

# APPENDIX B

# CALCULATIONS

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY:   EKS        DATE: 11/17/2008    SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF    JOB NO. 19996.17  
 CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_    DATE: \_\_\_\_\_      EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

BOD Removal in Ponds	
$\frac{C_n}{C_o} = \frac{1}{1+(k/nt)^n}$ <p style="font-size: small; margin-left: 20px;">First order for <math>n</math> equally sized lagoons in series (ref. M&amp;E p 843)</p>	
$C = \frac{C_o}{1+(kV/Q)}$ <p style="font-size: small; margin-left: 20px;">First order for each lagoon with unique volume and/ or removal rate (ref. M&amp;E p 843)</p>	
Effluent BOD <sub>5</sub> Goal	
C =	80 mg/L* (conserv. assumption of 80% of eff. Limitation)
Inffluent BOD <sub>5</sub>	
C <sub>o</sub> =	360 mg/ L (Sept06 - Aug08 90th percentile BOD <sub>5</sub> )
Estimated Inf. BOD <sub>u</sub> =	529.2 mg/ L (inf. BOD <sub>5</sub> x 1.47)
k <sub>T</sub> = k <sub>20</sub> (1.036) <sup>T-20</sup>	
k <sub>20</sub> =	0.276 d <sup>-1</sup> (first-order rate constant at 20°C)
T <sub>L</sub> =	49.4 °F (Approximate ground temp., Dec)
=	9.7 °C                      =                      282.8 °K
T <sub>H</sub> =	71.5 °F (Approximate ground temp., July)
=	21.9 °C                      =                      295.1 °K
k <sub>L</sub> =	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>
k <sub>H</sub> =	0.30 d <sup>-1</sup>
Flows (current 2008)	
Jan-08	0.638 mgd                      = Q <sub>H</sub> (Conservative flow)
Mar-08	0.57 mgd                        = Q <sub>L</sub>
Permitted MMF	0.900 mgd                      = Q <sub>MMF</sub>
Volumes	
Primary	= 295,700 ft <sup>3</sup>
	= 2,211,984 gallons
*Fraction of Secondary Ponds for clarification:	0
Secondary	= 417,300 ft <sup>3</sup> (total volume available for aeration)
	= 3,121,613 gallons

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Aeration requirement (oxygen demand)	
$O_2$ demand (lb/ day) = $C_o \times 1.5 \times Q_{Ave} \times 8.34e-6$	Note: 1mg/L = 8.34e-6 lb/gal;
Calculated oxygen demands	
Cu =	540 mg/ L (1.5 x Co)
Q <sub>L</sub> =	570,000 gpd
Q <sub>H</sub> =	638,000 gpd
Q <sub>MMF</sub> =	900,000 gpd
Oxygen demand for low flow rate:	<b>2,567.1 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>
Oxygen demand for high flow rate:	<b>2,873.3 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>
Oxygen demand for permit MMFflow rate:	<b>4,053.2 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

## Current System Aeration Capacity

Calculate actual oxygen transfer rate for low-speed surface aerators

$$N = N_o \times \frac{B C_W - C_i}{C_{S_{20}}} \times 1.024^{T-20} \times a$$

$N_o =$  2.5 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ HP.hr (O<sub>2</sub> transferred under std. cond. for low-speed surface)

$B =$  1 (salinity-surface tension factor, typically 1)

$C_{W_L} =$  11.0 mg/ L (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 9.7C and 300 ft, M&E)

$C_{W_H} =$  8.5 mg/ L (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 21.9C and 300 ft, M&E)

$C_i =$  2.0 mg/ L (operating oxygen concentration)

$C_{S_{20}} =$  9.08 mg/ L (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 20C)

$T_L =$  49.4 °F (Approximate ground temp., Dec)

$=$  9.7 °C

$T_H =$  71.5 °F (Approximate ground temp., July)

$=$  21.9 °C

$a =$  0.82 oxygen transfer correction factor for municipal wastewater

$N_L =$  1.95 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ HP.hr (low temp)

$N_H =$  2.01 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ HP.hr (high temp)

Available HP = 110 HP (for surface aerators)

AOTR<sub>L</sub> = 5140.8 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day (low temp)

AOTR<sub>H</sub> = 5295.8 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day (high temp)

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

Four Ponds in Series - Winter Season (Low temp & low flow condition)			
Pond #1	$V_1 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	570,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	3.88 days	
	$C_o =$	360 mg/L	
	$C_1 =$	206.5 mg/ L	
Pond #2	$V_2 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	570,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	3.88 days	
	$C_1 =$	206.5 mg/ L	
	$C_2 =$	118.5 mg/ L	
Pond #3	$V_3 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	570,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	5.48 days	
	$C_2 =$	118.5 mg/ L	
	$C_3 =$	57.8 mg/ L	
Pond #4	$V_4 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	570,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	5.48 days	
	$C_3 =$	57.8 mg/ L	
	$C_4 =$	<b>28.2 mg/ L</b>	
			total retention time = <b>18.71</b>
	% reduction =	<b>92%</b>	

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

## Four Ponds in Series - Summer Season (High temp & high flow condition)

Pond #1  
 $V_1 = 2,211,984$  gallons  
 $Q = 638,000$  gpd  
 $k_H = 0.30$  d<sup>-1</sup>  
 $t = 3.47$  days  
 $C_o = 360$  mg/L  
 $C_1 = 177.8$  mg/ L

Pond #2  
 $V_2 = 2,211,984$  gallons  
 $Q = 638,000$  gpd  
 $k_H = 0.30$  d<sup>-1</sup>  
 $t = 3.47$  days  
 $C_1 = 177.8$  mg/ L  
 $C_2 = 87.8$  mg/ L

Pond #3  
 $V_3 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 638,000$  gpd  
 $k_H = 0.30$  d<sup>-1</sup>  
 $t = 4.89$  days  
 $C_2 = 87.8$  mg/ L  
 $C_3 = 35.9$  mg/ L

Pond #4  
 $V_4 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 638,000$  gpd  
 $k_H = 0.30$  d<sup>-1</sup>  
 $t = 4.89$  days  
 $C_3 = 35.9$  mg/ L  
 $C_4 = 14.7$  mg/ L

total retention time = **16.72**

% reduction = **96%**

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

Four Ponds in Series - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow condition)			
Pond #1	$V_1 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	900,000 gpd	
	$k_H =$	$0.30 \text{ d}^{-1}$	
	$t =$	2.46 days	
	$C_o =$	360 mg/L	
	$C_1 =$	208.5 mg/ L	
Pond #2	$V_2 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	900,000 gpd	
	$k_H =$	$0.30 \text{ d}^{-1}$	
	$t =$	2.46 days	
	$C_1 =$	208.5 mg/ L	
	$C_2 =$	120.8 mg/ L	
Pond #3	$V_3 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	900,000 gpd	
	$k_H =$	$0.30 \text{ d}^{-1}$	
	$t =$	3.47 days	
	$C_2 =$	120.8 mg/ L	
	$C_3 =$	59.6 mg/ L	
Pond #4	$V_4 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	900,000 gpd	
	$k_H =$	$0.30 \text{ d}^{-1}$	
	$t =$	3.47 days	
	$C_3 =$	59.6 mg/ L	
	$C_4 =$	<b>29.4 mg/ L</b>	
			total retention time = <b>11.85</b>
	% reduction =	<b>92%</b>	

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

Two Ponds in Series, Two parallel flow trains - Winter Season (Low temp & low flow condition)	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 285,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 7.76$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 144.8$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 285,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 10.95$ days $C_1 = 144.8$ mg/ L $C_3 = 46.7$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 285,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 7.76$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 144.8$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 285,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 10.95$ days $C_2 = 144.8$ mg/ L $C_4 = 46.7$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>18.71</b>
% reduction =	<b>87%</b>



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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

Two Ponds in Series, Two parallel flow trains - Summer Season (High temp & high flow condition)			
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 319,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 6.93$ days		
	$C_o = 360$ mg/L		
	$C_1 = 118.0$ mg/ L		
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 319,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 9.79$ days		
	$C_1 = 118.0$ mg/ L		
	$C_3 = 30.3$ mg/ L		
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 319,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 6.93$ days		
	$C_o = 360$ mg/L		
	$C_2 = 118.0$ mg/ L		
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 319,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 9.79$ days		
	$C_2 = 118.0$ mg/ L		
	$C_4 = 30.3$ mg/ L		
		total retention time =	<b>16.72</b>
	% reduction =		<b>92%</b>

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EXISTING TREATMENT CAPACITY

Two Ponds in Series, Two parallel flow trains - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow cond.)	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 450,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 4.92$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 146.7$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 450,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 6.94$ days $C_1 = 146.7$ mg/ L $C_3 = 48.1$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 450,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 4.92$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 146.7$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 450,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 6.94$ days $C_2 = 146.7$ mg/ L $C_4 = 48.1$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>11.85</b>
% reduction =	<b>87%</b>

\*M&E Reference: Wastewater Engineering Treatment and Reuse, 4th Edition

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BOD Removal in Ponds	
$C_n$	1
----- =	----- First order for $n$ equally sized lagoons in series (ref. M&E p 843)
$C_o$	$1+(k/nt)^n$
$C$	$= \frac{C_o}{1+(kV/Q)}$ First order for each lagoon with unique volume and/ or removal rate (ref. M&E p 843)
Effluent BOD <sub>5</sub> Goal	
$C =$	80 mg/L* (conserv. assumption of 80% of eff. Limitation)
Influent BOD <sub>5</sub>	
$C_o =$	360 mg/ L (Dec 05 - Aug 06 90th percentile BOD <sub>5</sub> )
Estimated Inf. BOD <sub>0</sub> =	529.2 mg/ L (inf. BOD <sub>5</sub> x 1.47)
$k_T = k_{20}(1.036)^{T-20}$	
$k_{20} =$	0.276 d <sup>-1</sup> (first-order rate constant at 20°C)
$T_L =$	49.4 °F (Approximate ground temp., Dec)
=	9.7 °C = 282.8 °K
$T_H =$	71.5 °F (Approximate ground temp., July)
=	21.9 °C = 295.1 °K
$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>
$k_H =$	0.30 d <sup>-1</sup>
Flows (projected for 2030)	
PDF	3.34 mgd = Q <sub>H</sub>
AAF	1.67 mgd = Q <sub>L</sub>
MMF	2.24 mgd = Q <sub>MMF</sub>
Volumes	
Primary	= 295,700 ft <sup>3</sup> = 2,211,984 gallons
Secondary	= 417,300 ft <sup>3</sup> (total volume available for aeration) = 3,121,613 gallons
Aeration requirement (oxygen demand)	
O <sub>2</sub> demand (lb/ day) = C <sub>o</sub> x 1.5 x Q <sub>Ave</sub> x 8.34e-6	Note: 1mg/L = 8.34e-6 lb/gal;
Calculated oxygen demands	
$C_u =$	540 mg/ L (1.5 x C <sub>o</sub> )
$Q_L =$	1,670,000 gpd
$Q_H =$	3,340,000 gpd
$Q_{MMF} =$	2,237,800 gpd
Oxygen demand for low flow rate:	<b>7,521.0 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>
Oxygen demand for high flow rate:	<b>15,042.0 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>
Oxygen demand for permit MMFflow rate:	<b>10,078.2 lb O<sub>2</sub>/ day</b>

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Current System Aeration Capacity	
Calculate actual oxygen transfer rate for low-speed surface aerators	
$N = N_o \times \frac{B C_w - C_i}{C_{s,20}} \times 1.024^{T-20} \times a$	
$N_o = 2.5 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{HP.hr}$ (O <sub>2</sub> transferred under std. cond. for low-speed surface)	
$B = 1$ (salinity-surface tension factor, typically 1)	
$C_{wL} = 11.0 \text{ mg/L}$ (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 9.7C and 300 ft, M&E)	
$C_{wH} = 8.5 \text{ mg/L}$ (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 21.9C and 300 ft, M&E)	
$C_i = 2.0 \text{ mg/L}$ (operating oxygen concentration)	
$C_{s,20} = 9.08 \text{ mg/L}$ (oxygen saturation concentration at temp 20C)	
$T_L = 49.4 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$ (Approximate ground temp., Dec)	
$= 9.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
$T_H = 71.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{F}$ (Approximate ground temp., July)	
$= 21.9 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	
$a = 0.82$ oxygen transfer correction factor for municipal wastewater	
$N_L = 1.95 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{HP.hr}$ (low temp)	
$N_H = 2.01 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{HP.hr}$ (high temp)	
Available HP = 110 HP	
$\text{AOTR}_L = 5140.8 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (low temp)	
$\text{AOTR}_H = 5295.8 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (high temp)	
Calculate amount of horsepower required to satisfy oxygen demand	
Oxygen demand for low flow rate: 7,521.0 lb O <sub>2</sub> / day	
Oxygen demand for high flow rate: 15,042.0 lb O <sub>2</sub> / day	
Oxygen demand for max month flow rate: 10,078.2 lb O <sub>2</sub> / day	
$N_L = 1.95 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{HP.hr}$ (low temp)	
$N_H = 2.01 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{HP.hr}$ (high temp)	
<u>For high flow rate</u> Total HP = <b>315.0 HP</b>	<u>For max month flow rate</u> Total HP = <b>210.0 HP</b>
$\text{AOTR}_L = 14721.3 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (low temp)	$\text{AOTR}_L = 9814.2 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (low temp)
$\text{AOTR}_H = 15165.2 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (high temp)	$\text{AOTR}_H = 10110.1 \text{ lb O}_2 / \text{day}$ (high temp)

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TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

<b>Ponds in Series - Winter Season (Low temp &amp; low flow condition)</b>	
<u>Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions</u>	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_0 = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 287.2$ mg/L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_1 = 287.2$ mg/L $C_2 = 229.1$ mg/L
Pond #3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_2 = 229.1$ mg/L $C_3 = 168.7$ mg/L
Pond #4	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_3 = 168.7$ mg/L $C_4 = 124.2$ mg/L
current % reduction =	<b>65%</b>
total retention time =	<b>6.39</b> days

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TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

## Ponds in Series - Winter Season (Low temp & low flow condition)

Add two ponds,  $V = 3,121,613$  gallons each

Pond #1  
 $V_1 = 2,211,984$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.32$  days  
 $C_o = 360$  mg/L  
 $C_1 = 287.2$  mg/ L

Pond #2  
 $V_2 = 2,211,984$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.32$  days  
 $C_1 = 287.2$  mg/ L  
 $C_2 = 229.1$  mg/ L

Pond #3  
 $V_3 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.87$  days  
 $C_2 = 229.1$  mg/ L  
 $C_3 = 168.7$  mg/ L

Pond #4  
 $V_4 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.87$  days  
 $C_3 = 168.7$  mg/ L  
 $C_4 = 124.2$  mg/ L

New Pond 5  
 $V_5 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.87$  days  
 $C_4 = 124.2$  mg/ L  
 $C_5 = 91.5$  mg/ L

New Pond 6  
 $V_6 = 3,121,613$  gallons  
 $Q = 1,670,000$  gpd  
 $k_L = 0.19 \text{ d}^{-1}$   
 $t = 1.87$  days  
 $C_5 = 91.5$  mg/ L  
 $C_6 = 67.4$  mg/ L

% reduction      **81%**      total retention time =      **10.13 days**

For ponds in series,  
Two additional ponds would treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during low temp, low flow conditions

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TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Ponds in Series - Summer Season (High temp & high flow condition)			
Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions			
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 3,340,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.66$ days		
	$C_0 = 360$ mg/L		
	$C_1 = 301.1$ mg/L		
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 3,340,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.66$ days		
	$C_1 = 301.1$ mg/L		
	$C_2 = 251.8$ mg/L		
Pond #3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 3,340,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.93$ days		
	$C_2 = 251.8$ mg/L		
	$C_3 = 197.3$ mg/L		
Pond #4	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 3,340,000$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.93$ days		
	$C_3 = 197.3$ mg/L		
	$C_4 = 154.5$ mg/L	total retention time =	<b>3.19 days</b>
	% reduction =	<b>57%</b>	

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Ponds in Series - Summer Season (High temp & high flow condition)	
Add two ponds, V = 3,121,613 gallons each	
Pond #1	V <sub>1</sub> = 2,211,984 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.66 days C <sub>0</sub> = 360 mg/L C <sub>1</sub> = 301.1 mg/ L
Pond #2	V <sub>2</sub> = 2,211,984 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.66 days C <sub>1</sub> = 301.1 mg/ L C <sub>2</sub> = 251.8 mg/ L
Pond #3	V <sub>3</sub> = 3,121,613 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.93 days C <sub>2</sub> = 251.8 mg/ L C <sub>3</sub> = 197.3 mg/ L
Pond #4	V <sub>4</sub> = 3,121,613 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.93 days C <sub>3</sub> = 197.3 mg/ L C <sub>4</sub> = <b>154.5 mg/ L</b>
New Pond 5	V <sub>5</sub> = 3,121,613 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.93 days C <sub>4</sub> = 154.5 mg/ L C <sub>5</sub> = <b>121.1 mg/ L</b>
New Pond 6	V <sub>6</sub> = 3,121,613 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.93 days C <sub>5</sub> = 121.1 mg/ L C <sub>6</sub> = <b>94.9 mg/ L</b>
Two ponds don't reach effluent goal, try additional pond:	
New Pond 7	V <sub>7</sub> = 3,121,613 gallons Q = 3,340,000 gpd k <sub>H1</sub> = 0.30 d <sup>-1</sup> t = 0.93 days C <sub>6</sub> = 94.9 mg/ L C <sub>7</sub> = <b>74.3 mg/ L</b>
% reduction =	<b>79%</b>
total retention time =	<b>5.06 days</b>
total retention time =	<b>6.00 days</b>
For ponds in series, Three additional ponds would treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during high temp, high flow conditions	



# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Ponds in Series - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow condition)			
Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions			
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.99$ days		
	$C_0 = 360$ mg/L		
	$C_1 = 278.6$ mg/L		
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.99$ days		
	$C_1 = 278.6$ mg/L		
	$C_2 = 215.6$ mg/L		
Pond #3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 1.39$ days		
	$C_2 = 215.6$ mg/L		
	$C_3 = 152.6$ mg/L		
Pond #4	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 1.39$ days		
	$C_3 = 152.6$ mg/L		
	$C_4 = 108.1$ mg/L	total retention time =	<b>4.77 days</b>
	% reduction =	<b>70%</b>	

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Ponds in Series - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow condition)			
Add ponds V = 3,121,613 gallons			
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.99$ days		
	$C_0 = 360$ mg/L		
	$C_1 = 278.6$ mg/L		
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 0.99$ days		
	$C_1 = 278.6$ mg/L		
	$C_2 = 215.6$ mg/L		
Pond #3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 1.39$ days		
	$C_2 = 215.6$ mg/L		
	$C_3 = 152.6$ mg/L		
Pond #4	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 1.39$ days		
	$C_3 = 152.6$ mg/L		
	$C_4 = 108.1$ mg/L		
New Pond 5	$V_5 = 3,121,613$ gallons		
	$Q = 2,237,800$ gpd		
	$k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup>		
	$t = 1.39$ days		
	$C_4 = 108.1$ mg/L		
	$C_5 = 76.5$ mg/L		
	% reduction = <b>79%</b>	total retention time =	<b>6.16 days</b>
For ponds in series,			
One additional pond would treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during high temp, max month flow conditions			

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Two parallel flow trains - Winter Season (Low temp & low flow condition)			
Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions			
Pond #1	$V_1 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	835,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	2.65 days	
	$C_o =$	360 mg/L	
	$C_1 =$	238.8 mg/L	
Pond #4	$V_4 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	835,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	3.74 days	
	$C_1 =$	238.8 mg/L	
	$C_4 =$	<b>139.2 mg/L</b>	
Pond #2	$V_2 =$	2,211,984 gallons	
	$Q =$	835,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	2.65 days	
	$C_o =$	360 mg/L	
	$C_2 =$	238.8 mg/L	
Pond #3	$V_3 =$	3,121,613 gallons	
	$Q =$	835,000 gpd	
	$k_L =$	0.19 d <sup>-1</sup>	
	$t =$	3.74 days	
	$C_2 =$	238.8 mg/L	
	$C_3 =$	<b>139.2 mg/L</b>	
		total retention time =	<b>6.39 days</b>
	% reduction =	<b>61%</b>	

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Two parallel flow trains - Winter Season (Low temp & low flow condition)	
Add two ponds, V = 3,121,613 gallons each	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.65$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 238.8$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 3.74$ days $C_1 = 238.8$ mg/ L $C_4 = 139.2$ mg/ L
New Pond 5	$V_5 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 3.74$ days $C_4 = 139.2$ mg/ L $C_5 = 81.1$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.65$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 238.8$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 3.74$ days $C_2 = 238.8$ mg/ L $C_3 = 139.2$ mg/ L
New Pond 6	$V_6 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 835,000$ gpd $k_L = 0.19$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 3.74$ days $C_3 = 139.2$ mg/ L $C_6 = 81.1$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>10.13 days</b>
	% reduction = <b>77%</b>
For two parallel flow trains, Two additional ponds would treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during low temp, low flow conditions	

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Two parallel flow trains - Summer Season (High temp & high flow condition)	
Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 258.7$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_1 = 258.7$ mg/ L $C_3 = 166.6$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 258.7$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_2 = 258.7$ mg/ L $C_4 = 166.6$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>3.19 days</b>
% reduction =	<b>54%</b>

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

<b>Two parallel flow trains - Summer Season (High temp &amp; high flow condition)</b>	
<b>Add four ponds, V = 3,121,613 gallons each</b>	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 258.7$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_1 = 258.7$ mg/ L $C_3 = 166.6$ mg/ L
New Pond 1	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_3 = 166.6$ mg/ L $C_5 = 107.3$ mg/ L
New Pond 2	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_5 = 107.3$ mg/ L $C_7 = 69.1$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.32$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 258.7$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_2 = 258.7$ mg/ L $C_4 = 166.6$ mg/ L
New Pond 3	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_4 = 166.6$ mg/ L $C_6 = 107.3$ mg/ L
New Pond 4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,670,000$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.87$ days $C_6 = 107.3$ mg/ L $C_8 = 69.1$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>6.93 days</b>
% reduction =	<b>81%</b>
For two parallel flow trains, Four additional ponds are needed treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during high temp, high flow conditions	

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Two parallel flow trains - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow cond.)	
<u>Current System Under 2030 Flow Conditions</u>	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.98$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 227.2$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_1 = 227.2$ mg/ L $C_3 = 124.5$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.98$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 227.2$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_2 = 227.2$ mg/ L $C_4 = 124.5$ mg/ L
	total retention time = <b>4.77 days</b>
% reduction =	<b>65%</b>

# BOYLE ENGINEERING

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, PLANNERS

BY: EKS

DATE: 11/17/2008 SUBJECT: SOUTHLAND WWTF JOB NO. 19996.17

CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

TREATMENT CAPACITY FOR FUTURE FLOWS

Three Ponds in Series, Two parallel flow trains - MMF Summer Season (High temp & MMF flow cond.)	
Add two ponds, $V = 3,121,613$ gallons each	
Pond #1	$V_1 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.98$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_1 = 227.2$ mg/ L
Pond #4	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_1 = 227.2$ mg/ L $C_3 = 124.5$ mg/ L
New Pond	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_3 = 124.5$ mg/ L $C_5 = 68.2$ mg/ L
Pond #2	$V_2 = 2,211,984$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 1.98$ days $C_o = 360$ mg/L $C_2 = 227.2$ mg/ L
Pond #3	$V_4 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_2 = 227.2$ mg/ L $C_4 = 124.5$ mg/ L
New Pond	$V_3 = 3,121,613$ gallons $Q = 1,118,900$ gpd $k_H = 0.30$ d <sup>-1</sup> $t = 2.79$ days $C_4 = 124.5$ mg/ L $C_6 = 68.2$ mg/ L
% reduction =	<b>81%</b>
total retention time =	<b>7.56 days</b>
For two parallel flow trains, Two additional ponds would treat the wastewater to acceptable levels during high temp, max month flow conditions	
*M&E Reference: Wastewater Engineering Treatment and Reuse, 4th Edition	



# Boyle Engineering Corporation

BY: EKM      DATE: 12/1/2006      SUBJECT Southland WWTF Master Plan      JOB NO: 19996.17  
CHKD. BY: \_\_\_\_\_      DATE: \_\_\_\_\_      Future Projected Solids Production (2030)

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**Determine:**      Volume of solids added to ponds over 5 years at projected 2030 flowrate.

**Assumptions:**

AAF =      1.67 mgd      Average TSS<sub>in</sub> =      265 mg/L      Average TSS<sub>out</sub> =      40 mg/L

1) Total volume of wastewater treated in past 5 years

$$V = Q \times t$$

$$V = 1.67 \text{ mgd} \times 5 \text{ yrs} \times 365 \text{ days/yr}$$

$$V = 3048 \text{ Mgal}$$

2) Mass of TSS removed

$$\text{Mass} = (\text{TSS}_{\text{in}} - \text{TSS}_{\text{out}}) \times V \times (8.34 \text{ lb/Mgal} \times \text{mg/L})$$

$$\text{Mass} = (265 - 40) \times (13048) \times (8.34)$$

$$= 5,719,103 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 1,143,821 \text{ lbs/yr}$$

3) Mass of volatile and fixed solids

$$\text{Mass}_{\text{VSS}} = 0.70 \times \text{TSS}$$

$$= 0.70 \times (2,054,768)$$

$$= 4,003,372 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 800,674 \text{ lbs/yr}$$

$$\text{Mass}_{\text{Fixed}} = \text{Mass}_{\text{TSS}} - \text{Mass}_{\text{VSS}}$$

$$= 2,054,768 - 1,438,337$$

$$= 1,715,731 \text{ lbs}$$

$$= 343,146 \text{ lbs/yr}$$

4) Amount of accumulation at the end of 5 years

Assume 60% VSS reduction occurs within 1 year

$$(\text{VSS})_t = [0.7 + 0.4(t-1)] \times \text{VSS}$$

$$= [0.7 + 0.4(5-1)] \times 489,166$$

$$= 1,841,551 \text{ lbs}$$

5) Total mass of solids

$$\text{Mass}_{\text{Total}} = \text{Mass}_{\text{Fixed}} + \text{Mass}_{\text{Accumulated}}$$

$$= 1,048,213 + 1,125,082$$

$$= 3,557,282 \text{ lbs}$$

6) Volume of solids (assume 15% solids and density = 1.06\*8.34 lb/gal)

$$V_{\text{Total}} = \text{Mass}_{\text{Total}} / (0.15 \times \text{density})$$

$$= 2,682,595 \text{ gal}$$

# Boyle Engineering Corporation

BY: EKM      DATE: 12/1/2006      SUBJECT Southland WWTF Master Plan      JOB NO: 19996.17  
CHKD. BY:             DATE:                           Future Projected Solids Production (2030)

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Potential percentage of solid volume in ponds over 5 years at projected flowrate

Total pond volume (taken from NCSO Southland O&M Manual, July 2000)

Liquid volume = 2 @ 295,700 cf & 2 @ 417,300 cf

Sludge volume = 2 @ 0.5 Mgal & 2 @ 0.7 Mgal

$$V_{\text{Total}} = [2 \times 295,700 + 2 \times 417,300] \times 7.481 \text{ gal/cf} + 2 \times 500,000 + 2 \times 700,000$$

$$V_{\text{Total}} = 13,067,906 \text{ gal}$$

$$\% \text{ of solids in pond} = \frac{2,682,595}{13,067,906}$$

$$= 0.21$$

$$= 21\% \text{ of existing pond volume for 5 years at projected future flowrate}$$