e-mail documenting alternative franchise payment reduction
- Minutes from 4/18/07 FAPAC Meeting
- Draft resolution
- Third Party Review of SCS Revenue Requirements

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South County Sanitary Service Inc. (805) 489-4246



Tri-City Disposal Service (805) 489-3534 874 Grand Avenue Grover Beach, California 93433 Nipomo Garbage Company (805) 489-3534

Nipomo Community Services District Bruce Buel, Gen Mgr 148 South Wilson Nipomo, CA 93444

April 3, 2007

Dear Bruce,

Enclosed please find the 2007 Base Year Review. We are asking for a 3.0% increase. The Bureau of Labor 2006 all cities inflation factor is 3.2%. There appears to be no relief in sight on diesel fuel prices. We have projected 2007 fuel prices to be the same as 2006.

Labor retention remains a struggle. We continued to lose drivers due to the high cost of living in our area. Depreciation expenses for new trucks that comply with the California Air Resources Board diesel engine compliance continue to increase. In 2007, we are purchasing 4 of a planned 12 CNG powered garbage trucks. After an extensive review of Oxnard's and Santa Monica's 100% natural gas powered garbage and recycling collection operations, we have concluded that natural gas power has advanced beyond its problematic early history. This move will dramatically lessen air pollution and reliance on constantly increasing diesel fuel. It will also help you comply with the emissions reduction protocol that APCD is enacting.

The good news is that a robust south county economy and customer growth have dampened the effect of all the previous bad news.

Please call if you have questions. I can make myself available whenever your schedule permits. Your last increase was 12-01-05.

Tom Martin, General Manager

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#### Summary

#### NIPOMO COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	requested increase

1. Rate Increase Requested

3.00%

	Current	Increased	Adjustment	New	Cost Per
Rate Schedule	Rate	Rate	(a)	Rate	Gallon
	Rate Schedule			Table de Mercana de Calabrata d	Since A control of the Control of th

#### Single Family Residential

- 2. Economy Service (1 can curb)
- Standard Service (2- can curb)
- Premium Service (3 can curb)

\$15.00	\$15.45	\$15.45
\$21.49	\$22.13	\$22.13
\$28.16	\$29.00	\$29.00

(a) Calculated rates are rounded up to the nearest \$0.01.

#### Multiunit Residential and Non-residential

Rate increases of

3.00%

\$0.48

\$0.35

\$0.30

will be applied to all rates in each structure

with each rate rounded to the nearest \$0.01

#### Chattherion

To the best of my knowledge, the data and information in this application is complete, accurate, and consistent with the instructions provided by the Rate Setting Manual.

Name:

Tom Martin

Title:

Controller

Signature:

Date:

03/20/07

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007

Pg. 1 of 6

## BASE YEAR RATE ADJUSTMENT APPLICATION

		Historical		Current	Projected	
inanc	cial Information	2004	2005	2006	Base Year 2007	2008
					(from Pg. 4)	
		Steethop/b/ANIto	waitle/costs			
6.	Direct Labor	\$2,018,523	\$2,134,383	\$2,413,062	\$2,784,237	\$2,812,07
7.	Corporate Overhead	\$248,537	\$255,993	\$264,185	\$274,224	\$276,96
8.	Office Salaries	\$467,751	\$458,699	\$519,320	\$607,859	\$613,93
9.	Other General and Admin Costs	\$2,684,622	\$3,075,794	\$3,237,391	\$3,448,306	\$3,520,72
10	Total Allowable Costs	\$5,419,433	\$5,924,869	\$6,433,958	\$7,114,625	\$7,223,70
		IS NO. 31 Jahrana	Section 19 (1)	-		
	_	Steamon to without	be@meetlagtBohi	A'		
11.	Operating Ratio	91.7%	87.8%	88.9%	92.0%	92.0
12.	Allowable Operating Profit	\$493,137	\$824,621	\$804,995	\$618,663	\$628,14
		Section Hillian	Olinoogija teorita	A The Art of the Art o	Commence of the second	
13.	Tipping Fees	\$1,605,897	\$1,630,306	\$1,653,728	\$1,700,276	\$1,717,27
14.	Franchise Fees	\$785,453	\$856,965	\$894,320	\$921,600	\$940,03
15.	AB939 Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
16.	Lease Pmts to Affiliated Companie	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	5
17.	Total Pass Through Costs	\$2,391,350	\$2,487,271	\$2,548,048	\$2,621,876	\$2,657,31
_		egy it is take point	PANYA BI			
18.	Revenue Requirement	\$8,303,920	\$9,236,761	\$9,787,001	\$10,355,164	\$10,509,10
19.	Total Revenue Offsets	\$8,303,920	\$9,236,761	\$9,787,001	\$10,085,909	\$10,243,19
	(from Page 3)					
	<b>"在一块"</b> 。 [201]	Section V - Net	Shortfall (Surplus)		<b>持续表现的</b>	
20.	Net Shortfall (Surplus)				\$269,255	
	Total Residential and Non-residentia	l Revenue without in	crease			
21.		l Revenue without in	crease	ſ	\$10,007,881	\$10,007.99
21.	in Base Year (pg.5, line 76)				\$10,007,881 2.7%	
	in Base Year (pg.5, line 76) Percent Change in Residential and N	on-residential Reven			\$10,007,881 2.7% 90.000%	\$10,007,88 2.7 94.000

#### Revenue Offset Summary

Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)   Account Type   Non-residential Can		rae Onset Gammary					
2004   2005   2006   2007   2008		[14]	Section VII	- Revenue Offsets	過程性質器與		
2004   2005   2006   2007   2008			Н	listorical	Current	Pro	jected
28. Single Family Residential \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914 Multiunit Residential Dumpster 29. Number of Accounts 30. Revenues 31. Less Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts 32. Total Residential Revenue \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914 Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.) Account Type Non-residential Can 33. Number of Accounts 34. Revenues 35. Number of Accounts 36. Revenues 37. Number of Accounts 38. Revenues 39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue 39. Signos, 3941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$4,000 \$5,000 \$6,			2004	2005	2006	Technic Indah	2008
Multiunit Residential Dumpster  29. Number of Accounts 30. Revenues 31. Less Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts 32. Total Residential Revenue  \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914  **Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)* Account Type Non-residential Can  33. Number of Accounts 34. Revenues  \$148 50  Non-residential Wastewheeler  35. Number of Accounts  \$157 16  Non-residential Dumpster  36. Revenues  \$146,178 \$147,640  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts  \$38. Revenues  \$39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue  \$39. Source Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue  \$30. Source Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue  \$30. Source Allowance for	R	esidential Revenue (without increase in Base	Yr.)				
Number of Accounts   So   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Can   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Dumpster   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Points   St. Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue   St. Allowance St. Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue   St. Allowance St. Al	28. Si	ingle Family Residential	\$4,399,979	\$4,901,651	\$5,606,779	\$5,606,778	\$5,718,914
30. Revenues 31. Less Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts 32. Total Residential Revenue  \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914  **Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)* Account Type Non-residential Can  33. Number of Accounts 34. Revenues  \$144,422 \$14,566  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Non-residential Dumpster  36. Revenues  \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$100 \$10	M	Iultiunit Residential Dumpster					
31. Less Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Accounts  32. Total Residential Revenue \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914  **Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)* Account Type Non-residential Can  33. Number of Accounts  48 50  34. Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Non-residential Dumpster  Non-residential Dumpster  Non-residential Dumpster  Number of Accounts  Revenues  37. Number of Accounts  Revenues  38. Revenues  39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid  40. Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$40.  Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40.  Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40.  Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40.  Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40.  Total Non-residential Revenue	29.	Number of Accounts	4.				
32. Total Residential Revenue \$4,399,979 \$4,901,651 \$5,606,779 \$5,606,778 \$5,718,914  **Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)* Account Type Non-residential Can  33. Number of Accounts \$48 50  34. Revenues \$114,422 \$14,566  Non-residential Wastewheeler  35. Number of Accounts \$1.57 16  36. Revenues \$1.46,178 \$147,640  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts \$1.57 16  38. Revenues \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356  39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid \$0 \$0  40. Total Non-residential Revenue \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562  45. Interest on Investments \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,726	30.	Revenues					
Non-residential Revenue (without increase in Base Yr.)   Account Type   Non-residential Can	31. L	ess Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Account	nts			\$0	
Account Type Non-residential Can  33. Number of Accounts 34. Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler  35. Number of Accounts 36. Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts  38. Revenues  39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue  \$3. Sumber of Accounts  \$3. S	32. T	otal Residential Revenue	\$4,399,979	\$4,901,651	\$5,606,779	\$5,606,778	\$5,718,914
34. Revenues \$14,422 \$14,566  Non-residential Wastewheeler  35. Number of Accounts \$157 \$16.  36. Revenues \$146,178 \$147,640  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts \$1952 \$1972  38. Revenues \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356  39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid \$0 \$0  40. Total Non-residential Revenue \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562  45. Interest on Investments \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,726	Α	account Type	2430 1117				
Non-residential Wastewheeler  35. Number of Accounts 36. Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts 38. Revenues  39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid  40. Total Non-residential Revenue  Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$4,000 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60 \$60	33.	Number of Accounts				48	50
35. Number of Accounts 36. Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts 38. Revenues  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue	34.	Revenues				\$14,422	\$14,566
36. Revenues       \$146,178       \$147,640         Non-residential Dumpster         37. Number of Accounts       1952       1972         38. Revenues       \$3,903,941       \$4,303,704       \$4,140,596       \$4,282,531       \$4,325,356         39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue       \$3,903,941       \$4,303,704       \$4,140,596       \$4,443,131       \$4,487,562         45. Interest on Investments       \$31,406       \$39,626       \$36,000       \$36,720	N	Non-residential Wastewheeler					
Non-residential Dumpster  37. Number of Accounts  38. Revenues  \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$4,000 \$6,000 \$4	35.	Number of Accounts				157	165
37. Number of Accounts       1952       1972         38. Revenues       \$3,903,941       \$4,303,704       \$4,140,596       \$4,282,531       \$4,325,356         39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Revenue       \$3,903,941       \$4,303,704       \$4,140,596       \$4,443,131       \$4,487,562         45. Interest on Investments       \$31,406       \$39,626       \$36,000       \$36,720	36.	Revenues	4			\$146,178	\$147,640
38. Revenues \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,282,531 \$4,325,356 \$40. Total Non-residential Revenue \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$45. Interest on Investments \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,720	N	Non-residential Dumpster		,			
39. Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid 40. <b>Total Non-residential Revenue</b> \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562  45. <b>Interest on Investments</b> \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,720	37.	Number of Accounts				1952	1972
40. Total Non-residential Revenue \$3,903,941 \$4,303,704 \$4,140,596 \$4,443,131 \$4,487,562 \$45. Interest on Investments \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,720	38.	Revenues	\$3,903,941	\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$4,282,531	\$4,325,356
45. Interest on Investments \$31,406 \$39,626 \$36,000 \$36,720	39. I	Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid				\$0	\$0
	40. <b>1</b>	Total Non-residential Revenue	\$3,903,941	\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$4,443,131	\$4,487,562
46. Other Income \$0 \$0	45. I	interest on Investments		\$31,406	\$39,626	\$36,000	\$36,720
	46. (	Other Income				\$0	\$0
47. Total Revenue Offsets \$8,303,920 \$9,236,761 \$9,787,001 \$10,085,909 \$10,243,196	47. 7	Γotal Revenue Offsets	\$8,303,920	\$9,236,761	\$9,787,001	\$10,085,909	\$10,243,196
Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007 Pg. 3 of 6	Fisca	al Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007					Pg. 3 of 6

#### Cost Summary for Base Year

ac	cription of Cost				BASE YEAR
631	Cription or cost	2004	2005	2006	2007
	Labor	\$1,857,876	\$1,966,245	\$2,223,339	\$2,565,076
	Payroll Taxes	\$160,647	\$168,138	\$189,723	\$219,161
18.	Total Direct Labor	\$2,018,523	\$2,134,383	\$2,413,062	\$2,784,237
19	Corporate Overhead	\$338,998	\$266,829	\$283,551	\$295,648
	Less limitation (enter as negative)	(\$90,461)	(\$10,836)	(\$19,366)	(\$21,42
	Total Corporate Overhead	\$248,537	\$255,993	\$264,185	\$274,22
	Office Salary	\$438,045	\$428,578	\$485,070	\$569,49
	Payroll Taxes	\$29,706	\$30,121	\$34,250	\$38,36
50.	Total Office Salaries	\$467,751	\$458,699	\$519,320	\$607,85
	Allocated expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Bad Debt	\$16,188	\$45,329	\$68,988	\$42,00
	Bond expense	\$27,854	\$47,511	\$39,653	\$42,03
	Computer services	\$2,183	\$19		
	Depreciation on Bldg and Equip				
	Depreciation on Trucks/Containers	\$792,644	\$890,729	\$849,938	\$1,071,7
	Dues and Subscriptions	\$7,965	\$9,314	\$11,857	\$12,3
	Gas and oil	\$342,042	\$411,090	\$615,196	\$620,5
	Interest Expense	\$21,322		\$0	
	Laundry	\$17,841	\$27,349	\$22,366	\$22,8
	Legal and Accounting	\$28,827	\$20,323	\$9,353	\$9,7
	Miscellaneous and Other	(\$34,968)	(\$37,489)	(\$34,193)	(\$33,6
	Office Expense	\$113,688	\$144,096	\$140,942	\$141,3
	Operating Supplies	\$12,616	\$34,497	\$32,349	\$36,1
	Other insurance	\$393,104	\$444,836	\$441,491	\$440,7
	Other Insurance-medical	\$347,896	\$360,210	\$402,558	\$476,6
	Other Taxes	\$21,612	\$33,869	\$24,815	\$25,5
	Outside Services	\$142,212	\$162,793	\$112,347	\$28,6
	Postage	\$5,408	\$9,205	\$9,261	\$9,6
	Public Relations and Promotion	\$8,692	\$9,637	\$6,213	\$6,4
	Permits			\$10,267	\$10,2
	Rent	\$45,644	\$46,854	\$46,836	\$48,0
	Telephone			\$33,471	\$19,0
	Tires (included in repairs)	\$97,898	\$93,913	\$96,120	\$99,6
	Travel	\$3,541	\$4,885	\$2,299	\$2,3
	Truck repairs-interco	\$5,383	\$2,073	\$3,319	\$3,4
	Truck License	\$70,515	\$80,505	\$64,452	\$84,9
	Truck Repairs	\$151,312	\$183,756	\$215,435	\$214,2
	Utilities	\$43,203	\$50,490	\$12,058	\$13,5
51.	Total Other Gen/Admin Costs	\$2,684,622	\$3,075,794	\$3,237,391	\$3,448,3
52.	Total Tipping Fees	\$1,605,897	\$1,630,306	\$1,653,728	\$1,700,2
53.	Total Franchise Fee	\$785,453	\$856,965	\$894,320	\$921,6
54.	Total AB 939/Regulatory Fees	AL MARKET HORSE			
	Total Lease Pmt to Affil Co.'s				
	Total Cost	\$7,810,783	\$8,412,140	\$8,982,006	\$9,736,5

#### Base Year Revenue Offset Summary

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007

#### For Information Purposes Only

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		Section VII-Revent	ue Offsets	50000000000000000000000000000000000000		25/12/10		
Des	cription of Revenue	Overall	Franchise		Collection		- /	Non-franchise
		Total	Total	Arroyo	Pismo ·	Grover	Unincorporated	Total
	Residential Revenue							
	(without increase in Base Year)				****	\$505 COO		
57.	Single Family Residential	\$5,606,778	\$5,606,778	\$1,243,583	\$838,774	\$795,602	\$2,728,819	
	Multiunit Residential Dumpster							
8.	Number of Accounts	0	0	-				
9.	Revenues	\$0	\$0					
50.	Less Allowance for Uncollectable	\$0	\$0					
61.	Total Residential Revenue	\$5,606,778	\$5,606,778	\$1,243,583	\$838,774		\$2,728,819	\$
	Non-residential Revenue (without in Account Type	screase in Base Ye	ar)	-				
	Non-residential Can						4	
2.	Number of Accounts	QD 48	48	26	12	10		
53.	Revenues	\$14,422	\$14,422	\$7,440	\$4,766	\$2,216		
	Non-residential Wastewheeler							
54.	Number of Accounts	157	157	58	55	44		
55.	Revenues	\$146,178	\$146,178	\$38,530	\$86,026	\$21,621		
	Non-residential Dumpster							
66.	Number of Accounts	1952	1949	401	289	389	870	
57.	Revenues	\$4,282,531	\$4,240,503	\$981,687	\$847,083	\$746,356	\$1,665,377	\$42,02
58.	Less: Allowance for Uncollectible							
	Non-residential Accounts	\$0	\$0					
69.	Total Non-residential Revenue	\$4,443,131	\$4,401,103	\$1,027,658	\$937,875	\$770,193	\$1,665,377	\$42,02
74.	Interest on Investments	\$36,000						\$36,00
_								
75.	Other Income	\$0		\$0				
76.	Total Revenue Offsets	\$10,085,909	\$10,007,881	\$2,271,241	\$1,776,649	\$770,193	\$4,394,196	\$78,02

#### Operating Information

	Histo	rical		Curr	ent	Pre		
	Percent		Percent		Percent	Base Year	Percent	
2004	Change	2005	Change	2006	Change	2007	Change	2008

2004 Ch	ange	2005 C	Change	2006	Change	2007	Change	2008
A D. T. W. S. L.	Se	ction IX-O	perating	Data	ではなり			Section 18

#### Residential Accounts

77. Arroyo Grande Grover Beach Pismo Beach Oceano CSD Nipomo CSD County

Routes-Garbage Routes-Recycling 79.

Direct Labor Hours 80.

5,275	2.1%	5,385	2.5%	5,522	0.1%	5,530	0.2%	5,540
3,575	1.2%	3,617	8.8%	3,934	0.3%	3,946	0.4%	3,961
3,337	0.7%	3,360	5.2%	3,536	0.2%	3,544	0.3%	3,554
1,399	3.0%	1,441	9.6%	1,580	0.5%	1,588	1.1%	1,606
3,095	6.1%	3,285	9.2%	3,587	0.1%	3,592	0.1%	3,59
4,627	7.3%	4,964	4.0%	5,162	0.1%	5,165	0.1%	5,170
21,308	3.5%	22,052	5.8%	23,321	0.2%	23,365	0.3%	23,42
9	0.0%	9	11.1%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	10
5	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	20.0%	6	0.0%	(
43,680	0.0%	43,680	4.8%	45,760	4.5%	47,840	0.0%	47,840

#### Non-residential Garbage

#### Accounts

80. Arroyo Grande Grover Beach Pismo Beach Oceano CSD Nipomo CSD County

Routes-garbage Routes-recycling

82. Direct Labor Hours

16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,640
2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2
6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6
2,698	-0.1%	2,694	-19.8%	2,160	-0.3%	2,154	0.8%	2,172
595	-2.5%	580	-16.0%	487	0.0%	487	0.0%	487
207	5.3%	218	-8.7%	199	-1.0%	197	1.0%	199
251	1.2%	254	-29.1%	180	3.3%	186	3.2%	192
439	0.2%	440	-18.2%	360	-1.1%	356	1.1%	360
660	-0.8%	655	-31.8%	447	-0.9%	443	0.9%	447
546	0.2%	547	-11.0%	487	-0.4%	485	0.4%	487

#### Recyclable Materials - All areas-Commingled Recycling (in tons)

#### Accounts

Tri-Cities Nipomo/Oceano CSD County

	5,972	2.0%	7,113	3.2%	7,341	2.0%	7,488	0.0%	7,488
	2,523	13.9%	2,873	7.5%	3,088	2.0%	3,150	0.0%	3,150
	788	29.1%	1,017	1.0%	1,027	32.6%	1,362	0.0%	1,362
1	0.283	7.0%	11,003	4.1%	11.456	4.7%	12,000	0.0%	12,000

#### Recyclable Materials - All areas-Greenwaste Recycling

Routes Tons Collected Direct Labor Hours

4	-25.0%	3	0.0%	3	33.3%	4	0.0%	4
8,400	18.4%	9,942	8.9%	10,828	4.8%	11,350	2.0%	11,577
10,400	0.0%	10,400	0.0%	10,400	20.0%	12,480	0.0%	12,480

Garbage Tons Collected 49,079 -0.7% 48,724 -0.6% 48,417 -0.2% 48,317 0.0% 48,317



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From: 1997

To: 2007



Options:

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Data extracted on: March 12, 2007 (1:21:55 PM)

#### Consumer Price Index - All Urban Consumers

#### 12 Months Percent Change

Series Id:

CUUR0000SA0

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Area:

U.S. city average

Item:

All items

Base Period: 1982-84=100

Year	Annual
1997	2.3
1998	1.6
1999	2.2
2000	3.4
2001	2.8
2002	1.6
2003	2.3
2004	2.7
2005	3.4
2006	3.2

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Phone: (202) 691-5200 Fax-on-demand: (202) 691-6325 Do you have a **Data question**? Do you have a Technical (web) question? Do you have Other comments?

#### **Bruce Buel**

From:

Tom Martin [TomM@WasteConnections.com]

Sent:

Friday, April 06, 2007 2:36 PM

To:

Bruce Buel

Subject:

franchise fee

Attachments: NCSD franchise change scenario 4-6-07.xls

#### NCSD

RESIDENTIAL		\$ 883,967.22
COMMERCIAL		\$ 323,754.24
		\$ 1,207,721.46
INCREASE	3%	\$ 36,231.64
		\$ 1,243,953.10
FRANCHISE FEE	10%	\$ (124,395.31)
NET TO GARBAGE COMPANY		\$ 1.119.557.79

#### WHAT IF NO INCREASE-CHANGE FRANCHISE FEE

RESIDENTIAL		\$ 883,967.22
COMMERCIAL		\$ 323,754.24
		\$ 1,207,721.46
INCREASE	0%	\$
		\$ 1,207,721.46
FRANCHISE FEE	7.30%	\$ (88,163.67)
NET TO GARBAGE COMPANY	,	\$ 1,119,557.79
with a 3% increase		
NCSD would get approximately		\$ 124,395.31
lower franchise fee to 7.3%		
NCSD would get approximately		\$ (88,163.67)
foregone \$'s	3	\$ 36,231.64

## MINUTES OF THE 4/18/07 MEETING OF THE FINANCE, AUDIT AND PERSONNEL COMMITTEE

### 4. DRAFT BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2007-2008 AND RECRUITMENT BASED ON RECOMMENDATIONS FROM CLASSIFICATION STUDY (continued)

✓ A footnote will be added to Pages 32-35 regarding the potential merger of the Town Water and Black Lake Water systems and the potential for modifications to the budget based on the merger plan during the fiscal year.

✓ A footnote will be added to Pages 32-35 regarding the potential merger of the Town Water and Black Lake Water systems and the potential for modifications

to the budget based on the approved merger plan.

- ✓ Fund #150 Black Lake Sewer will need to borrow funds at some point in the fiscal year until new rates are in effect. The Committee is recommending Fund #150 initiate a loan from Fund #130 Town Sewer. This item will be presented to the Board of Directors for consideration when the time comes. The budget will be modified to reflect interest expense in Fund #150 and interest income in Fund #130.
- ✓ Fund #300 Solid Waste-Staff recommended and the Committee concurred that the budgeted Franchise Fee Revenue be reduced to \$88,000 to reflect a potential reduction in the Franchise Fee from 10% to 7.3%.

✓ Fund #820 – Funded Replacement Black Lake Water budget is projected to be lowered from \$903,000 to \$200,000 to reflect the potential merger of the two

water systems.

- ✓ Fund #830 Funded Replacement Black Lake Sewer will need to borrow funds to fund the pond liner replacement. The Committee is recommending Fund #830 initiate a loan from Fund #810 – Funded Replacement Town Sewer until the new rates are in effect. This item will be presented to the Board of Directors for consideration when the time comes. The budget will be modified to reflect interest expense in Fund #830 and interest income in Fund #810.
- ✓ Staff recommended adding \$50,000 to the Supplemental Water Project costs to hire a lobbyist.
- ✓ The Committee asked for minor cosmetic changes to the budget.

Mr. Bill Nelson of Black Lake commented throughout the discussions.

The Committee unanimously agreed on the above recommendations and asked Staff to make the changes to the draft budget.

The Committee reviewed the revisions to the Personnel Policies and Procedures Manual as Agenda Item #2. As part of the budgeting process, the Committee was asked to review the proposed organizational structure and determine which positions will be funded and at what point in the fiscal year the positions will be filled.

The following is a summary of changes and comments made by the Committee:

- ✓ The Committee recommends recruiting for a Utility Superintendent at Salary Range #47.
- ✓ The Committee recommends recruiting for an Inspector/Maintenance Supervisor at Salary Range #42.
- ✓ The Committee recommends recruiting for a part-time Secretary/Clerk to report to duty three months after the Utility Superintendent reports to work.
- ✓ The Committee recommends the postponement of hiring of one additional Utility Worker and one additional Maintenance/Customer Service Worker until July 1, 2008 (next fiscal Year).

#### NIPOMO COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT RESOLUTION NO. 2007-10XX

## A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NIPOMO COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT REDUCING THE FRANCHISE FEE PAYMENT TO SOUTH COUNTY SANITARY FROM 10% to 7.3%

WHEREAS, South County Sanitary operates its solid waste operations inside of NCSD as a Franchisee of NCSD and said operation is governed by a Franchise Agreement between NCSD and South County Sanitary; and

WHEREAS, NCSD wishes to reduce the Franchise Fee Payment set forth in said agreement from 10% to 7.3% so as to avoid a 3.0% increase in South County Santary Fees to its customers witnin NCSD; and

WHEREAS, South County Sanitary agrees that the revenue that would be generated by reducing NCSD's Franchise Fee from 10% to 7.3% is equivalent to the revenue that would be generated by a Customer Fee Increase of 3%; and

WHEREAS, the District Board considered this item at a regularly scheduled public Board Meeting.

## NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, DETERMINED AND ORDERED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NIPOMO COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. The Franchise Fee Payment set forth in the Agreement is reduced from 10% to 7.3% effective July 1, 2007; and
- South County Sanitary will not increase its fee by 3% to its customers residing within NCSD.

On the motion by Director, seconde vote, to wit:	ed by Director, and on the following roll call
AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN:	
The foregoing resolution is hereby adopted this	is 12th day of September, 2007.
	Michael Winn, President Nipomo Community Services District
ATTEST:	APPROVED AS TO FORM:
Donna K. Johnson	Jon S. Seitz
Secretary to the Board	General Counsel

#### **Bruce Buel**

From:

Tom Martin [TomM@WasteConnections.com]

Sent:

Wednesday, August 15, 2007 7:34 AM

To:

Bruce Buel

Subject:

FW: Final Report: South County Sanitary Service Rate Request

Attachments: 2007 South County Sanitary Service Final Report.pdf

let me know what date you'll take this action & i will be there tem

----Original Message----

From: Statler, Bill [mailto:bstatler@slocity.org] Sent: Tuesday, August 14, 2007 10:29 PM

**To:** bperrault@grover.org; krice@pismobeach.org; arnie@oceanocsd.org; sadams@arroyogrande.org **Cc:** gchapman@grover.org; gedes@pismobeach.org; akraetsch@arroyogrande.org; Tom Martin

Subject: Final Report: South County Sanitary Service Rate Request

Attached for your information and use is my final report on South County Sanitary Service's (SCSS) rate request (which I've reviewed in draft form with Tom Martin). As discussed in the report, I have evaluated the rate request in accordance with the financial criteria set forth in your respective franchise agreements with SCSS.

The Short Story: SCSS has complied with your franchise requirements, and based on my review of their application and financial results, I recommend that your agencies approve their rate request increase of 3.0% in Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and Oceano; and 2.9% in Pismo Beach (slightly less due to their franchise fee of 6% versus 10% in the other three agencies).

#### **Next Steps**

- 1. You will need to schedule agenda items for your governing bodies to consider the rate requests (and since I've recommended approval, hopefully adopt them!). While you will need to get the specific rate schedules from Tom for each of your communities (which includes non-residential rates), I will follow-up this email with resolutions each you can use in your agenda items.
- 2. I will be happy to make a short presentation (or a long one, if you insist!) at the Council meeting, if you would like me to. Just let me know when. If you would like a short briefing on the results (either over the phone or face-to-face), I'd be delighted to do that, too.
- 3. Lastly, I'll be touching base with the city managers/general manager via phone just to make sure you received this email, and to answer any quick questions you may have.

One final comment: as highlighted in the report, the franchise agreements in Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and Pismo Beach will be expiring in the next several months (November/December 2007; Oceano's agreement runs through 2009). So, something to think about (along with everything else on your plate!).

- Bill

# South County Sanitary Service INTEGRATED SOLID WASTE RATE REVIEW

For the Communities of

Arroyo Grande Grover Beach Oceano Pismo Beach

Prepared by William C. Statler August 2007

#### South County Sanitary Service Integrated Solid Waste Rate Review August 2007

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#### APPENDIX

Base Year Rate Request Application from South County Sanitary Service

#### South County Sanitary Service

#### INTEGRATED SOLID WASTE RATE REVIEW

#### Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach

#### REPORT PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to review the rate increases requested by South County Sanitary Service (SCSS) for the Cities of Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and Pismo Beach and the Oceano Community Services District, and to make rate recommendations to these four agencies as appropriate. SCSS provides similar services to each of these agencies under formally approved franchise agreements that regulate rates and establish procedures for considering rate increases. Because the financial information for SCSS is closely related for these four agencies, this report jointly reviews rate requests and recommendations for each of them.

#### OVERVIEW OF FINDINGS

- SCSS has fully provided the supporting documentation required for rate requests under franchise agreements in Arroyo Grande, Pismo Beach and Oceano (and recommended in Grover Beach). SCSS's complete rate adjustment application is provided in the Appendix.
- SCSS provides a broad level of high-quality service to these four agencies—including garbage, recycling and green waste collection and disposal as well as hauler-provided "waste wheeler" containers for all three services—at very competitive rates compared with many other communities. In fact, even with the proposed rate increase, rates in these four agencies will be among the lowest of those surveyed.
- SCSS has done a good job of managing costs and revenues. Given increased cost pressures in key areas such labor, insurance, fuel and fleet replacement costs, the proposed rate increases compare favorably with an increase of 4.3% for 2006 in the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County consumer price index (all urban consumers).

Rate Recommendation. It is recommended that the governing bodies of these four agencies adopt SCSS's requested "base year" rates for 2007. As supported by their rate request

documentation and the adopted rate-setting methodology, this results in a 3.0% across-the-board rate increase for the communities of Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and Oceano; and 2.9% in Pismo Beach. (The minor difference in rate adjustments is due to the 6% franchise rate in Pismo Beach compared with 10% in the other three communities).

Rate Summary for Residential Customers. Table 1 summarizes the current and proposed rates for single-family residential (SFR) customers. As reflected in this summary, the increases will be very modest. For example, for collection of a

Table 1. Single Family Residential Rates

	Contair	ner Size (Ga	allons)
	32	64	96
Proposed	OF TOP WY	DUTT NOTE.	
Arroyo Grande	\$14.71	\$19.13	\$23.55
Grover Beach	13.33	18.03	22.71
Oceano	11.93	17.16	33.57
Pismo Beach	12.63	25.26	37.89
Current			
Arroyo Grande	14.28	18.57	22.86
Grover Beach	12.94	17.50	22.05
Oceano	11.58	16.66	32.59
Pismo Beach	12.27	24.54	36.81
Increase	STATE OF		
Arroyo Grande	0.43	0.56	0.69
Grover Beach	0.39	0.53	0.66
Oceano	0.35	0.50	0.98
Pismo Beach	0.36	0.72	1.08

32-gallon garbage container (the most common SFR service level) as well as separate waste wheelers for recycling and green waste, the proposed monthly rate will increase by 38 cents on average for the four agencies.

#### BACKGROUND

In March 2007, SCSS submitted a "base year" rate request for 2007. Their rate request was prepared in accordance with the rate review process and methodology formally set forth in its franchise agreements with Arroyo Grande, Oceano and Pismo Beach (and recommended in Grover Beach's). In establishing a rate-setting process and methodology, each of these franchise agreements specifically references the City of San Luis Obispo's Rate Setting Process and Methodology Manual for Integrated Solid Waste Management Rates). This comprehensive approach to rate reviews was adopted by San Luis Obispo in 1994, and establishes detailed procedures for requesting rate increases and the required supporting documentation to do so. It also sets cost accounting standards and allowable operating profit ratios.

As noted above, the financial information for Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach is closely related. For this reason, these four agencies jointly contracted with Bill Statler (who also serves as Director of Finance & Information Technology for the City of San Luis Obispo) as an independent consultant in May 2007 to evaluate SCSS's application for a rate increase.

This is the third "base year" analysis performed under this rate-setting methodology. The first was prepared in September 2001 and the second in August 2004. As discussed below, two sets of "interim year" rate increases have been prepared and approved since then as well.

#### RATE REVIEW WORKSCOPE

This report addresses four basic questions:

- Should SCSS be granted a rate increase? And if so, how much?
- How much does it cost to provide required service levels?
- Are these costs reasonable?
- And if so, what is a reasonable level of return on these costs?

**Document Review and Analysis.** The following documents were closely reviewed in answering these questions:

- Franchise agreements and amendments for each agency.
- Audited financial statements for SCSS.
- City of San Luis Obispo's Rate Setting Process and Methodology Manual for Integrated Solid Waste Management Rates (Rate Manual).
- SCSS rate increase application and supporting documentation.
- Interviews and briefings with agency and SCSS staff.
- Rate surveys of Central Coast communities.

#### REVENUE AND RATE SETTING OBJECTIVES

In considering SCSS's rate increase request, it is important to note the revenue and rate setting objectives for solid waste services as set forth in the franchise agreements via the Rate Manual.

Revenues. These should be set at levels that:

- Are fair to customers and the hauler.
- Are justifiable and supportable.
- Ensure revenue adequacy.
- Provide for ongoing review and rate stability.
- Are clear and straightforward for the agency and hauler to administer.

Rate Structure. Almost any rate structure can meet the revenue principles outlined above, and generate the same amount of total revenue. Moreover, almost all rate structures will result in similar costs for the average customer; what different rate structures tell us is how costs will be distributed among non-average customers. The following summarizes adopted rate structure principles for solid waste services:

- Promote source reduction, maximum diversion and recycling.
- Provide equity and fairness within classes of customers (similar customers should be treated similarly).
- Be environmentally sound.
- Be easy for customers to understand.

#### FRANCHISE AGREEMENT SUMMARY

Historically, each agency has had its own approach to determining service levels and adopted differing franchise agreements accordingly. However, as summarized in the chart below, these

four agencies currently have a similar scope of services in their franchise agreements with SCSS (although this occurred at different times, and with different coverage terms).

Each agency contracts with SCSS for garbage, green waste and recycling; and SCSS provides the container (waste wheelers) for each service. The key differences are in the franchise rates, which are 10% in Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and

	Solid Waste	Greenwaste	Recycling	
Arroyo Grande		MOSA CHARLES		
Effective Date	11/97	11/98	10/99	
Term	10 Years	5 Years *	7 Years *	
Franchise Fee	10%	10%	10%	
Grover Beach	The state of some		Sexter U. Trail at 1	
Effective Date	11/97	11/97	11/97	
Term	10 Years	5 Years *	5 Years *	
Franchise Fee	10%	10%	10%	
Pismo Beach	A 12 . 12 . 1 . 1 . 1			
Effective Date	12/97	11/98	10/99	
Term	10 Years	5 Years *	7 Years *	
Franchise Fee	6%	6%	\$1,500/Month	
Oceano		THE PERSON	A TO STATE OF STREET	
Effective Date	5/99	5/99 No Separate Agree		
Term	10 Years	(Included with Solid Wast		
Franchise Fee	10%	Rate increases limited to 10%		

<sup>\*</sup> Subsequently extended to expire with solid waste agreements.

Oceano; and 6% in Pismo Beach. Additionally, while not applicable in this case, Oceano's franchise agreement limits rate increases to 10% per fiscal year.

As reflected above, all of the "solid waste" agreements continue to be in place; and amendments have been made to the agreements in Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach and Pismo Beach for green waste and recycling services for these contracts to end concurrently with the solid waste agreements. Based on these amendments, the franchise agreements in these three cities will expire this year in November (Arroyo Grande and Grover Beach) and December (Pismo Beach).

#### COST ACCOUNTING ISSUES

#### Or: Who's Paying What?

As noted above, SCSS's financial operations for Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach are closely related. Keeping costs and revenues segregated is further complicated by the fact that SCSS, as a subsidiary of Waste Connections Incorporated (which acquired the parent company in April 2002), shares ownership with the following local companies:

- San Luis Garbage Company
- Mission Country Disposal
- Morro Bay Garbage Service
- Coastal Roll-Off Service
- Cold Canyon Land Fill

Additionally, within the south county, SCSS's service area includes:

- City of Arroyo Grande
- City of Grover Beach
- City of Pismo Beach
- Oceano Community Services District
- Nipomo Community Services District
- Other unincorporated areas in the South County such as Rural Arroyo Grande and Avila Beach

#### Cost Accounting System

Between Companies. Separate "source" accounting systems are maintained for each company. Moreover, audited financial statements are prepared for each company by an independent certified public accountant; and SCSS's auditors have consistently issued a "clean opinions" on its financial operations. In short, good systems are in place to ensure that the financial results reported for SCSS do not include costs and revenues related to other companies. Additionally, virtually all of the financial operations of SCSS and its affiliated companies are regulated by elected governing bodies such as cities, special districts and the County.

Within the SCSS Service Area. Within the SCSS service area, a combination of direct and allocation methodologies are used in accounting for costs and revenues between communities. In general, revenues are directly accounted for each franchising agency, while costs are allocated using accepted accounting principles.

Cost Accounting Findings. The accounting and financial reporting system used by SCSS is reasonable and consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and practices. It treats similar costs similarly (such as collection and disposal, where there are no significant differences in service levels and unit costs between the four agencies), while recognizing community differences (such as different franchise fee rates). Because the financial operations of SCSS are closely related for all of the communities it serves, there are significant advantages to performing concurrent reviews.

Area of Possible Concern. While the service characteristics and resulting per unit costs are the same for Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach, this is unlikely to be true for the other areas in South County serviced by SCSS. Because of their lower densities, collection costs are probably higher in these areas, but these are not accounted for separately by SCSS.

On the other hand, there are three mitigating factors that reduce this concern:

■ Higher Rates. Depending on service type, rates are up to 30% higher in these areas, recognizing the higher collection costs for similar services. As an example, Table 2 shows

the percentage difference between the current rates in the Nipomo area and those in Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach. For a 32-gallon service, rates in the Nipomo are 30% higher than in Oceano and 22% higher than in Pismo Beach. In short, these rate differentials significantly mitigate "equity" and cost accounting concerns.

Table 2. Nipomo Area Rate Differentials

	Container Size (Gallons)				
	30-40	60-70	90-101		
Arroyo Grande	5%	16%	23%		
Grover Beach	16%	23%	28%		
Oceano	30%	29%	-14%		
Pismo Beach	22%	-12%	-23%		
Average	18%	14%	3%		

- Smaller Percentage of Accounts. As noted below, the four agencies covered by this report account for about two-thirds of the accounts serviced by SCSS. Accordingly, while there may be "cost per account" differences, they account for a smaller portion of SCSS operations.
- About 50% of Revenues from Non-Residential Accounts. As noted below, about half (46%) of SCSS revenues come from non-residential accounts, which have the same rate structure and similar service-versus-cost characteristics throughout the SCSS service area.

If costs for Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach are so similar, why are the residential rates so different?

The short answer is: history and different approaches to rate structure philosophies.

#### History

Until 1999, service levels under the franchise agreements with SCSS between these four agencies were significantly different. The most recent example of this is in Grover Beach, which only moved in 2001 to providing "blue" waste wheelers to its customers for recyclables instead of "orange bins," whereas this service (and cost) were included from the beginning in the recycling franchise agreements with the other agencies Further, until 1999, Oceano did not have mandatory service. In implementing this, Oceano negotiated rate *decreases* of 2% to 4% for residential customers. And as noted above, the franchise rates between agencies are also different; and this fact alone would result in different rates between communities.

#### **Rate Structure Principles**

Most significantly, each agency has adopted different rate structure principles to recover similar costs.

For example, Pismo Beach has adopted a rate structure for its residential customers that more closely reflects a "pay-as-you-throw" philosophy under which the "per gallon" costs for 32, 64 and 96 gallon containers are the same (for example, a 64-gallon container costs twice as much as a 32-gallon one.) This results in lower monthly costs for 32-gallon customers and relatively higher rates for 64 and 96-gallon customers.

On the other hand, Arroyo Grande has adopted rates that do not have as much difference between container sizes (but still offer an incentive for smaller containers over larger ones), recognizing collection economies of scale for larger versus smaller containers. In this case, 32-gallon containers in Arroyo Grande are more expensive than in Pismo Beach, but 64-gallon containers are less.

Both rate structures have their strong points: in the case of Pismo Beach, rates are more reflective of disposal costs, whereas in Arroyo Grande they are more reflective of collection costs. But the important point is that the revenue generating capability is the same even though the rates are different.

Lastly, non-residential rates (which account for almost 50% of SCSS revenues) are similar in all four agencies: it is only in *residential* rates that there are significant differences between communities.

#### FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

While detailed financial and service information is provided in SCSS rate request application (Appendix), the following summaries their actual costs, revenues and account information for 2005 (the last fiscal year for which there are audited financial statements at this time) for all areas serviced by them.

Costs By Type. Total expenses for 2005 (after deducting for non-allowable and limited costs as discussed later in this report) were \$8.4 million. As reflected in Table 3, just four cost areas accounted for 75% of their total costs:

- Direct labor and outside services for collection services
- Vehicle operations and maintenance (including insurance and depreciation)
- Tipping fees (landfill, recycling and composting costs)
- Franchise fees

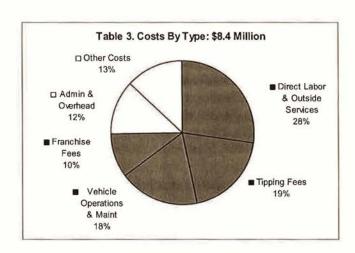
Revenues By Source. Total revenues in 2005 were \$9.2 million—about \$800,000 more than expenses. This resulted in an "operating ratio" of 88% compared with the target ratio of 92% as set forth in the Rate Manual.

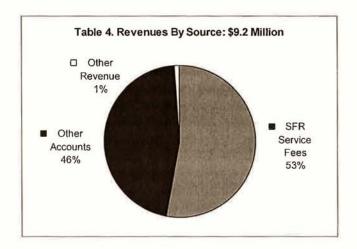
As reflected in Table 4, only about 50% of SCSS's revenues come from single-family residential accounts. Services to multi-family residential and non-residential customers account for 46% of their revenues, with a very small part (1%) from other revenues such as interest earnings.

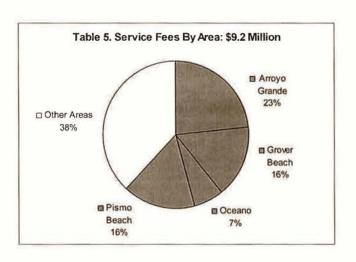
Service Fees By Area. As shown in Table 5, of the \$9.2 million in revenues from customer accounts in 2005 (99% of total revenues), about two-thirds (62%) comes from the four agencies covered in this report:

- Arroyo Grande (23%)
- Grover Beach (16%)
- Oceano (7%)
- Pismo Beach (16%)

The other areas served by SCSS (such as Nipomo and Avila Beach) account for a little over one-third (38%) of its revenues.







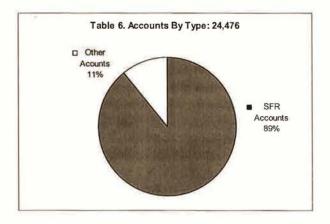
Service Accounts By Type. While single-family residences (SFR) account for only about 50% of revenues, they represent 89% of total accounts (Table 6). This reflects the fact that per

account, multi-family and non-residential customers generate more solid waste than single-family residential customers (and thus more revenue per account).

#### RATE-SETTING PROCESS

Under the *Rate Manual*, the rate-setting process follows a three-year cycle:

■ Base Year. The first year of the cycle—the Base Year—requires a comprehensive, detailed analysis of revenues, expenses and operating data.



This information is evaluated in the context of agreed upon factors in the Franchise Agreement in determining fair and reasonable rates. As noted above, the last "base year" analysis for SCSS under this approach was prepared in August 2004.

■ Interim Years. In both the second and third years, SCSS is eligible for Interim Year rate adjustments that address two key change factors: changes in the consumer price index for "controllable" operating costs; and changes in "pass-though costs" (primarily tipping fees), which SCSS does not control (they are set by the County Board of Supervisors).

These adjustment factors are "weighted" by the proportionate share that these costs represent of total costs. For example, in the current *Base Year* analysis for 2007, controllable costs account for 73% of total costs, with pass through costs (tipping and franchise fees) accounting for 27%. The rate review for the two *Interim Years* requires less information and preparation time than the *Base Year* review, while still providing fair and reasonable rate adjustments.

Rate Increase History. The following summarizes the "interim rate" increases approved by these four agencies since the last "base year" review in 2004:

Table 7. Recent Rate Increase History

	Base Review	Interim Rate Increases		
Agency	2004	2005	2006	
Arroyo Grande	5.60%	3.09%	3.76%	
Grover Beach	5.60%	3.09%	3.76%	
Oceano	5.60%	3.09%	3.76%	
Pismo Beach	5.30%	2.95%	3.60%	

As noted above, rate increases in Pismo Beach are slightly less than the other three agencies due to differences in franchise rates.

Placed in the context of the modest rate increases for the past three years, the proposed rate increase of 3.0% for three of the agencies (and 2.9% in Pismo Beach) reflects a high level of rate stability and price containment for SCSS customers.

#### ARE THE COSTS REASONABLE?

The first step in the rate review process is to determine if costs are reasonable. There are three analytical techniques that can be used in assessing this:

- Detailed review of costs and service responsibilities over time.
- Evaluation of external cost factors, such as general increases in the cost of living (as measured by the consumer price index).
- Comparisons of rates with other communities.

Each of these was considered in preparing this report, and the following summarizes the results.

#### **Detailed Cost Review**

In their rate submittal, SCSS provides detailed financial data for five years:

- Audited results for the two prior years (2004 and 2005).
- Results for the last year (2006, which have not yet been audited).
- Projected costs for the Base Year (2007).
- Estimated costs for the following year (2008).

This allows for a detailed analysis of changes in key cost components such as labor, repairs, fuel, insurance and tipping fees. In this case, while there are deviations in various categories (for which SCSS has provided supplemental documentation), their submittal shows that overall they have done a good job of containing costs.

The following highlights significant cost areas.

Direct Labor. Including contracted labor costs (classified as "outside services"), direct staffing costs for collection accounts for 30% of total costs. These increased by 10% in 2006 and are projected to increase by 11% in 2007. While some of this cost increased is due to customer growth, most of it is attributable to increases in compensation. SCSS believes that these increases are necessary to retain and attract qualified workers in continuing to provide a high level of service. Given cost pressures in the regional labor market – and the modest rate increases requested by SCSS in supporting these increased costs – this appears reasonable.

*Medical Insurance*. Accounting for 5% of total costs, this increased by 12% in 2006 and is projected to increase by another 18% in 2007. This reasonably reflects current trends in health insurance costs.

Gas and Oil. This key element of fleet operations accounts for 6% of total costs. While this cost increased sharply in 2006, rising by 49%, it is projected to level-out in 2007.

Depreciation on Trucks and Containers. Accounting for 11% of total costs, depreciation declined slightly in 2006. However, the replacement of thirteen trucks in 2006 and 2007 – at an

average cost of \$250,000 each - results in an increase of \$221,000 (26%) in projected depreciation costs in 2007.

Additional Account Break-Outs in 2006 and 2007. In several cases, costs have been broken-out further in 2006 and 2007 compared with prior years. For example, the County's solid waste permit is broken-out separately under "permits" in 2006 and 2007 from truck licenses in 2004 and 2005; and telephone costs are broken-out separately from other utilities. In each of these cases, there are no significant cost changes when comparing "apples and apples" between years.

Amortization of Air Pollution Control District (APCD) Grant. The credit cost shown under "other costs" (\$33,621) reflects the amortization of a \$220,000 grant from the APCD for the purchase of a compressed natural gas truck.

Overall, costs are estimated to increase by 6.8% in 2006 and 8.4% in 2007. Given increased cost pressures in key areas such labor, insurance, fuel and fleet replacement costs, these cost increases appear reasonable.

#### **Trends in External Cost Drivers**

The most common external "benchmark" for evaluating cost trends is the consumer price index (CPI). As noted above, the CPI for all urban consumers in the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County region increased by 4.3% in 2006. While SCSS sees several key areas where costs will increase by more than this for 2007, the proposed rate increase of 3.0% for three of the agencies (and 2.9% in Pismo Beach) compares favorably with this CPI benchmark.

#### **Rates in Comparable Communities**

Lastly, reasonableness of rates (and underlying costs) can also be evaluated by comparing rates with comparable communities. However, survey results between "comparable" communities need to be carefully weighed, because every community is different. For example, even in the South County where service levels and costs are very similar, there are rate differences. In short, making true "apples-to-apples" comparisons is easier said than done.

Nonetheless, surveys are useful assessment tools—but they are not perfect and they should not drive rate increases. Typical reasons why solid waste rates may be different include:

- Franchise fees and AB 939 fee surcharges.
- Landfill costs (tipping fees).
- Service levels (frequency, quality).
- Labor market.
- Operator efficiency and effectiveness.
- Voluntary versus mandatory service.
- Direct services provided to the franchising agency at no cost, such as free trash container pick-up at city facilities, on streets and in parks.

- Percentage of non-residential customers, and how costs and rates are allocated between customer types.
- Revenue collection procedures: Does the hauler or the city bill for service? And what are the procedures for collecting delinquent accounts?
- Services included in the base fee (recycling, green waste, containers, pick-up away from curb).
- Different rates structures.
- Land use and density (lower densities will typically result in higher service costs).

With these caveats, the following summarizes single-family residential rates for other cities in the Central Coast area, and compares them with the proposed rates for SCSS. As reflected below, even with the proposed rate increases, Arroyo Grande, Grover Beach, Oceano and Pismo Beach will have the lowest rates among the agencies surveyed.

Table 8. Single-Family Residential Rate Survey: August 2007

	Contair	ner Size (Gallo	ons)
	30-40	60-70	90-101
Atascadero	\$18.65	\$33.00	\$42.70
Paso Robles	25.35	33.25	36.70
San Luis Obispo	11.36	22.72	34.08
San Miguel (Rates for 1 container and 2-4 containers)	25.20	n/a	39.70
Santa Margarita	27.30	39.90	52.50
Santa Maria	22.21	25.40	28.54
Templeton	22.26	34.67	43.96
Proposed: South County Sanitation Service Area		CHAIN TO SE	
Arroyo Grande	14.71	19.13	23.55
Grover Beach	13.33	18.03	22.71
Oceano	11.93	17.16	33.57
Pismo Beach	12.63	25.26	37.89

Summary: Are the Costs Reasonable? Based on the results of the three separate cost-review techniques—trend review, external factor review and rate comparisons—SCSS's costs are reasonable.

#### WHAT IS A REASONABLE RETURN ON THESE COSTS?

After assessing if costs are reasonable, the next step is to determine a reasonable rate of return on these costs. The rate-setting method formally adopted by Arroyo Grande, Oceano and Pismo Beach in their franchise agreements with SCSS includes clear criteria for making this assessment. It begins by organizing costs into three main categories, which will be treated differently in determining a reasonable "operating profit ratio:"

#### Integrated Solid Waste Rate Review

#### Allowable Costs (Operations and Maintenance)

- Direct collection labor
- Vehicle maintenance and repairs
- Insurance

- Fuel
- Depreciation
- Billing and collection

#### Excluded and Limited Costs

- Charitable and political contributions
- Entertainment
- Income taxes

- Non-IRS approved profit-sharing plans
- Fines and penalties
- Limits on officer compensation

#### Pass-Through Costs

- Tipping fees
- Franchise and "AB 939" fees (recycling, source reduction, household hazardous waste programs)
- Payments to affiliated companies (such as leases, trucking charges and AB 939 fees)

#### Methodology

After organizing costs into these three categories, determining "operating profit ratios" and overall revenue requirements is straightforward:

- The target is a 92% operating profit ratio on "allowable costs."
- Pass-through costs may be fully recovered through rates, but no profit is allowed on these costs.
- No revenues are allowed for any excluded costs.

In the case of SCSS, about 73% of their costs are "allowable costs" subject to the 92% operating profit ratio (or 8% of total allowable "rate base" revenues); and 27% are pass-through costs upon which no profit is allowed. No recovery is allowed for excluded costs.

#### Preparing the Rate Request Application

Detailed "spreadsheet" templates for preparing the rate request application-including assembling the required information and making the needed calculations—are provided in the Rate Manual. SCSS has prepared their rate increase application in accordance with these requirements (Appendix); and the financial information provided in the application ties to their audited financial statements.

#### **Implementation**

The following summarizes key implementation concepts in the adopted rate-setting model:

- The "92% operating profit ratio" is a target; in the interest of rate stability, adjustments are only made if the calculated operating profit ratio falls outside of 90% to 94%. In the case of this *Base Year* application, it clearly does.
- There is no provision for retroactivity: requested rate increases are "prospective" for the year to come; there is no provision for looking back. This means that any passed shortfalls from the target operating profit cannot be recaptured.
- On the other hand, if past ratios have been stronger than this target (as they were in 2005 and 2006), then the revenue base is re-set in the "base year" review.
- Operating Operating **Profit** Ratio 2004 \$493,137 91.7% 2005 824,621 87.8% 2006 804,995 88.9% 2007 (Proposed) 618,663 92.0%

Table 9. Operating Ratios

- As discussed above, detailed "base year" reviews are prepared every three years; "interim reviews" to account for
  - years; "interim reviews" to account for focused changes in the consumer price and tipping fees are prepared in the two "in-between" years.
- Special rate increases for extraordinary circumstances *may* be considered. This has never occurred in any of the agencies that use this rate-setting methodology.

#### COORDINATION WITH OTHER AGENCIES

SCSS has submitted similar rate requests to the two other agencies that regulate rates and services in the other South County areas that they serve: the County of San Luis Obispo and the Nipomo Community Services District. The requested rate increase to the County was approved on July 24, 2007.

#### SUMMARY

Based on the rate-setting policies and procedures formally adopted by Arroyo Grande, Oceano and Pismo Beach in their franchise agreements (and conceptually approved by Grover Beach), this report concludes that:

- SCSS's costs are reasonable.
- And their proposed rate increases meet the "reasonable return" criteria set forth in its franchise agreements with these four agencies.

Accordingly, this report recommends adoption of the rate increases requested by SCSS.

#### ATTACHMENT

Appendix: Base Year Rate Request Application from South County Sanitary Service

# Appendix BASE YEAR RATE REQUEST APPLICATION

#### Base Year Application Summary

- 1a. Arroyo Grande
- 1b. Grover Beach
- 1c. Oceano
- 1d. Pismo Beach

#### Supporting Schedules

- 2. Financial Information: Cost and Revenue Requirements Summary
- 3. Revenue Offset Summary
- 4. Cost Summary for Base Year
- 5. Base Year Revenue Offset Summary
- 6. Operating Information

South County Sanitary Service

## 2007 Base Year Rate Adjustment Application

s	u	m	m	a	ry

#### CITY OF ARROYO GRANDE

Rate Schedule

rease Requestes nicrea

1. Rate Increase Requested

3.0%

	Current	Increased	Adjustment	New	Cost Per
Rate Schedule	Rate	Rate	(a)	Rate	Gallon

#### Single Family Residential

- 2. Economy Service (1 can curb)
- 4. Standard Service (2- can curb)
- 5. Premium Service (3 can curb)

\$14.28	\$14.71	\$14.71
\$18.57	\$19.13	\$19.13
\$22.86	\$23.55	\$23.55

(a) Calculated rates are rounded up to the nearest \$0.01.

6. Multiunit Residential and Non-residential

Rate increases of

3.0%

\$0.46

\$0.30

\$0.25

will be applied to all rates in each structure with each rate rounded to the nearest \$0.01

Certification

To the best of my knowledge, the data and information in this application is complete, accurate, and consistent with the instructions provided by the Rate Setting Manual.

Name:

Tom Martin

Title:

Controller

Signature:

Date:

03/20/07

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007

Pg. 1 of 6

	nmary CITY	Y OF GROVER BEA	СН			
		Requested Increase				
1.	Rate Increase Requested				3.0%	
		Rate Schedule				
	4	Current	Increased	Adjustment	New	Cost Per
	Rate Schedule	Rate	Rate	(a)	Rate	Gallon
	Single Family Residential					
2.	Economy Service (1 - can curb)	\$12.94	\$13.33		\$13.33	\$0.4
1.	Standard Service (2- can curb)	\$17.50	\$18.03		\$18.03	\$0.2
5.	Premium Service (3 - can curb)	\$22.05	\$22.71		\$22.71	\$0.2
W		lan vanidantial				
5.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39		rates in each structure		
5.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39	will be applied to all	rates in each structure ed to the nearest \$0.0	e	
5.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39	will be applied to all		e	
5.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39	will be applied to all		e	
6.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39	will be applied to all		e	
5.	Multiunit Residential and N	-39	will be applied to all		e	
5.		Certification	will be applied to all	ed to the nearest \$0.0	e 1	
6.	To the best of my knowledge, the data and infor-	Certification	will be applied to all	ed to the nearest \$0.0	e 1	
5.		Certification	will be applied to all	ed to the nearest \$0.0	e 1	
5.	To the best of my knowledge, the data and inforprovided by the Rate Setting Manual.	Certification  mation in this application is comp	will be applied to all with each rate round	ed to the nearest \$0.0	e 1	
5.	To the best of my knowledge, the data and infor-	Certification  mation in this application is comp	will be applied to all	ed to the nearest \$0.0	e 1	

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007 Pg. 1 of 6

Rafe Schedule

	Summar	y
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_

#### OCEANO COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT

1. Rate Increase Requested

3.0%

	Current	Increased	Adjustment	New
Rate Schedule	Rate	Rate	(a)	Rate

#### Single Family Residential

- 2. Economy Service (1 can curb)
- 4. Standard Service (2- can curb)
- 5. Premium Service (3 can curb)

\$11.58	\$11.93	\$11.93
\$16.66	\$17.16	\$17.16
\$32.59	\$33.57	\$33.57

(a) Calculated rates are rounded up to the nearest \$0.01.

6. Multiunit Residential and Non-residential

Rate increases of

3.0%

will be applied to all rates in each structure with each rate rounded to the nearest \$0.01

#### Gerdineation

To the best of my knowledge, the data and information in this application is complete, accurate, and consistent with the instructions provided by the Rate Setting Manual.

Name:

Tom Martin

Title:

Controller

Signature:

Date:

03/20/07

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007

Pg. 1 of 6

Sur	nmary CITY OF	F PISMO BEACH	1			
	1400	nedinidese.	4			
1.	Rate Increase Requested				2.9%	
		one spanoriiles — a		in the second		
	Rate Schedule	Current Rate	Increased Rate	Adjustment (a)	New Rate	Cost Per Gallon
	Trace Deficedure	Rate	reco	(-/	Nate	Ganon
		Rato	Auto		Auto	Ganon
2.	Single Family Residential Economy Service (1 - can curb)	\$12.27	\$12.63			
2. 4.	Single Family Residential			\$0.01	\$12.63 \$25.26	\$0.39 \$0.39
36	Single Family Residential Economy Service (1 - can curb)	\$12.27	\$12.63		\$12.63	\$0.3

#### Certification

To the best of my knowledge, the data and information in this application is complete, accurate, and consistent with the instructions provided by the Rate Setting Manual.

Name:

Tom Martin

Title:

Controller

Signature:

Date:

03/20/07

Fiscal Year: 1-1-2007 to 12-31-2007

Pg. 1 of 6

## BASE YEAR RATE ADJUSTMENT APPLICATION

		Historical		Current	Projected	
inand	cial Information	2004	2005	2006	Base Year 2007	2008
					(from Pg. 4)	
_		Section (Allo	owable Costs			
6.	Direct Labor	\$2,018,523	\$2,134,383	\$2,413,062	\$2,784,237	\$2,812,079
7.	Corporate Overhead	\$248,537	\$255,993	\$264,185	\$274,224	\$276,96
8.	Office Salaries	\$467,751	\$458,699	\$519,320	\$607,859	\$613,93
9.	Other General and Admin Costs	\$2,684,622	\$3,075,794	\$3,237,391	\$3,448,306	\$3,520,720
10	Total Allowable Costs	\$5,419,433	\$5,924,869	\$6,433,958	\$7,114,625	\$7,223,70
			ible Operating Profit		<b>经验证券的</b>	
		Section II-Allow	ible Operating Prout		CHARLEST CONTRACTOR	•
11.	Operating Ratio	. 91.7%	87.8%	88.9%	92.0%	92.0
12.	Allowable Operating Profit	\$493,137	\$824,621	\$804,995	\$618,663	\$628,14
13.	Tipping Fees	\$1,605,897	\$1,630,306	\$1,653,728	\$1,700,276	\$1,717,27
	ACCOMPANIES AND A	Parameter Communication	s Through Costs	Delate and Related	SECULAR PROPERTY AND SECULAR SECURAR SECULAR SECURAR SECULAR SECURAR SECULAR S	
13. 14.	Tipping Fees Franchise Fees	\$1,605,897 \$785,453	\$1,630,306	\$1,653,728	\$1,700,276	\$1,717,279
15.	AB939 Fees	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
16.	Lease Pints to Affiliated Companie	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$(
17.	Total Pass Through Costs	\$2,391,350	\$2,487,271	\$2,548,048	\$2,621,876	\$2,657,31
						42,037,51
-						<i>\$2,627,51</i>
18.	Revenue Requirement	\$8,303,920	\$9,236,761	\$9,787,001	\$10,355,164	
18.	Total Revenue Offsets	\$8,303,920 \$8,303,920	\$9,236,761 \$9,236,761	\$9,787,001	\$10,355,164 \$10,085,909	\$10,509,16
		\$8,303,920				\$10,509,16
	Total Revenue Offsets	\$8,303,920	\$9,236,761			\$10,509,16
19.	Total Revenue Offsets (from Page 3)  Net Shortfall (Surplus)	\$8,303,920 Section V. Net	\$9,236,761 Shortfall (Surplus)		\$10,085,909	\$10,509,16
19.	Total Revenue Offsets (from Page 3)  Net Shortfall (Surplus)  Total Residential and Non-residential	\$8,303,920 Section V. Net	\$9,236,761 Shortfall (Surplus)		\$10,085,909 \$269,255	\$10,509,16 \$10,243,19
20.	Total Revenue Offsets (from Page 3)  Net Shortfall (Surplus)  Total Residential and Non-residential in Base Year (pg.5, line 76)	\$8,303,920 Section V. Net	\$9,236,761 Short(all (Surplus)		\$10,085,909 \$269,255 \$10,007,881	\$10,509,16 \$10,243,19 \$10,007,88
19.	Total Revenue Offsets (from Page 3)  Net Shortfall (Surplus)  Total Residential and Non-residential	\$8,303,920 Section V. Net	\$9,236,761 Short(all (Surplus)		\$10,085,909 \$269,255	\$10,509,16

#### Revenue Offset Summary

	WAS STREET, ST	Section VII	Revenue Offsets		Acres de La Consti	
		Н	istorical	Current	Pr	ojected
		2004	2005	2006	Base Year 2007	2008
	Residential Revenue (without increase in Base	Yr.)		4	*	
8.	Single Family Residential	\$4,399,979	\$4,901,651	\$5,606,779	\$5,606,778	\$5,718,914
	Multiunit Residential Dumpster			)		
29.	Number of Accounts	G				
0.	Revenues					
1.	Less Allowance for Uncollectible Resid Account	nts			\$0	
32.	Total Residential Revenue	\$4,399,979	\$4,901,651	\$5,606,779	\$5,606,778	\$5,718,914
	Account Type Non-residential Can				. 1	
					40 11	F
	Number of Accounts Revenues				\$14,422	
	Revenues				\$14,422	
	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler				\$14,422	
34.	Revenues				\$14,422 157	\$14,566 16
34. 35.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler				\$14,422	\$14,566 16
34. 35.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Number of Accounts				\$14,422 157	\$14,566 16
34. 35. 36.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Number of Accounts  Revenues				\$14,422 157 \$146,178	\$14,566 \$147,640 \$147,640
33. 334. 335. 336.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler  Number of Accounts  Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster	\$3,903,941	\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$14,422 157 \$146,178	\$14,566 16 \$147,640
34. 35. 36.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts	\$3,903,941	\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$14,422 157 \$146,178	\$14,566 16 \$147,640
34. 35. 36. 37. 38.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues	\$3,903,941	\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596 \$4,140,596	\$14,422 157 \$146,178 1952 \$4,282,531	\$14,566 \$147,646 \$147,646 \$4,325,356
34. 35. 36. 37. 38.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid				\$14,422 157 \$146,178 1952 \$4,282,531	\$14,566 \$147,646 \$147,646 1977 \$4,325,356 \$6 \$4,487,566
34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 40.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid  Total Non-residential Revenue		\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$14,422 157 \$146,178 1952 \$4,282,531 \$0 \$4,443,131	\$14,566 \$147,646 \$147,646 \$14,325,356 \$4,325,356 \$4,487,566
34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40.	Revenues  Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-resid  Total Non-residential Revenue		\$4,303,704	\$4,140,596	\$14,422 157 \$146,178 1952 \$4,282,531 \$0 \$4,443,131 \$36,000	\$14,566 \$147,646 \$147,646 1977 \$4,325,356

#### Cost Summary for Base Year

_	aviation of Cost				BASE YEAR
es	cription of Cost	2004	2005	2006	2007
	Labor	\$1,857,876	\$1,966,245	\$2,223,339	\$2,565,07
	Payroll Taxes	\$160,647	\$168,138	\$189,723	\$219,16
8.	Total Direct Labor	\$2,018,523	\$2,134,383	\$2,413,062	\$2,784,23
•			\$266,829	\$283,551	\$295,64
9.	Corporate Overhead  Less limitation (enter as negative)	- \$338,998 (\$90,461)	(\$10,836)	(\$19,366)	(\$21,42
	Total Corporate Overhead	\$248,537	\$255,993	\$264,185	\$274,22
	Total Corporate Overnead	\$240,337	\$455,995	\$204,165	\$214,22
	Office Salary	\$438,045	\$428,578	\$485,070	\$569,49
	Payroll Taxes	\$29,706	\$30,121	\$34,250	\$38,36
0.	Total Office Salaries	\$467,751	\$458,699	\$519,320	\$607,85
	Allocated expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Bad Debt	\$16,188	\$45,329	\$68,988	\$42,00
	Bond expense	\$27,854	\$47,511	\$39,653	\$42,03
	Computer services	\$2,183	\$19		-
	Depreciation on Bldg and Equip	4700 644	0000 700	4040.020	A1 071 71
	Depreciation on Trucks/Containers	\$792,644	\$890,729	\$849,938	\$1,071,71
	Dues and Subscriptions	\$7,965	\$9,314	\$11,857	\$12,30
	Gas and oil	\$342,042	\$411,090	\$615,196	\$620,5
	Interest Expense	\$21,322	627.240	\$0	\$22.00
	Laundry	\$17,841	\$27,349 \$20,323	\$22,366 \$9,353	\$22,80
	Legal and Accounting Miscellaneous and Other	\$28,827 (\$34,968)	(\$37,489)	(\$34,193)	\$9,79 (\$33,6)
	Office Expense	\$113,688	\$144,096	\$140,942	\$141,3
	Operating Supplies	\$12,616	\$34,497	\$32,349	\$36,1
	Other insurance	\$393,104	\$444,836	\$441,491	\$440,7
	Other Insurance-medical	\$347,896	\$360,210	\$402,558	\$476,6
	Other Taxes	\$21,612	\$33,869	\$24,815	\$25,5
	Outside Services	\$142,212	\$162,793	\$112,347	\$28,6
	Postage	\$5,408	\$9,205	\$9,261	\$9,6
	Public Relations and Promotion	\$8,692	\$9,637	\$6,213	\$6,4
	Permits	40,072	45,057	\$10,267	\$10,2
	Rent	\$45,644	\$46,854	\$46,836	\$48,0
	Telephone			\$33,471	\$19,0
	Tires (included in repairs)	\$97,898	\$93,913	\$96,120	\$99,6
	Travel	\$3,541	\$4,885	\$2,299	\$2,3
	Truck repairs-interco	\$5,383	\$2,073	\$3,319	\$3,4
	Truck License	\$70,515	\$80,505	\$64,452	\$84,94
	Truck Repairs	\$151,312	\$183,756	\$215,435	\$214,2
	Utilities	\$43,203	\$50,490	\$12,058	\$13,50
1.	Total Other Gen/Admin Costs	\$2,684,622	\$3,075,794	\$3,237,391	\$3,448,30
2.	Total Tipping Fees	\$1,605,897	\$1,630,306	\$1,653,728	\$1,700,27
3.	Total Franchise Fee	\$785,453	\$856,965	\$894,320	\$921,60
4.	Total AB 939/Regulatory Fees				
5.	Total Lease Pmt to Affil Co.'s				
6.		\$7,810,783	\$8,412,140	\$8,982,006	\$9.786.56

#### Base Year Revenue Offset Summary

#### For Information Purposes Only

Des	Technology (Manager)	Total Control of the	neOffice ( no )		PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	2.0	A CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE P	
	cription of Revenue	Overall	Franchise	Refuse	Collection			Non-franchise
		Total	Total	Arroyo	Pismo	Grover	Unincorporated	Total
	Residential Revenue							
	(without increase in Base Year)							
7.	Single Family Residential	#45.55,606,778i	\$5,606,778	\$1,243,583	\$838,774	\$795,602	\$2,728,819	
	Multiunit Residential Dumpster							
8.	Number of Accounts	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0					
9.	Revenues	10 May 10	\$0					
0.	Less Allowance for Uncollectable	50 000 50	\$0					
1.	Total Residential Revenue	\$5,606,778	\$5,606,778	\$1,243,583	\$838,774		\$2,728,819	\$
	Account Type							
	The Property of the Control of the C							
•	Non-residential Can	Design and State 200	401	2/	12	10		
2. 3.	Number of Accounts Revenues	14/422	\$14,422	26 \$7,440	\$4,766	\$2,216		
	Kevenues	<b>《四种》的《中华》中华的《中华》</b>	\$14,422	\$7,410	Ψ4,700	42,210		
J.				The state of the s				
J.	Non-residential Wastewheeler							
	Non-residential Wastewheeler Number of Accounts	167	157	58	55	44		
4.		#2/\$332/157 htts://sia62178	157 \$146,178	58 \$38,530	55 \$86,026	\$21,621		
4.	Number of Accounts	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH						
64. 65.	Number of Accounts Revenues	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH					870	
4. 5.	Number of Accounts Revenues Non-residential Dumpster	18146.078	\$146,178	\$38,530	\$86,026	\$21,621		\$42,02
64. 65. 66.	Number of Accounts Revenues Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts	151461078 1952 27 54282511	\$146,178	\$38,530	\$86,026	\$21,621 389	870	\$42,02
64. 65. 66.	Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues	151461078 1952 27 54282511	\$146,178	\$38,530	\$86,026	\$21,621 389	870	\$42,02
64. 65. 66. 67.	Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible	15146(178 1952 27 (54282)511	\$146,178 1949 \$4,240,503	\$38,530	\$86,026	\$21,621 389	870	
664. 666. 677.	Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Accounts  Total Non-residential Revenue	\$\$146;178 \$41282;531 \$41282;531 \$41282;531	\$146,178 1949 \$4,240,503	\$38,530 401 \$981,687	\$86,026 289 \$847,083	\$21,621 389 \$746,356	\$1,665,377	\$42,02 \$42,02
66. 77.	Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Accounts	\$146(178 (1952 (54)282(51)	\$146,178 1949 \$4,240,503	\$38,530 401 \$981,687	\$86,026 289 \$847,083	\$21,621 389 \$746,356	\$1,665,377	
4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Number of Accounts Revenues  Non-residential Dumpster Number of Accounts Revenues  Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Non-residential Accounts  Total Non-residential Revenue	\$\$146;178 \$41282;531 \$41282;531 \$41282;531	\$146,178 1949 \$4,240,503	\$38,530 401 \$981,687	\$86,026 289 \$847,083	\$21,621 389 \$746,356	\$1,665,377	\$42,02

South County Senitery Service

## Base Year Rate Adjustment Application

#### Operating Information

Historical				Curr	ent	Projected		
2004	Percent Change	2005	Percent Change	2006	Percent Change	Base Year 2007	Percent Change	2008

			Percent		Percent		Percent	Base Year	Percent	
		2004	Change	2005	Change	2006	Change	2007	Change	2008
	400000	2018/11/2015		4900000		ASTERIOR			WANTED THE	Carrier Sta
				section 1X	Operating	Data		SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE	SANCE SEEDER	<b>国际党员</b>
	Residential									
	Accounts									-
7.	Arroyo Grande	5,275	2.1%	5,385	2.5%	5,522	0.1%	5,530	- 0.2%	5,540
	Grover Beach	3,575	1.2%	3,617	8.8%	3,934	0.3%	3,946	0.4%	3,961
	Pismo Beach	3,337	0.7%	3,360	5.2%	3,536	0.2%	3,544	0.3%	3,554
	Oceano CSD	1,399	3.0%	1,441	9.6%	1,580	0.5%	1,588	1.1%	1,600
	Nipomo CSD	3,095	6.1%	3,285	9.2%	3,587	0.1%	3,592	0.1%	3,59
	County	4,627	7.3%	4,964	4.0%	5,162	0.1%	5,165	0.1%	5,170
		21,308	3.5%	22,052	5.8%	23,321	0.2%	23,365	0.3%	23,428
3.	Routes-Garbage	9	0.0%	9	11.1%	10	0.0%	10	0.0%	10
9.	Routes-Recycling	5	0.0%	5	0.0%	5	20.0%	6	0.0%	
).	Direct Labor Hours	43,680	0.0%	43,680	4.8%	45,760	4.5%	47,840	0.0%	47,840
	Accounts									
0.	Arroyo Grande	546	0.2%	547	-11.0%	487	-0.4%	485	0.4%	48
	Grover Beach	660	-0.8%	655	-31.8%	447	-0.9%	443	0.9%	44
	Pismo Beach	439	0.2%	440	-18.2%	360	-1.1%	356	1.1%	36
	Oceano CSD	251	1.2%	254	-29.1%	180	3.3%	186	3.2%	19
	Nipomo CSD	207	5.3%	218	-8.7%	199	-1.0%	197	1.0%	19
	County	595	-2.5%	580	-16.0%	487	0.0%	487	0.0%	48
		2,698	-0.1%	2,694	-19.8%	2,160	0.3%	2,154	0.8%	2,17
	Routes-garbage	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	6	0.0%	
	Routes-recycling	. 2	0.0%	-2	0.0%	2	0.0%	2	0.0%	
	Direct Labor Hours	16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,640	0.0%	16,64
	Recyclable Materials - A Accounts	ll areas-Co								
3.	Tri-Cities	6,972	2.0%	7,113	3.2%	7,341	2.0%	7,488	0.0%	7,48
	Nipomo/Oceano CSD	2,523	13.9%	2,873	7.5%	3,088	2.0%	3,150	0.0%	3,15
١.	County	788	29.1%	1,017	1.0%	1,027	32.6%	1,362	0.0%	1,36
•			7 000	11 000	V 4 404	11,456	1 700	10 000	0.000	
•		10,283	7.0%	11,003	4.1%	11,430	4.7%	12,000	0.0%	12,00
•	Recyclable Materials - A			7	4.1%	11,430	4.7%	12,000	0.0%	12,00
	Recyclable Materials - A			7	0.0%	3	33.3%	12,000	0.0%	
••	Routes Tons Collected	ll areas-Gr	eenwaste R	ecycling						12,00
(*)	Routes	ll areas-Gr	eenwaste R	ecycling	0.0%	3	33.3%	4	0.0%	