

Groundwater in the Arroyo,
Grande Area,

DWR,
#0028, Studies and Reports,
06/01/79,

State of California
The Resources Agency
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES
Southern District

**GROUND WATER IN THE
ARROYO GRANDE AREA**

District Report

June 1979

CONVERSION FACTORS

Metric to Customary System of Measurement

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Metric Unit</u>	<u>Multiply by</u>	<u>To get customary equivalent</u>
Length	millimetres (mm)	0.03937	inches (in)
	centimetres (cm) for snow depth	0.3937	inches (in)
	metres (m)	3.2808	feet (ft)
	kilometres (km)	0.62139	miles (mi)
Area	square millimetres (mm ²)	0.00155	square inches (in ²)
	square metres (m ²)	10.764	square feet (ft ²)
	hectares (ha)	2.4710	acres (ac)
	square kilometres (km ²)	0.3861	square miles (mi ²)
Volume	litres (l)	0.26417	gallons (gal)
	megalitres	0.26417	million gallons (10 ⁶ gal)
	cubic metres (m ³)	35.315	cubic feet (ft ³)
	cubic metres (m ³)	1.308	cubic yards (yd ³)
	cubic metres (m ³)	0.0008107	acre-feet (ac-ft)
	cubic dekametres (dam ³)	0.8107	acre-feet (ac-ft)
	cubic hectometres (hm ³)	0.8107	thousands of acre-feet
	cubic kilometres (km ³)	0.8107	millions of acre-feet
Flow	cubic metres per second (m ³ /s)	35.315	cubic feet per second (ft ³ /s)
	litres per minute (l/min)	0.26417	gallons per minute (gal/min)
	litres per day (l/day)	0.26417	gallons per day (gal/day)
	megalitres per day (MI/day)	0.26417	million gallons per day (mgd)
	cubic metres per day (m ³ /day)	0.0008107	acre-feet per day
Mass	kilograms (kg)	2.2046	pounds (lb)
	tonne (t)	1.1023	tons (short, 2,000 lb)
Velocity	metres per second (m/s)	3.2808	feet per second (ft/s)
Power	kilowatts (kW)	1.3405	horsepower (hp)
Pressure	kilopascals (kPa)	0.145054	pounds per square inch (psi)
	kilopascals (kPa)	0.33456	feet head of water
Specific capacity	litres per minute per metre drawdown	0.08052	gallons per minute per foot drawdown
Concentration	milligrams per litre (mg/l)	1.0	parts per million
Electrical conductivity	microsiemens per centimetre (µS/cm)	1.0	micromho per centimetre
Temperature	degrees Celsius (°C)	(1.8 × °C) + 32	degree Fahrenheit (°F)

FOREWORD

At present, a major portion of the water supply of the Central Coastal area of California comes from the local ground water basins. Generally, the extraction from these basins has exceeded the replenishment, with the result that the ground water levels have declined.

Recognizing that declining water levels increase energy consumption and pumping costs, water users are asking for more information on current and potential ground water supplies.

To provide this information, the Department of Water Resources and the San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District entered into a cooperative agreement for a study in the Arroyo Grande area. Such information can be used by local agencies in water supply and basin management planning.

A comprehensive study was made of the geohydrology of the area and the potential use of the water in the offshore aquifers was evaluated.

Appreciation is expressed to the staffs of the San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District and the San Luis Obispo County Water Resources Advisory Committee for their cooperation and advice throughout the study. Others contributing valuable information include: the United States Geological Survey in Menlo Park; the California Division of Oil and Gas in Los Angeles and Santa Maria; the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Coastal Region; the San Luis Obispo County Farm Advisor; water well drillers; local water companies; and numerous private individuals.

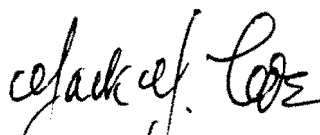

Jack J. Coe, Chief
Southern District

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FOREWORD	111
ORGANIZATION, DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES	vi
ORGANIZATION, SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY	vii
CHAPTER I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY	1
Objective of Investigation	1
Area of Investigation	1
Topography	1
Drainage Systems	3
Population	4
Summary of Findings	5
Conclusions	7
Recommendations	7
CHAPTER II. WATER DEMAND AND SUPPLY	9
Water Demand	9
Water Supply	9
Waste Water	11
Surface Water	11
CHAPTER III. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROUND WATER BASIN	15
Water-bearing Formations	15
Geologic Structures	17
Base of Fresh Water	17
Water-yielding Characteristics	22
CHAPTER IV. GROUND WATER	23
Water Levels	23
Storage	30
Ground Water Quality	32
Arroyo Grande Hydrologic Subarea	33
Nipomo Mesa Hydrologic Subarea	35
Santa Maria Valley Hydrologic Subunit	38
Sea Water Intrusion	43
Replenishment	45
CHAPTER V. OFFSHORE AQUIFERS	51
Quantity and Quality	53
Potential Use of Water	53
APPENDIXES	
A Lithologs and Electric Logs of Test Holes PSBO-1 and PSBO-2	57
B Ground Water Quality Data	63
C Physical Characteristics of Sea Water Intrusion	99
D Bibliography of Selected References	105
TABLES	
1 Urban and Suburban Land Areas, Arroyo Grande Area, 1968 and 1977	4
2 Population Projection, Arroyo Grande Study Area	5
3 Domestic and Urban Water Demand, Arroyo Grande Area	9
4 Irrigated Agriculture, Arroyo Grande Area	10
5 Arroyo Grande, Irrigation Water Demand	10
6 Mineral Analysis of Sample from Lopez Reservoir, May 1971	13
7 Ground Water in Storage, Arroyo Grande Area	30
8 Description of Piezometers	45
9 Selected Constituents in the Sea Water Intrusion Monitoring Holes in 1967 and 1975, Arroyo Grande Area	46
10 Selected Constituents in Test Holes in Nipomo Mesa, June 8, 1976	47
11 Summary Estimated Inflow and Outflow to the Ground Water Basin in the Arroyo Grande Study Area	48

FIGURES

		<u>Page</u>
1	Vicinity Map	viii
2	Study Area and Watershed	2
3	Arroyo Grande Area, Mean Seasonal Precipitation, 1935-36 Through 1966-67	12
4	Geology Map	14
5	Location of Test Holes and Cross Sections	16
6	Generalized Cross Section A-A', Arroyo Grande Area	18
7	Generalized Cross Section B-B', Arroyo Grande Area	20
8	Effective Base of Fresh Water	21
9	Ground Water Basin Subdivisions	23
10	Water Levels, Fall 1965	24
11	Water Levels, Fall 1975	25
	Hydrograph:	
12	... Arroyo Grande Plain, Well No. 32S/13E-29M4	26
13	... Arroyo Grande Plain, Well No. 32S/13E-30K14	27
14	... Nipomo Mesa, Well No. 11N/35W-7R1	28
15	... Nipomo Mesa, Well No. 11N/35W-11J1	29
16	... Santa Maria Valley, Well No. 11N/35W-28M1	31
17	... Santa Maria Valley, Well No. 11N/35W-33G1	31
18	Hydrologic Area Boundaries	34
19	TDS and Nitrate Concentration Changes in Well No. 32S/13E-12Q2	35
20	TDS and Nitrate Concentration Changes in Well No. 32S/13E-28E1	36
21	TDS and Nitrate Concentration and Water Level Changes in Well No. 32S/13E-29E2	36
22	TDS and Nitrate Concentration and Water Level Changes in Wells Nos. 32/13E-29G1 and G2	37
	TDS and Nitrate Concentration Changes in:	
23	... Well No. 32S/13E-30H2	37
24	... Well No. 11N/35W-5L1	38
25	... Well No. 11N/35W-7R1	39
26	... Well No. 11N/35W-9P1	39
27	... Wells Nos. 11N/35W-12E1 and 12E2	40
28	... Well No. 10N/36W-4C1	40
29	... Well No. 10N/36W-2G1	41
30	... Well No. 11N/35W-18M1	41
31	... Well No. 11N/35W-19E2	42
32	... Well No. 11N/35W-26M1	42
33	... Well No. 11N/35W-33F1	43
34	... Well No. 11N/36W-13R1	44
35	Conceptual Drawing of the Offshore Aquifers	52
36	Schema of a Section Through a Confined Aquifer	102
37	Hydraulic Conditions in a Confined Aquifer in Continuity with the Ocean	103
38	Hydraulic Conditions in an Unconfined Aquifer in Continuity with the Ocean	104

State of California
The Resources Agency
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES
Southern District

Jack J. Coe Chief, Southern District
Donald J. Finlayson Chief, Planning Branch
Robert Y. D. Chun Chief, Resources Management Section

This report was prepared under
the direction of

Kiyoshi W. Mido Program Manager

by

Harry Iwanaga Associate Engineering Geologist

assisted by

•

Phyllis J. Yates Research Writer
Margot Hottum Graduate Student Assistant
Dean Wilson Delineator
Mary Sato Delineator
Melba P. Apante Senior Word Processing Technician
Faith I. Zessman Composer Operator-Varityper

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Hans Heilmann, Chairman District No. 1
Steve MacElvaine District No. 2
Kurt Kupper District No. 3
Howard Mankins District No. 4
Richard J. Krejsa District No. 5

COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

George C. Protopapas County Engineer
Clinton Milne Deputy County Engineer

HYDRAULICS PLANNING AND DESIGN DIVISION

Wallace H. Burt Hydraulics Division Engineer, Retired
Van W. Lourn Hydraulics Division Engineer
Glenn A. Britton Research Coordinator

LEGEND

STUDY AREA

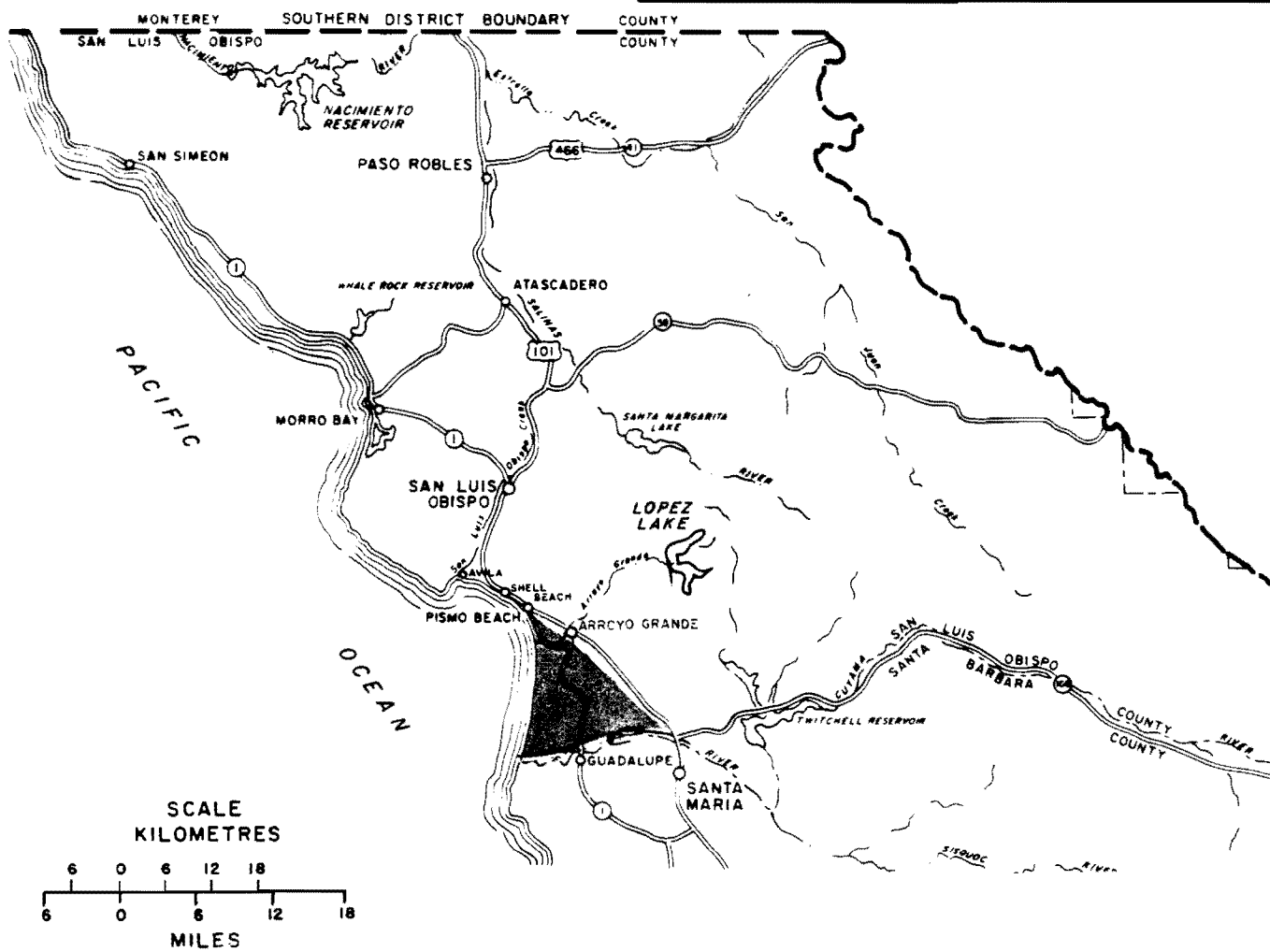
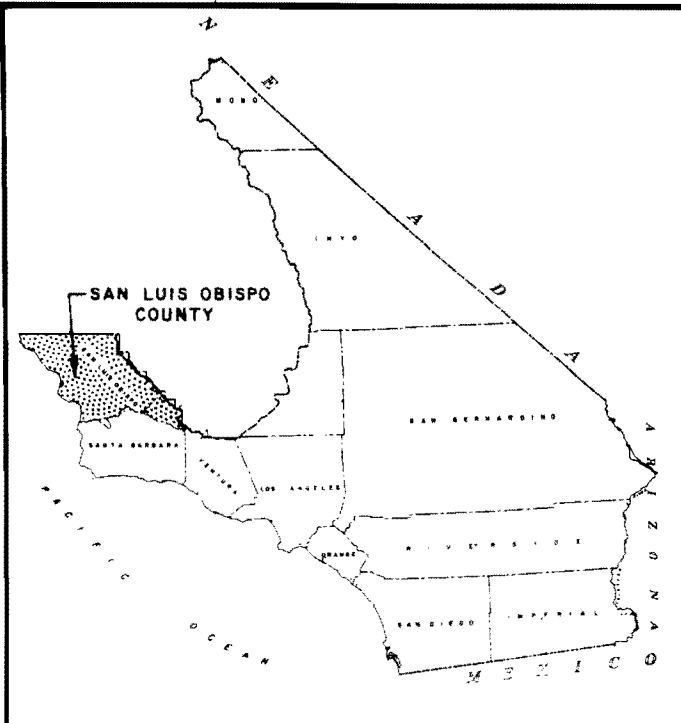


Figure 1 - VICINITY MAP

I. INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

During the past several decades, San Luis Obispo County has grown substantially in population, accompanied by a proportionate increase in urban and agricultural activities.

At first, its urban and agricultural water demands were met by using surface water supplies and, in time, by using increasing amounts of ground water. Although the amount of surface water available varies from year to year, depending on annual precipitation, the extent of this supply that can be used is generally known. Similar knowledge of the availability of ground water supplies, however, has remained meager. Consequently, the San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District requested the Department of Water Resources to undertake a study to assess the amount of ground water resources available for inclusion in plans to meet water demands of the county.

One of the areas chosen for study is the area near the community of Arroyo Grande (Figure 1). The Arroyo Grande area was chosen because of a concern that the increasing use being made of its ground water might deplete the supply to the extent that the basin and the ground water resource would become permanently damaged.

Objective of Investigation

Thus the objective of the study is, according to the cooperative agreement between the two agencies, "to identify the information needed for effective use of ground water basins and to develop the information as far as time and funding permit."

Area of Investigation

The Arroyo Grande area is on the coast in the southwesterly corner of San Luis

Obispo County 24 kilometres (15 miles) south of San Luis Obispo (Figure 1). It includes the Arroyo Grande Creek and part of the Santa Maria River watersheds (Figure 2). The ground water basin portion, which is the study area, forms a 190-square-kilometre (73-square-mile) triangle bounded by the ocean on the west, the San Luis Obispo-Santa Barbara County line on the south, and Highway 101 along the northeast. The study area plus its watershed covers 53 000 hectares (130,000 acres). → 2031 S & M.

The area lying offshore is also part of the study area. The aquifers in coastal plains usually continue offshore, and the fresh water they contain is an integral part of the area's water resources.

The City of Arroyo Grande and the communities of Grover City and Oceano are within the boundaries of the study area. Nipomo is outside the basin boundaries but is covered in this report because most of its water supply comes from the ground water resources in Nipomo Mesa. The communities of Pismo Beach, Shell Beach, and Avila are nearby but lie outside the basin boundaries and are not covered in this report.

Topography

The rugged Santa Lucia Mountains, rising 600 to 900 metres (2,000 to 3,000 feet) above sea level and trending northwestward along the eastern boundary of the watershed, form a backdrop to the study area. From their upper drainage area, the Arroyo Grande Creek and the Santa Maria River drainage systems wind through deep V-shaped canyons in the Santa Lucia Mountains and terminate in the study area as flat coastal plains that open to the ocean. In the study area the terrain alternates between high-rising sand mesas and these low-lying coastal plains. Recent sand dunes

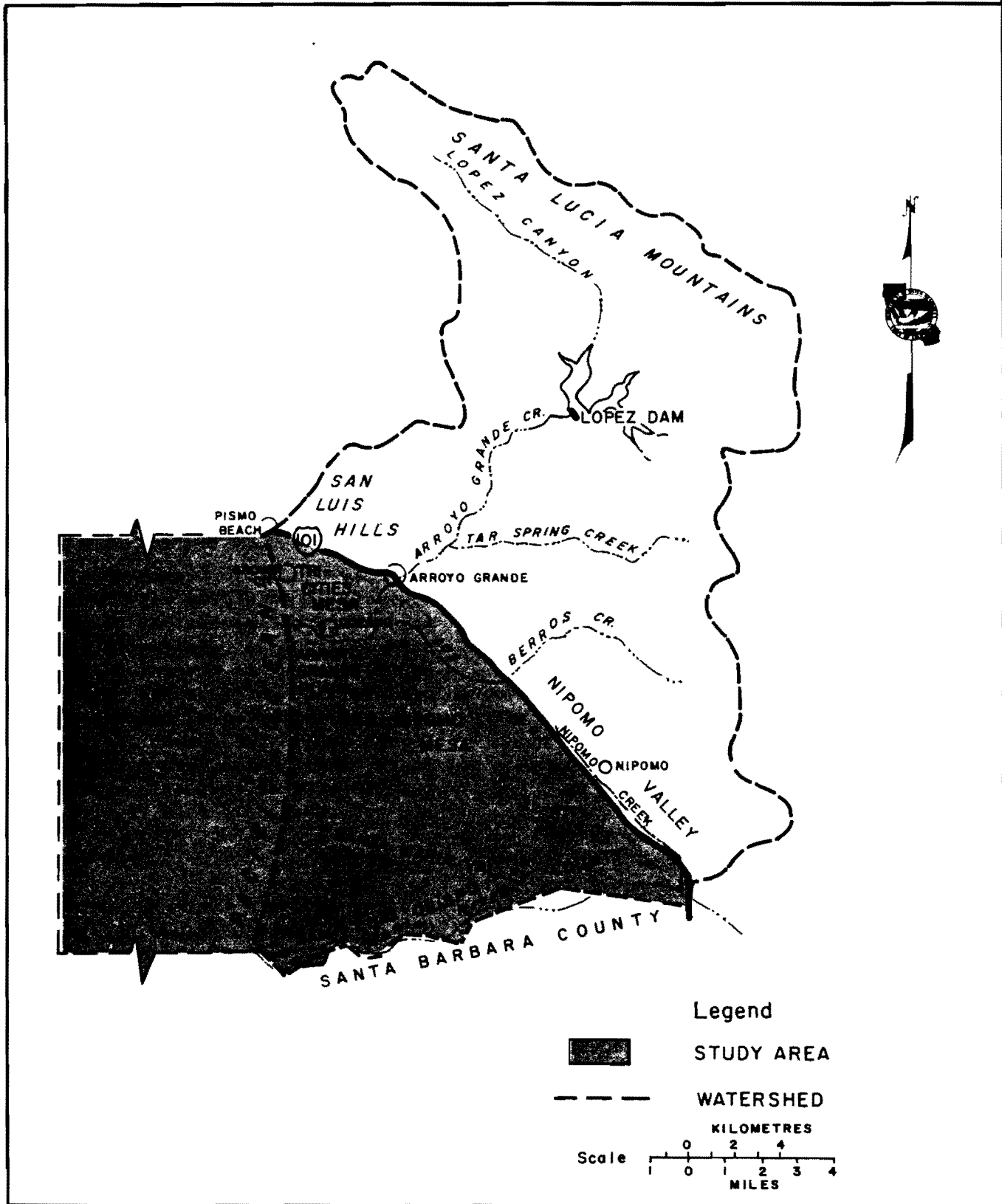


Figure 2 - STUDY AREA AND WATERSHED

and the beach run the length of the study area on the west.

The Santa Maria River coastal plain, locally known as the Santa Maria Valley, extends 32 kilometres (20 miles) inland and is 8 kilometres (5 miles) across at its widest point near the coast. Most of the Santa Maria Valley is in adjoining Santa Barbara County; only the portion that lies north of the river between Nipomo Mesa and the San Luis Obispo-Santa Barbara County line is in the study area. This portion consists of 73 square kilometres (28 square miles) of flood plain and dune sand. The flood plain is relatively flat with a slope of about 1.9 metres per kilometre (10 feet per mile).

The Arroyo Grande Creek coastal plain, commonly referred to as the Arroyo Grande Plain, is much smaller than the Santa Maria River coastal plain. It comprises about 12 square kilometres (4.7 square miles) and measures 7.2 kilometres (4.5 miles) from the foothills to the ocean and 3 kilometres (2 miles) across its widest point. The flood plain slopes 2.8 to 3.8 metres per kilometre (15 to 20 feet per mile) from the foothills to the ocean.

The Arroyo Grande Creek drainage upstream from the coastal plain forms a canyon with a narrow flood plain that winds through the mountains for 24 kilometres (15 miles) to Lopez Dam. The flood plain, although narrow, supports extensive farming activities.

The Arroyo Grande Plain separates two sand mesas: Tri-Cities Mesa and Nipomo Mesa. Tri-Cities Mesa, an area of 44 square kilometres (17 square miles), lies in the north end of the study area between the Arroyo Grande Plain and the San Luis Hills on the north. It rises to an average elevation of 60 metres (200 feet) and slopes gradually to the beach and to the Arroyo Grande Plain.

The larger Nipomo Mesa covers an area of about 85 square kilometres

(33 square miles) between the Arroyo Grande Plain on the north and the Santa Maria River coastal plain on the south. The eastern part of the mesa rises to more than 120 metres (400 feet) and slopes westward to the beach. Unlike the Tri-Cities Mesa, Nipomo Mesa is marked with drainage gullies that give it a generally uneven, undulating surface. The north and south boundaries are sharply set apart from the adjoining flood plains by steep cliffs. The boundaries, however, are surface features and do not inhibit the subsurface flow of ground water.

A wide, gently sloping beach runs along the entire west boundary. Next to the beach, Recent sand dunes, as much as 30 metres (100 feet) high and 2.4 kilometres (1.5 miles) wide, parallel the beach. From the beach, the ocean floor slopes offshore at a low angle, uninterrupted by underwater canyons or dropoffs that commonly occur offshore of similar large creeks and rivers elsewhere along the California coast. There is a slight increase in the slope of the ocean floor 16 to 19 kilometres (10 to 12 miles) offshore.

Drainage Systems

The study area is drained by two major systems, the Arroyo Grande Creek and the Santa Maria River.

The Arroyo Grande Creek runs a course of about 32 kilometres (20 miles) from the crest of the Santa Lucia Mountain Range to the ocean. The watershed comprises 28 300 hectares (70,000 acres). Its tributaries include Lopez Canyon, Tar Spring Creek, and Los Berros Creek.

The runoff from 17 400 hectares (43,000 acres) of the upper drainage area comprising the upper reaches of Arroyo Grande Creek and all Lopez Canyon is impounded by Lopez Dam to form Lopez Reservoir. The reservoir water is piped to nearby communities along the coast for all or part of their municipal water supply and is also released to Arroyo

Grande Creek for agricultural purposes downstream.

Perennial flow is maintained in Arroyo Grande Creek downstream from Lopez Dam by a combination of natural runoff, underflow from the adjacent hills, irrigation return, and releases from the dam.

The Santa Maria River, running along the southern boundary of the study area, drains part of Nipomo Mesa, Nipomo Valley, and Santa Maria Valley. Infiltration in the Santa Maria River recharges the Santa Maria Valley ground water reservoir.

The Cuyama and Sisquoc Rivers join to form the Santa Maria River, 16 kilometres (10 miles) upstream from the study area. The Santa Maria River within the study area usually flows only during storms. Runoff in the Cuyama River is captured at Twitchell Reservoir, 24 kilometres (15 miles) upstream, for recharge to the Santa Maria Valley and flow in the Sisquoc River usually infiltrates its bed upstream from the Santa Maria River. The

Cuyama and Sisquoc Rivers also recharge the Santa Maria Valley ground water reservoir.

Population

The main industry in the Arroyo Grande area is agriculture and its associated businesses. The population is centered in small communities and dispersed thinly throughout the countryside.

In the 9 years of 1968 to 1977, total gross urban and suburban land increased 1 110 hectares (2,742 acres) (Table 1).

In 1970, the Arroyo Grande study area had a population of 23,800. Of this number, over 80 percent were in the urban areas. Table 2, based on data from the San Luis Obispo County Planning Department, shows 1970 and projected increases in the population of about 20 percent for each 10-year period to 2000, with the largest increase of 29 percent expected between 1970 and 1980. In the July 1975 issue of Population and Housing, the San Luis Obispo County Planning Department stated:

**TABLE 1
URBAN AND SUBURBAN LAND AREAS
ARROYO GRANDE AREA^{1/}
1968 and 1977**

Water service area	1968 ^{2/}		1977		Change	
	Hectares	Acres	Hectares	Acres	Hectares	Acres
Residential	605	1,490	1 890	4,671	1 285	3 181
Commercial	65	160	180	443	115	283
Industrial	15	40	125	313	110	273
Unsegregated urban and suburban area	390	970	325	799	-65	-171
Subtotal	1 075	2,660	2 520	6,226	1 445	3,566
Included nonwater service area	590	1,460	255	636	-335	-824
Total gross urban and suburban area	1 665	4,120	2 775	6,862	1 110	2,742

^{1/} Nipomo Valley not included. Land area data for Nipomo Valley (1977) follows: Residential, 125 ha (309 acres) Commercial, 2 ha (5 acres); Industrial, 9.31 ha (23 acres); unsegregated Urban and Suburban, 16.18 ha (40 acres); included nonwater service area 94 ha (232 acres).

^{2/} From update of DWR Bulletin No. 103 "San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties Land and Water Use Survey, 1959".

**TABLE 2
POPULATION PROJECTION
ARROYO GRANDE STUDY AREA**

	1970*	1980**	1990**	2000**
Rural portion	4,194	4,210	4,090	3,980
Arroyo Grande	7,454	9,990	12,160	14,350
Grover City	5,939	8,190	10,170	12,160
Nipomo	3,642	4,930	6,060	7,180
Oceano	2,564	3,400	4,110	4,820
Total	23,793	30,720	36,590	42,490

* From the 1970 census data

** Determined from the trend line by the San Luis Obispo County Planning Department

"Arroyo Grande Census County Division is the fastest growing Division in the County with a 7 percent population increase over last year. Nipomo is the fastest growing unincorporated town at 12.2 percent and Arroyo Grande at 8 percent tops the incorporated cities." By comparison, the county population increased 5.1 percent during this same period.

Summary of Findings

1. The water demand in the Arroyo Grande area is primarily for irrigation. The irrigation demand was 52.2 cubic hectometres (42,300 acre-feet) in 1977 and is projected to be 52.3 cubic hectometres (42,400 acre-feet) in 2000 without the addition of new supplies or to increase to 58.1 cubic hectometres (47,100 acre-feet) with a supplementary water supply. The urban water demand, which was 4.40 cubic hectometres (3,570 acre-feet) in 1970, is projected to be 7.92 cubic hectometres (6,420 acre-feet) by 2000.
2. The water supply for the study area comes from the ground water in storage and from surface water in Lopez Reservoir. Lopez Reservoir has supplied water for most of the local urban demand since 1969, but all

storage in the reservoir is appropriated, and, with the urban water demand increasing, the communities will become more dependent upon the local ground water for their water needs. Except for releases into Arroyo Grande Creek, the water in Lopez Reservoir is not used for irrigation, and ground water continues to be the main agricultural water supply.

Ground water extractions have resulted in declining water levels in all parts of the study area. With the agricultural and urban demand expected to increase, water levels can be expected to continue to decline. Currently, an exception to this trend is the stable or rising water levels in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area. Ground water pumpage has been reduced in this area since the introduction of Lopez Reservoir water for local urban use. However, this is a temporary condition. As the urban demand on the ground water pool increases, the amount extracted will probably again exceed replenishment to this part of the basin and water levels will again decline.

Currently, municipal and urban waste water is not reclaimed as a water supply. Most of the sewage from the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area is treated in the South San Luis Obispo County Waste Water Treatment Plant with the effluent discharged to the ocean. Elsewhere, in Nipomo Mesa and the Santa Maria Valley some reuse of waste water is realized as effluent from individual septic tank-leach field systems percolates to recharge the ground water basin.

3. The early part of the study showed that subsurface geologic data and ground water data were lacking on the seaward side of Nipomo Mesa and two exploratory holes were drilled to obtain information in the area. The data from these holes showed that

the sediments below this portion of the study area formed discrete aquifers along the beach. Water well drillers' logs showed that the same aquifers were less defined inland. The specific yields of the aquifers penetrated by the two exploratory holes were calculated to be 9 percent in the upper aquifer and 8 percent in the lower.

4. In 1975, the water in storage above sea level was estimated to be 10.50 cubic hectometres (8,500 acre-feet) in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area, 212 cubic hectometres (172,000 acre-feet) in Nipomo Mesa, and 56.2 cubic hectometres (45,600 acre-feet) in the portion of Santa Maria Valley within the study area.
5. The ground water stored in Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area increased by 7.1 cubic hectometres (5,800 acre-feet) from 1965 to 1975, largely reflecting the construction of Lopez Reservoir. In Nipomo Mesa, from 1967 to 1975, the amount of ground water stored declined by 28.0 cubic hectometres (22,000 acre-feet) and in Santa Maria Valley (that portion in San Luis Obispo County) it declined by 3.5 cubic hectometres (2,800 acre-feet).
6. The mineral quality of the ground water in the Arroyo Grande area is generally acceptable for domestic and agricultural uses. The water in the deeper aquifers is generally higher in its mineral concentrations than water in the upper aquifers.

Nitrate concentrations in the ground water in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area exceed the acceptable limits of the State health standards. The high nitrogen concentrations may occur cyclically and the ground water meets the drinking water standards of the State Department of Health Services part of the time.

The ground water in Nipomo Mesa generally meets the drinking water standards of the State Department of Health Services and is suitable for most agricultural uses.

The total dissolved solids (TDS) concentrations in the ground water in the Santa Maria Valley of San Luis Obispo County are mainly in the range between 500 and 1 000 mg/l, with some well samples ranging from 1 000 to 1 500 mg/l. A few samples exceed 1 500 mg/l. The ground water is suitable for most agricultural uses.

As part of an earlier study, 32 piezometers were constructed along the coast to test for sea water intrusion. Thus far no evidence of intrusion has been found.

7. An offshore seismic profile, coupled with what is known about the onshore geology, points to an offshore extension of fresh water-bearing aquifers.

If the geology along the beach were projected offshore, the water-bearing sediments, which include two aquifer systems, would measure 15 kilometres (9 miles) along the beach and 19 kilometres (12 miles) offshore. At the shoreline between Arroyo Grande Creek and the Santa Maria River, the upper aquifer has an average thickness of 60 metres (190 feet) and the lower aquifer averages 130 metres (430 feet).

8. Assigning the specific yields of the sediments in the test holes on the beach to the sediments offshore, there would be an estimated 3 700 cubic hectometres (3,000,000 acre-feet) in storage offshore between Arroyo Grande Creek and the Santa Maria River. Not all the water would be potable, however, because a wedge of sea water intrudes and displaces fresh water in all aquifers offshore. The size of the

wedge depends upon the hydraulic conditions in individual aquifers.

9. The quality of the water in the aquifers offshore cannot be determined directly with the available data.
10. The full use of local ground water supplies would minimize adverse economic impact in the Arroyo Grande area. However, it is not consistent with the Regional Water Quality Control Board's strategy for implementing the water quality control plan.

Conclusions

1. With average annual replenishment, the amount of ground water in storage at elevations above sea level in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area appears to be adequate to meet the water demand until at least 1990, and in the Nipomo Mesa and the Santa Maria Valley within San Luis Obispo County to at least 2000. Generally, as long as ground water levels remain above sea level, the sea water is not likely to intrude.
2. Based upon the geology onshore, the aquifers that underlie the land portion of the study area apparently extend offshore and are in hydrologic continuity with the recharge areas onshore. As the ground water levels on land decline, the water in the offshore aquifers can migrate landward toward the production wells. Thus the available ground water supply includes whatever fresh water returns to the land from the offshore storage.
3. The amount of offshore fresh ground water estimated in this study is speculative. Accordingly, it presents a possibility that intrusion may not be observed onshore for a number of years to come but, on the other hand, provides

no assurance that intrusion is not imminent. Consequently, the option of pumping and using ground water beyond the long-term replenishment rate should include provisions for facilities in the future to prevent or alleviate sea water intrusion. Such facilities could entail substantial capital and annual costs.

4. The quality of the water in the aquifer offshore may be similar to that of the water samples obtained from the monitoring wells which probably penetrate the same offshore aquifer onshore. In these samples the TDS concentration ranged from 500 to 1 200 mg/l.
5. There appears to be a need to consider the full use of local ground water, both from the upper and lower aquifers and also a need for concurrent reassessment of the Water Quality Control Plan strategy and the policy underlying the plan.

Recommendations

1. The piezometers along the coast should be monitored on a semi-annual schedule for sea water intrusion. The sudden unexplainable increase of the chloride concentrations in well water by 100 mg/l or more would suggest sea water intrusion.
2. A comprehensive plan should be developed for managing the ground water resources and for providing for the future delivery of a permanent supplemental water supply. The management plan should be selected after fully exploring the potential benefits and risks of alternative plans that include increasing the use of ground water from the confined aquifers for a limited period. Because return of the fresh water from offshore storage may be interrupted by sea water intrusion, the chosen plan should articulate methods to provide a continuing supply in the event of

the premature appearance of sea water intrusion. The plan may provide for an interim water supply or for a significant reduction in the area's water demand or both.

3. In developing a comprehensive plan, consideration should be given to the full use of local ground water, from both the upper and lower aquifers; concurrently, the policy and the strategies of the Water Quality Control Plan would need to be reassessed.

4. Feasible waste water reclamation and reuse plans should be implemented and water conservation instituted in conjunction with further ground water development.

5. Ground water should continue to be the main agricultural water supply and the supplemental urban supply as long as the delivered water quality meets the standards of the State Department of Health Services for domestic drinking water.

II. WATER DEMAND AND SUPPLY

Water Demand

The overall urban water demand shown in Table 3 was estimated for 10-year intervals from 1970 to 2000 by applying a unit use factor of 511 litres (135 gallons) per capita per day to the 1970 census and to the San Luis Obispo County Planning Department's population projections to 2000. These per capita water demands to 2000 do not make allowances for conservation methods that may be widely practiced in the future; therefore, water requirements can be substantially less than those shown.

The urban demand, using the given constant unit use factor, is anticipated to increase from 4.403 cubic hectometres (3,570 acre-feet) in 1970 to 7.919 cubic hectometres (6,420 acre-feet) in 2000, an increase of 80 percent.

By far the largest use of water in this area is for agricultural irrigation.

According to estimates based upon the Department of Water Resources' 1977 land and water use survey, there were 5 545 hectares (13,700 acres) of irrigated

agriculture in 1977 (Table 4). The main products were truck crops in Arroyo Grande Valley, citrus, subtropical, and field crops in Nipomo Mesa and Nipomo Valley, and truck and field crops in Santa Maria Valley. The total applied water demand for these crops in 1977 was 52.2 cubic hectometres (42,300 acre-feet). By 2000 the demand is projected to be 52.3 cubic hectometres (42,400 acre-feet) per year if there is no augmentation of water supplies. With more water available and without substantial cost increases, more acres would be irrigated and the applied water demand would probably be 10 percent higher.

Table 5 shows the 1977 applied agricultural water demand and projections to 2000.

Water Supply

The water supply for the Arroyo Grande area comes from local ground water and surface water from Lopez Reservoir.

Therefore, almost all current water supplies in the study area are dependent upon local precipitation. For an insight

**TABLE 3
DOMESTIC AND URBAN WATER DEMAND*
ARROYO GRANDE AREA
In cubic hectometres (acre-feet)**

	1970	1980	1990	2000
Rural portion	0.777 (630)	0.789 (640)	0.765 (620)	0.740 (600)
Arroyo Grande	1.357 (1,100)	1.850 (1,500)	2.220 (1,800)	2.714 (2,200)
Grover City	1.110 (900)	1.480 (1,200)	1.850 (1,500)	2.220 (1,800)
Oceano	0.480 (390)	0.630 (510)	0.765 (620)	0.900 (730)
Nipomo	0.678 (550)	0.925 (750)	1.135 (920)	1.345 (1,090)
Total	4.403 (3,570)	5.674 (4,600)	6.735 (5,460)	7.919 (6,420)

*Based upon 511 litres (135 gallons) per capita per day.

TABLE 4
IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE*
ARROYO GRANDE AREA
 In hectares (acres)

Area	1977**	1980	1990	2000	With additional water supply	
					1990	2000
Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa	688 (1,700)	648 (1,600)	648 (1,600)	648 (1,600)	648 (1,600)	648 (1,600)
Arroyo Grande Valley	607 (1,500)	728 (1,800)	769 (1,900)	769 (1,900)	890 (2,200)	1 052 (2,600)
Nipomo Mesa	324 (800)	486 (1,200)	648 (1,600)	769 (1,900)	1 133 (2,800)	1 335 (3,300)
Los Berros Valley	81 (200)	81 (200)	81 (200)	81 (200)	81 (200)	81 (200)
Santa Maria Valley (in San Luis Obispo County)	3 359 (8 300)	2 914 (7,200)	2 954 (7 300)	2 954 (7 300)	2 954 (7 300)	2 954 (7 300)
Nipomo Valley	486 (1,200)	648 (1,600)	769 (1,900)	890 (2,200)	1 052 (2,600)	1 376 (3,400)
TOTAL	5 545 (13,700)	5 505 (13,600)	5 869 (14,500)	6 111 (15,100)	6 758 (16,700)	7 446 (18,400)

*Adapted from data developed for Bulletin 4 "The California Water Plan Policies and Action to the Year 2000".

**In 1977, some parts of the Arroyo Grande area experienced a temporary increase in irrigated acreage in anticipation of greater demand for farm products during the drought.

TABLE 5
ARROYO GRANDE AREA
IRRIGATION WATER DEMAND
 In cubic hectometres (acre-feet)

Subarea	1977	1980	1990	2000	With additional water supply	
					1990	2000
Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa	6.5 (5,300)	6.2 (5,000)	6.2 (5,000)	6.2 (5,000)	6.2 (5,000)	6.2 (5,000)
Nipomo Mesa	2.5 (2,000)	3.5 (2,800)	4.2 (3,400)	5.0 (4,100)	6.3 (5,100)	7.4 (6,000)
Upper Arroyo Grande Valley	5.9 (4,800)	6.5 (5,300)	6.7 (5,400)	6.7 (5,400)	6.9 (5,600)	7.4 (6,000)
Los Berros Valley	0.8 (640)	0.8 (640)	0.8 (640)	0.8 (640)	0.8 (640)	0.8 (640)
Santa Maria Valley (In San Luis Obispo County)	33.3 (27,000)	28.1 (22,800)	28.3 (23,000)	28.3 (23,000)	28.3 (23,000)	28.3 (23,000)
Nipomo Valley	3.2 (2,600)	4.3 (3,500)	4.7 (3,800)	5.3 (4,300)	6.4 (5,200)	8.0 (6,500)
TOTAL	52.2 (42,300)	49.4 (40,040)	50.9 (41,240)	52.3 (42,440)	54.9 (44,540)	58.1 (47,140)

into the amount of water available from natural sources, the 31-year period for water years 1935-36 to 1966-67 was selected as a base period representative of the average climatic conditions in the Arroyo Grande area. This base period represents an interval in which hydrologic conditions prevailing at its beginning and at its end were similar. It began during a dry period and ended at the next similar dry period. The 31-year average annual precipitation ranged from 300 millimetres (11.8 inches) near sea level to 800 millimetres (31.4 inches) at the highest elevations and averaged 410 millimetres (16.2 inches) overall. The San Luis Obispo County's isohyetal map of the average seasonal precipitation during the base period (Figure 3) illustrates the distribution of rainfall over the study area.

Information on waste water and surface water is summarized below. Ground water is discussed in the following chapters.

Waste Water

Currently, reclaimed waste water is not a source of supply. Sewage from Arroyo Grande, Oceano, and Grover City is given secondary treatment at the South San Luis Obispo County Treatment Plant, and the effluent is discharged to the ocean. The plant has a capacity of 9.5 megalitres (2.5 million gallons) per day, or 2.47 cubic hectometres (2,000 acre-feet) per year, but currently discharges an average of 3.8 megalitres (1 million gallons) per day to the ocean.

Sewage in Nipomo Mesa, Nipomo Valley, the Santa Maria Valley, and areas in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area outside the South San Luis Obispo County Treatment Plant sewerage system is discharged to septic tank-leach line systems and percolates to replenish the ground water in storage.

Surface Water

The water supply from surface sources comes from Lopez Reservoir and the Arroyo Grande Creek.

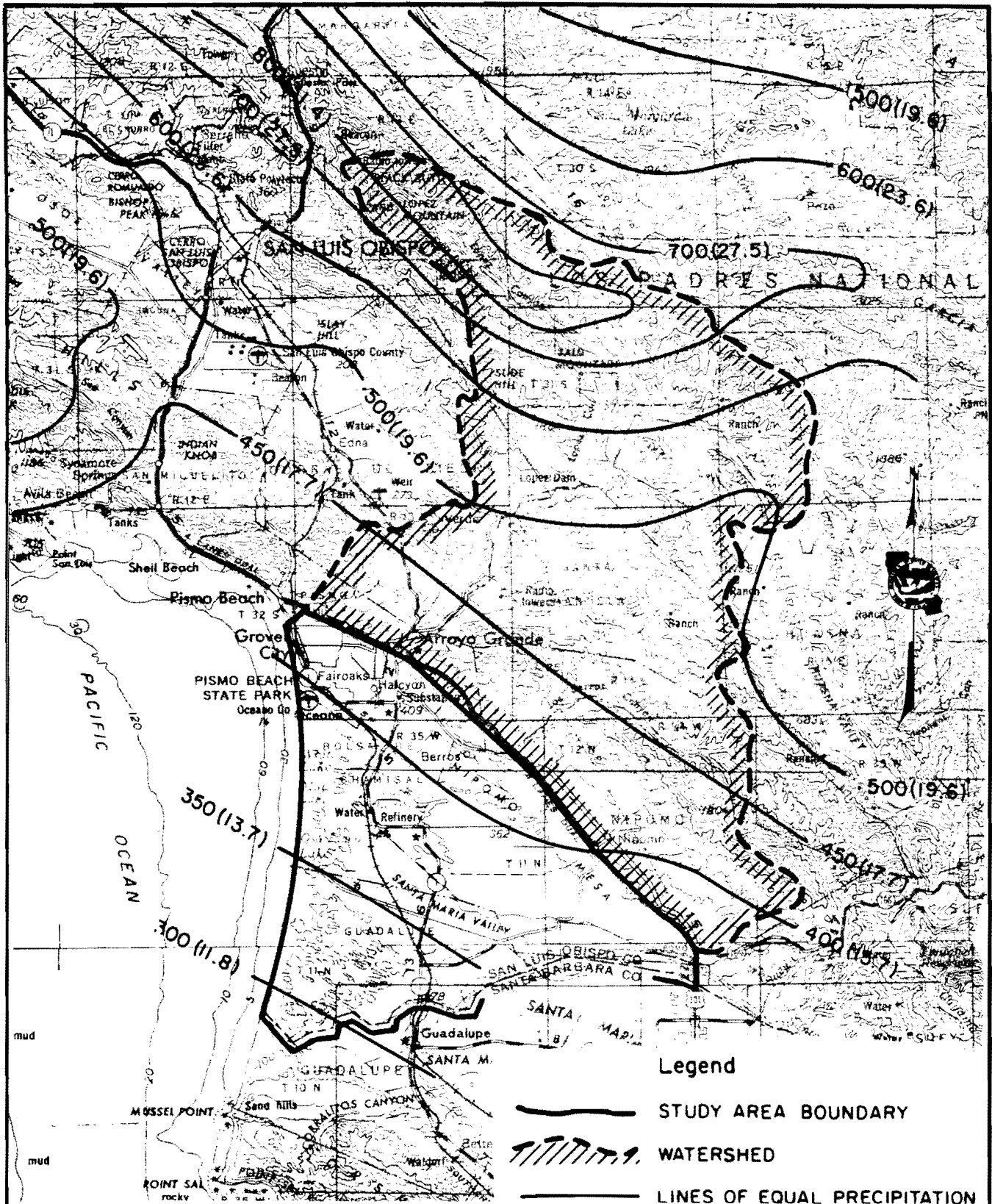
Prior to the construction of Lopez Reservoir in 1969, the urban supply was obtained from the local ground water basin. Today the local communities and the City of Arroyo Grande obtain most of their supply from Lopez Reservoir.

Before Lopez Reservoir, the storm runoff in Arroyo Grande Creek flowed unchecked to the ocean and was lost as a water supply. Storm flow in the upper reaches of the Arroyo Grande Creek drainage is now impounded by Lopez Dam and this loss of fresh water to the ocean has been reduced significantly. However, when seasonal rainfall is above average there may not be adequate reservoir storage available to capture the resulting runoff. Consequently, the reservoir has spilled several times since its construction.

The initial designed storage capacity of the reservoir is 63.9 cubic hectometres (51,800 acre-feet). The water supply available from Lopez Reservoir is committed to nearby communities for part or all of their urban supply and to release into Arroyo Grande Creek for agricultural use downstream.

Currently, 10.768 cubic hectometres (8,730 acre-feet) of reservoir water are allocated annually toward meeting water demands in the study area. Of this amount, 5.588 cubic hectometres (4,530 acre-feet) is contracted to nearby communities and the City of Arroyo Grande for their water supply. Arroyo Grande, Grover City, and Oceano (Community Service District 13) have the following entitlements to Lopez Reservoir water: Arroyo Grande, 2.82 cubic hectometres (2,290 acre-feet); Grover City, 0.99 cubic hectometre (800 acre-feet); and Oceano, 0.37 cubic hectometre (303 acre-feet). Avila and Pismo Beach, both of which are outside the study area, also have entitlements to Lopez water.

Another 5.18 cubic hectometres (4,200 acre-feet), the only water from Lopez Reservoir allocated for agricultural use, is released to Arroyo Grande Creek.



(Adapted from the Isohyet map by San Luis Obispo County)

Figure 3 - ARROYO GRANDE AREA, MEAN SEASONAL PRECIPITATION, 1935-36 THROUGH 1966-67

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

Water in the creek is diverted for irrigation in Arroyo Grande Valley. The streamflow also replenishes the ground water resources along its route from Lopez Dam to the ocean.

A mineral analysis of a May 1971 sampling of the reservoir, presented in Table 6, shows that the water in Lopez Reservoir is low in TDS concentration and is of good quality. Water in the Arroyo Grande Creek is initially good quality at Lopez Dam but deteriorates downstream as poor quality irrigation return enters the stream. Near Arroyo Grande, 24 kilometres (15 miles) downstream, the average TDS concentration in the creek had increased to more than 650 milligrams per litre (mg/l). Its TDS concentration exceeds the California domestic water supply standards recommended limit of 500 mg/l.*

Flow in Los Berros Creek, a tributary to Arroyo Grande Creek, is sustained by irrigation return water, underflow, and runoff from the adjacent hills. The creek's water quality exceeds the "limiting concentrations" of the State's domestic water supply standards in its TDS, sulfate, and nitrogen concentrations.

An analysis from Los Berros Creek in 1967 showed a total nitrate (as N) concentration of 20 mg/l. This exceeds the "limiting concentrations" for total nitrogen (as N) of 10 mg/l in the domestic water supply standards. This high nitrogen concentration is attributable to the presence of a feedlot and the use of fertilizers in Los Berros Valley.

The Santa Maria River within the study area has seasonal flow only. Its main

tributary, the Cuyama River, is dammed for flood control and local recharge programs, while the other tributary, the Sisquoc River, infiltrates its riverbed before reaching the Santa Maria River.

With the exception of Black Lake, water in the sand dune lakes exceeds the domestic water supply standards in TDS, sulfate, chloride, and fluoride concentrations. Black Lake has good quality water because the lake is sustained by water in the perched water table in Nipomo Mesa. A 1967 analysis of the water in Black Lake showed a TDS concentration of 400 mg/l and no constituents exceeded the limiting concentrations of the State's domestic water supply standards.

TABLE 6
MINERAL ANALYSIS OF
SAMPLE FROM LOPEZ RESERVOIR
May 1971

Temperature	70°
EC	602 micromhos/cm
Ca	72 mg/l
Mg	28 mg/l
K	4 mg/l
CO ₃	14 mg/l
HCO ₃	237 mg/l
SO ₄	87 mg/l
Cl	18 mg/l
NO ₃	4 mg/l
B	.06 mg/l
F	0.5 mg/l
TDS	327 mg/l
TH	297 mg/l

* Title 17 in California Administrative Code, "Domestic Water Supplies Quality and Monitoring", sets limits for a number of constituents and gives the State Department of Health Services responsibility for enforcement.

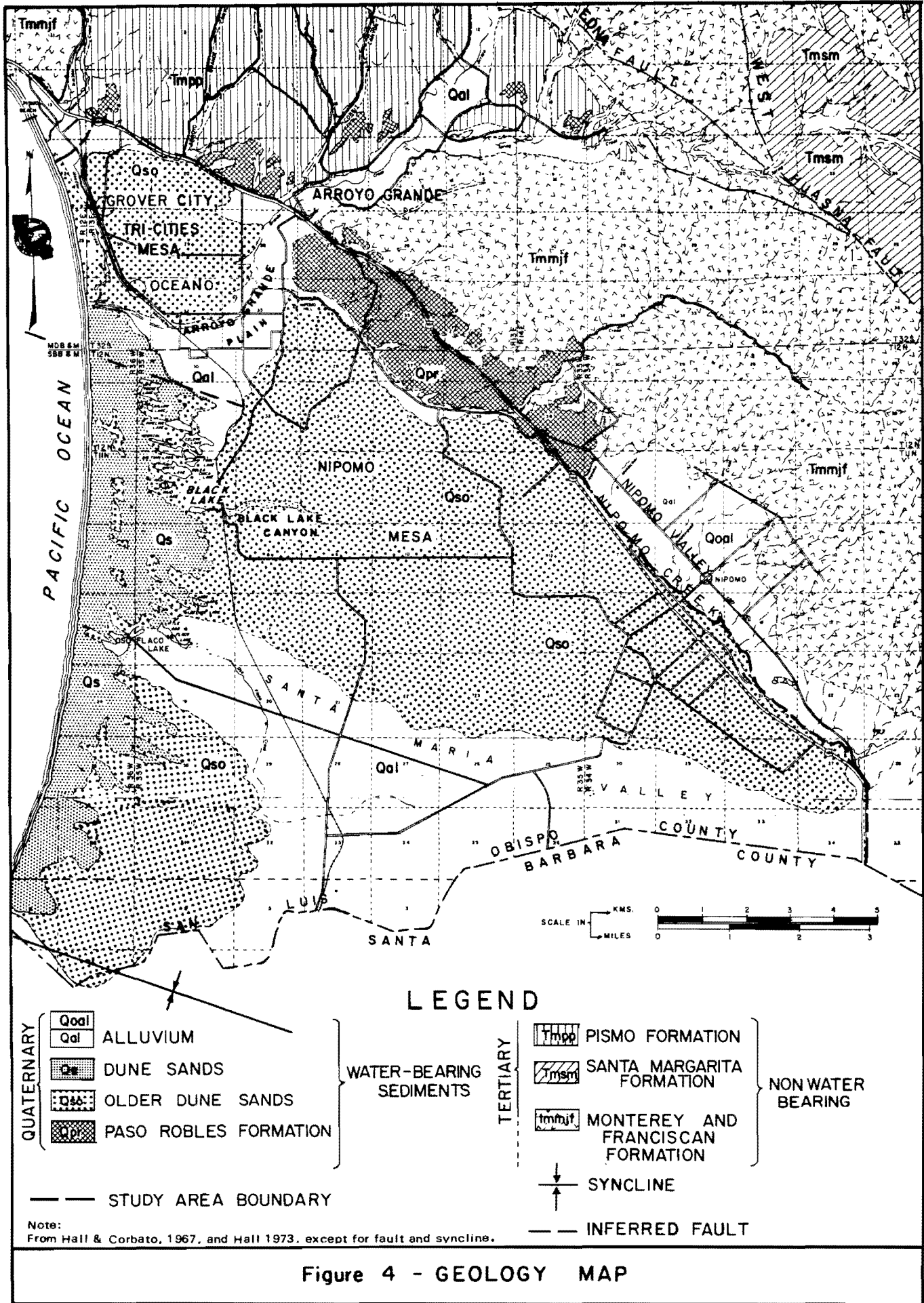


Figure 4 - GEOLOGY MAP

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

III. PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GROUND WATER BASIN

Information on the physical limits of the basin was needed to determine the extent of the ground water resource and to evaluate its potential role in meeting future water demands. Data were available from previous studies by the Department of Water Resources and the U. S. Geological Survey (USGS), including information from water wells, four sea water intrusion monitoring wells, and oil wells. In addition to the existing data, San Luis Obispo County drilled two exploratory holes, PSBO-1 and -2, in an 8-kilometre (5-mile) span in west Nipomo Mesa to obtain subsurface information, where, previously, none had been available. (Induction logs and lithologs of these holes are given in Appendix A.)

Information on the subsurface sediments 1.5 to 3 kilometres (1 to 2 miles) offshore was provided by the USGS from its 1973 offshore geophysical (sparker) survey.

Water-bearing Formations

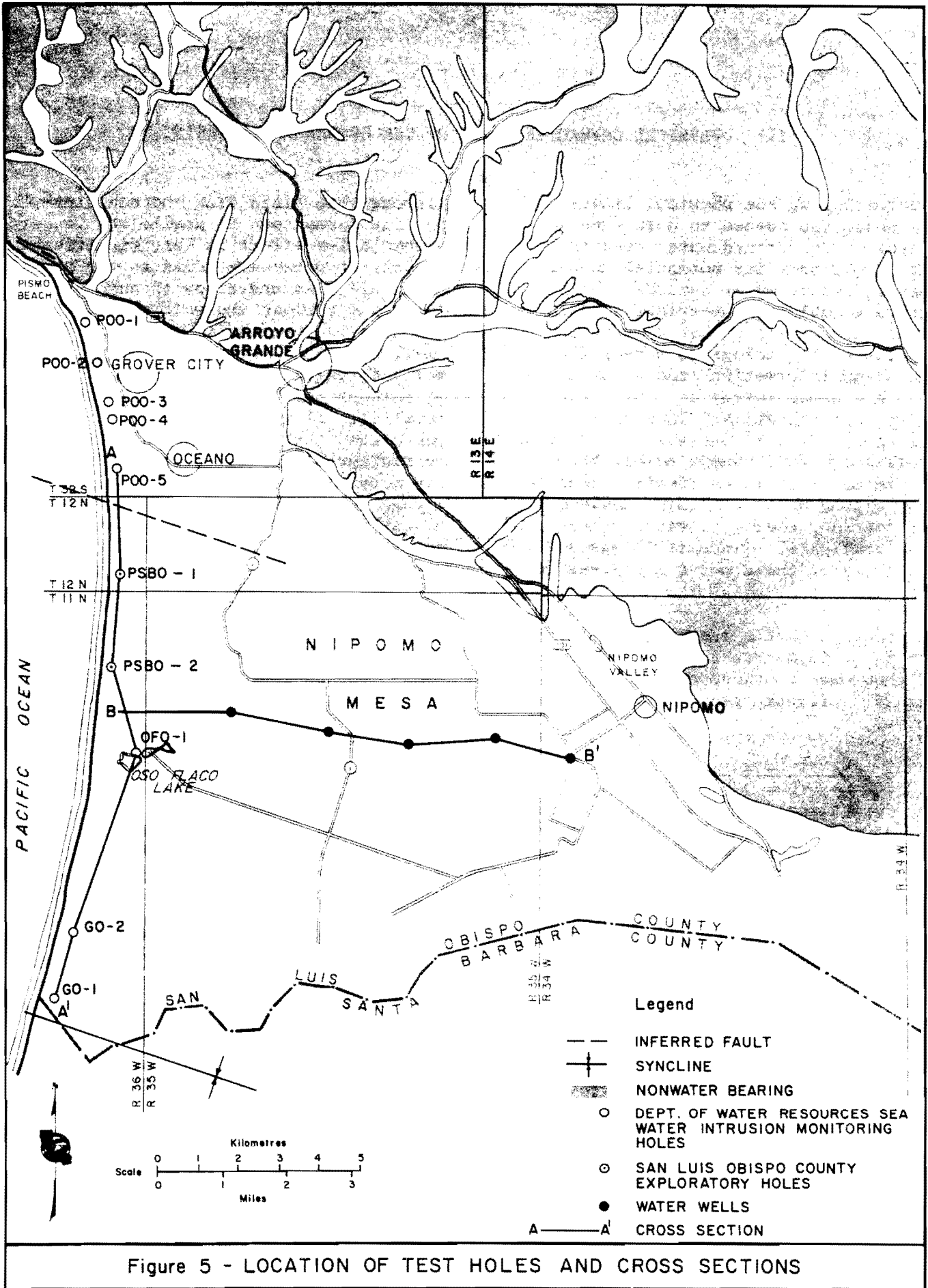
The formations in the study area can be categorized as water-bearing sands and gravels and nonwater-bearing sandstones, volcanics, and metamorphic rocks. Figure 4 shows the geology.

The nonwater-bearing rocks contain limited amounts of water in weathered material that may extend 30 to 60 metres (100 to 200 feet) below the ground and in joints and fractures that may go even deeper. They form the foothills and mountains upstream from the water-bearing basin area and provide temporary subsurface storage for percolating water and serve as a path by which water moves slowly downgradient into the water-bearing sediments. Thus, nonwater-bearing rocks play an important role in the ground water supply of the area.

Although the yield from the nonwater-bearing formations is small, the accumulative effect is that significant amounts of water are added to the ground water basin as underflow through the interface between the water-bearing and the nonwater-bearing formations. The small amount of water obtainable from wells in these nonwater-bearing formations can be adequate for domestic supplies. If wells are deep and perforated through much of their length, sufficient water may be obtained for a few acres of crops, as shown in the Nipomo Valley where wells penetrate the nonwater-bearing rocks for hundreds of metres.

Alluvium extends below the water table in both the Arroyo Grande Plain and Santa Maria Valley. In Nipomo Valley, alluvium is present as a thin cover on bedrock or as fill in the drainage gullies. The alluvium consists of unconsolidated silts, sands, and gravels with some clay. These sediments readily yield water to wells where they are saturated. Where they lie above the saturated sediments, they permit water to percolate easily to the water table. Large irrigation wells tap the alluvium in Santa Maria Valley and the Arroyo Grande Plain. USGS aquifer tests of two wells in the alluvium in Santa Maria Valley showed discharges of 4 500 and 5 200 litres (1,180 and 1,385 gallons) per minute and a specific capacity of 174 and 423 litres per metre (14 and 34 gallons per foot) of drawdown, respectively.

Recent dune sands lie in a belt between the mesas and the beach. These dunes consist in large part of shifting sands and are differentiated from the older dunes by their lack of vegetative growth. The sands are highly permeable but lie above the water table and are essentially unsaturated.



DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

Older dune sands form the upper layer of Tri-Cities and Nipomo Mesas. These sands are lightly compacted fine sands containing clay and silt stringers. Most of the formation lies above the water table, but clay strata create local perched water tables. Because of the permeability of the dunes, there is little runoff from the mesas. Precipitation is usually consumed as evapotranspiration or infiltrates to the ground water table.

The Paso Robles Formation is the major water-producing formation in the study area and appears in all the large basins in the county. In the Arroyo Grande Area, it underlies the basin from Tri-Cities Mesa to the Santa Maria Valley. It attains its maximum thickness of more than 300 metres (1,000 feet) along the south boundary of the study area under the Santa Maria River. The formation is composed of sands, gravels, silts, and clay. Thick silt and clay beds separate the sediments into discrete aquifers. Large municipal and irrigation wells draw from the Paso Robles Formation. Reported yields from wells in the formation range from 757 litres (200 gallons) per minute in a municipal well in east Nipomo Mesa to 3 800 and 6 000 litres (1,000 and 1,600 gallons) per minute in industrial wells in the western part of the Nipomo Mesa.

To present a graphic subsurface representation of the water-bearing sediments in the basin, cross sections were drawn along lines A-A' and B-B' shown in Figure 5. Line A-A' (Figure 6) was drawn using data from the sea water intrusion monitoring holes and PSBO-1 and -2. Line B-B' (Figure 7) was constructed using water well drillers' logs.

Geologic Structures

The study area lies between two major northwest-trending fault systems: the Huasna fault zone, located 8 kilometres (5 miles) northeast of Arroyo Grande

in the Santa Lucia Mountains, and the Hosgri fault, 19 kilometres (12 miles) offshore. Between the two faults are smaller associated faults and other geologic structures having a northwestward trend. Data from monitoring wells P00-5 and PSBO-1 and a nearby oil well suggest that there is a fault between P00-5 and PSBO-1 near the Arroyo Grande Creek outlet to the ocean. Displacement of the sediments of 60 to 120 metres (200 to 400 feet) is indicated, with the relative movement down on the north side. Another fault south of the San Luis Obispo-Santa Barbara County line is implied by the alignment of folds and faults offshore with sharp folds in Santa Maria Valley.

The study area lies over the north limb of an asymmetrical syncline that underlies the basin. The syncline is the major subsurface geologic structure in the study area. The north limb is longer and slopes at a lesser angle than the south limb. The south limb rises sharply because of its proximity to the hills on the south side of the valley. The axis of the syncline trends east-west through the Santa Maria Valley and intersects the shoreline near the Santa Maria River outlet to the ocean. The north limb of the syncline extends about 14 kilometres (8 miles) at the shoreline to a fault near P00-5. It underlies Santa Maria Valley and Nipomo Mesa. The south limb is considerably shorter, about 1.5 to 3 kilometres (1 to 2 miles) wide.

Base of Fresh Water

The contour lines shown on Figure 8 delineate the effective base of fresh water, which is defined as the top of the fine-grained sediments or bedrock itself. In the construction of the map, minor variations in the base were averaged to present the predominant trends in the configuration of this base of fresh water. The map is a modification of the base of fresh water map contained in the "Preliminary Evaluation of the Water Supply of Arroyo

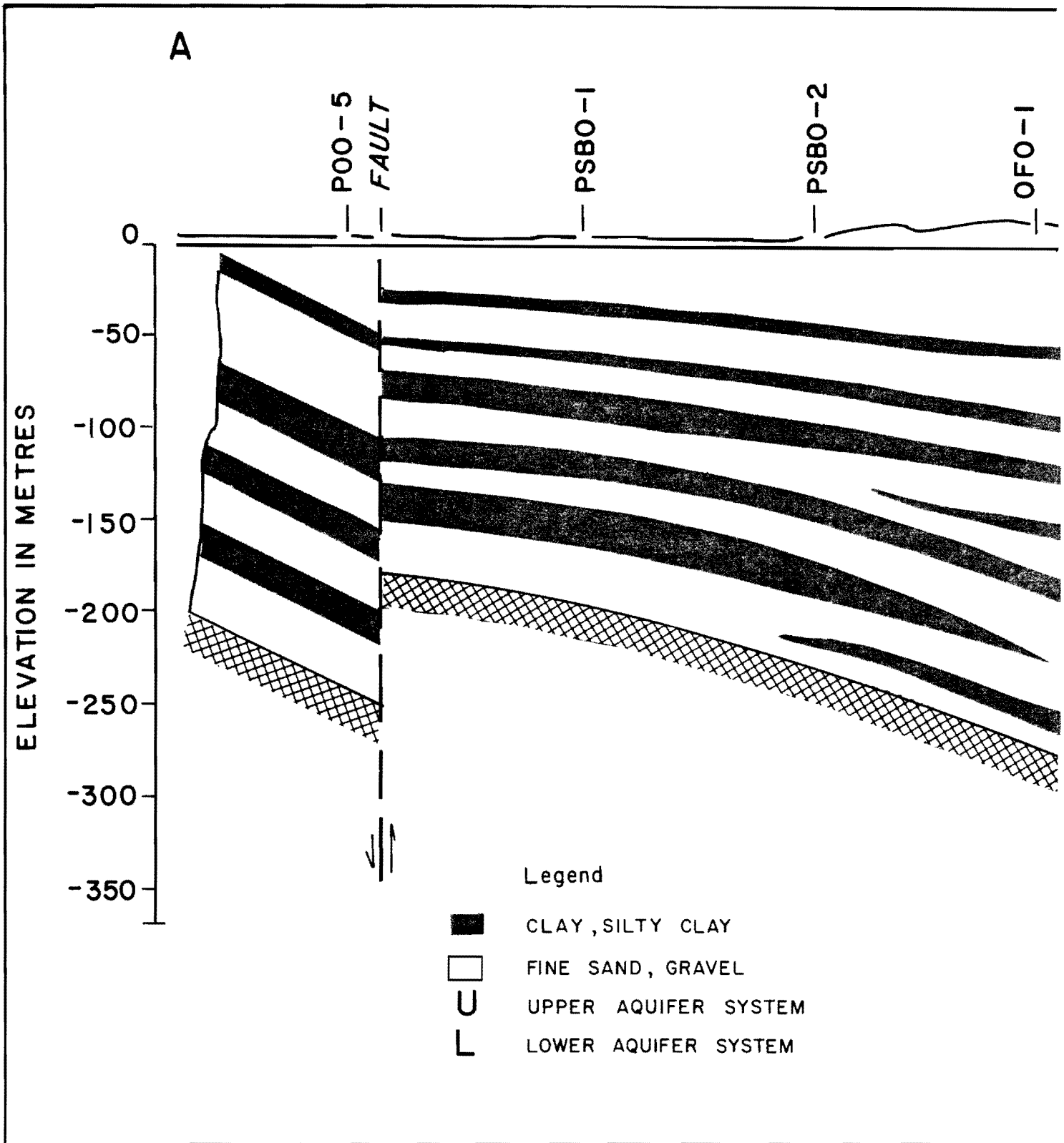
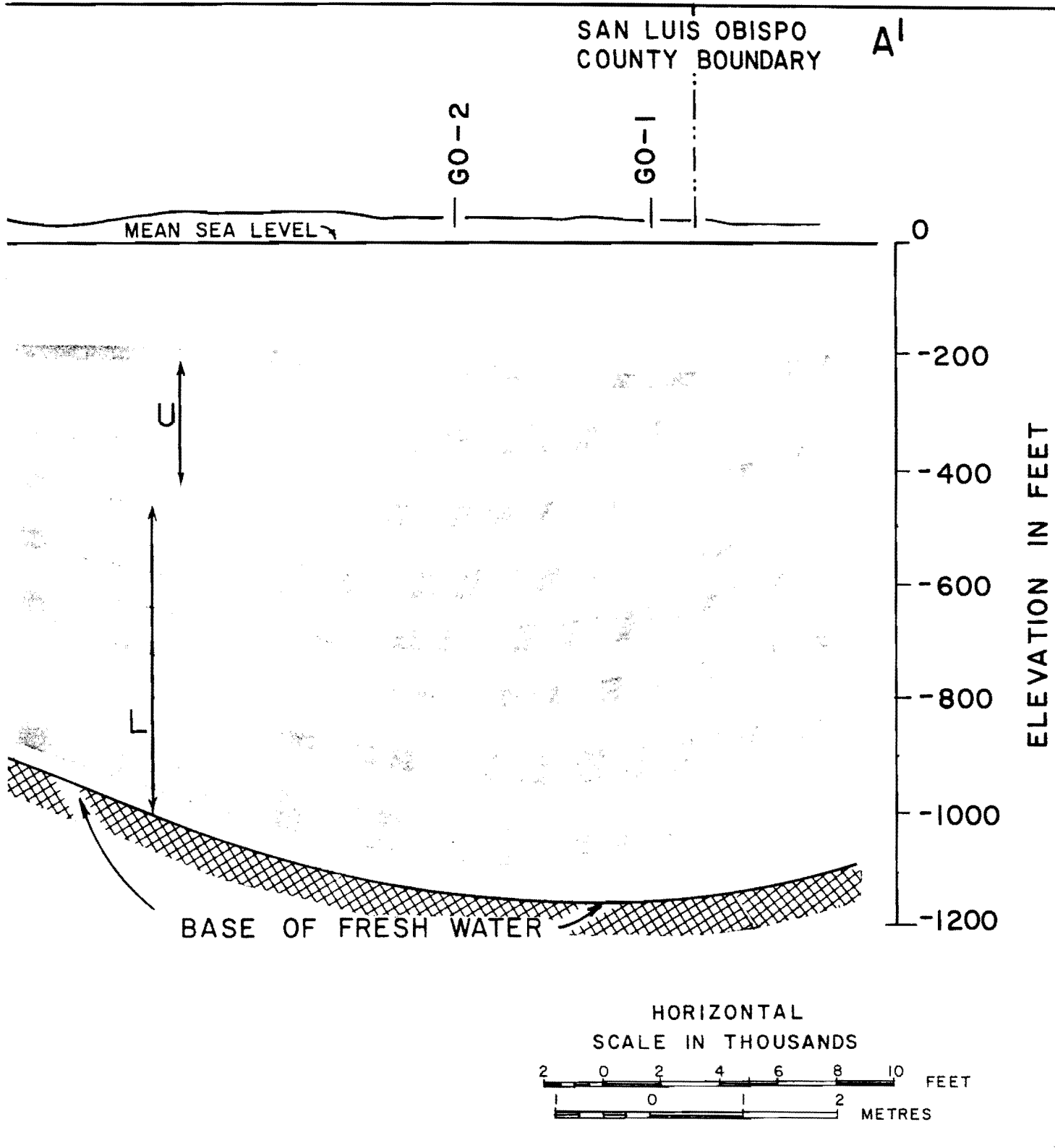


Figure 6 - GENERALIZED CROSS-SECTION A-A'



ARROYO GRANDE AREA

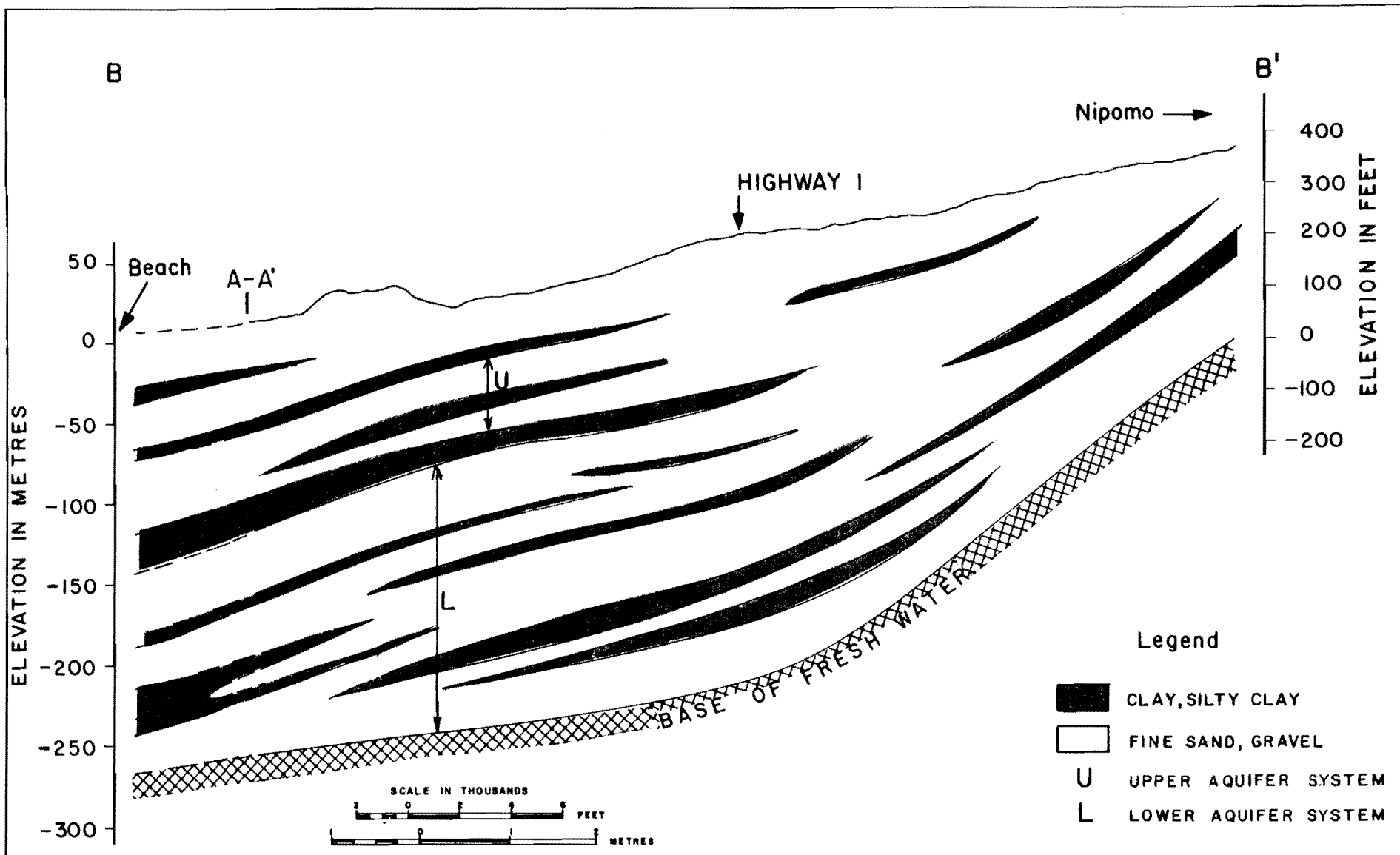


Figure 7 - GENERALIZED CROSS-SECTION B-B'

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

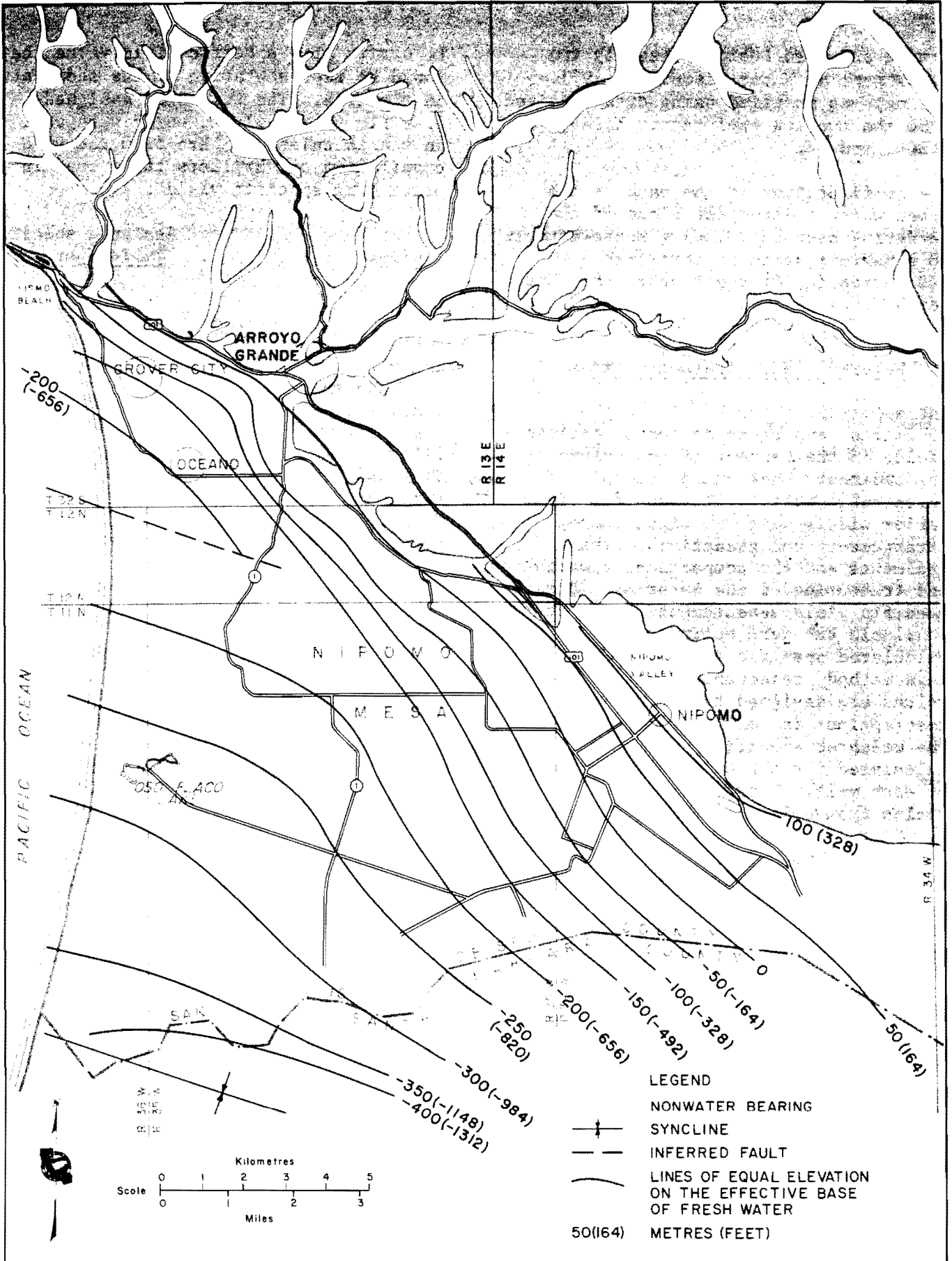


Figure 8 - EFFECTIVE BASE OF FRESH WATER

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

Grande and Paso Robles Areas" by the Department of Water Resources, 1971. The map was modified using data obtained from the two new exploratory holes, PSBO-1 and -2.

The configuration of the base of the fresh water follows the slope of the bordering bedrock, dipping southwesterly to a maximum depth of more than 400 metres (1,300 feet) under the Santa Maria River channel.

Water-yielding Characteristics

The available water supply in the sediments, expressed as their specific yield, is the percent of the volume of the sediments that can be occupied by extractable water. The specific yield varies widely with the size, shape, arrangement, and gradation of the sediments and the compaction, cementation, and fracturing of the material. Direct specific yield measurements were not available but were estimated by the calculated specific yield method. In this method, reasonable specific yield values are assigned to lithologic descriptions in well drillers' logs and the weighted specific yield value calculated for the penetrated sediments of each well. Then the weighted specific yields from selected wells are averaged

to arrive at a specific yield value that would be representative of the sediments in the area. The following assigned specific yield values, which were used in the calculations, are from the USGS compilation of "drillers terms used in estimating specific yield".

<u>Sediment</u>	<u>Assigned specific yield (percent)</u>
Clay	3
Shale	"
Soil	5
Silty clay	"
Clay and sand	"
Sandy silt	"
Sandy clay	"
Silt	"
Clay and gravel	7
Clay, sand, and gravel	"
Sand, gravel, clay	10
Gravel	18
Gravel and sand	"
Sand	20
Sand and gravel	"

In the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area the average weighted specific yield of 20 selected wells was 11.25, in Nipomo Mesa the average specific yield of 32 selected wells was 14, and in the Santa Maria Valley the average specific yield of 12 selected wells was 15.

IV. GROUND WATER

An important component of the study was an estimate of the amount of ground water in storage in the study area, its distribution, its quality, and the amount of replenishment to the ground water supply.

The basin can be subdivided into three storage areas on the basis of different inflow-outflow patterns and topographical differences. These three areas (Figure 9) are the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa, Nipomo Mesa, and the Santa Maria Valley.

Water Levels

With the advent of ground water pumping there has been a long-term lowering of water levels in wells. In recent years

this trend has slowed and in some areas water levels have risen. Most notably, water levels in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area have risen since 1969 when the pumping of ground water for urban use was largely discontinued in favor of water from Lopez Reservoir.

To illustrate water level changes over the study area, ground water level contour maps for 1965 and 1975 are shown in Figures 10 and 11.

In the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area, hydrographs of wells 32S/13E-29M4 and -30K14 (Figures 12 and 13) show that water levels had declined to near sea level in 1968 but by 1973 had risen 4.6 metres (15 feet) above sea level. There was a slight decline in 1975 because of below average rainfall, but overall there was a net increase in water levels of 3 metres (9.2 feet) between 1967 and 1975.

In the Arroyo Grande Valley upstream from Arroyo Grande there was little change in the ground water levels between 1971 and 1974. The average annual depth to water in 12 wells ranged from 10 to 11 metres (33 to 36 feet) during this period.

In Nipomo Mesa, wells 11N/35W-7R1 and -11J1 (Figures 14 and 15) show that the water levels in the central and western parts of the mesa are behaving differently. Well -7R1, in the western part of the mesa approximately 3.2 kilometres (2 miles) from the beach, shows that the water level elevation in this part of Nipomo Mesa was as low as 2.74 metres (9 feet) above sea level between 1961 and 1967 and 6 metres (20 feet) above sea level in 1974. It showed a general rise in water levels until 1975 when rainfall was below average. Well -11J1, located in the central portion of the mesa about 9.6 kilometres (6 miles)

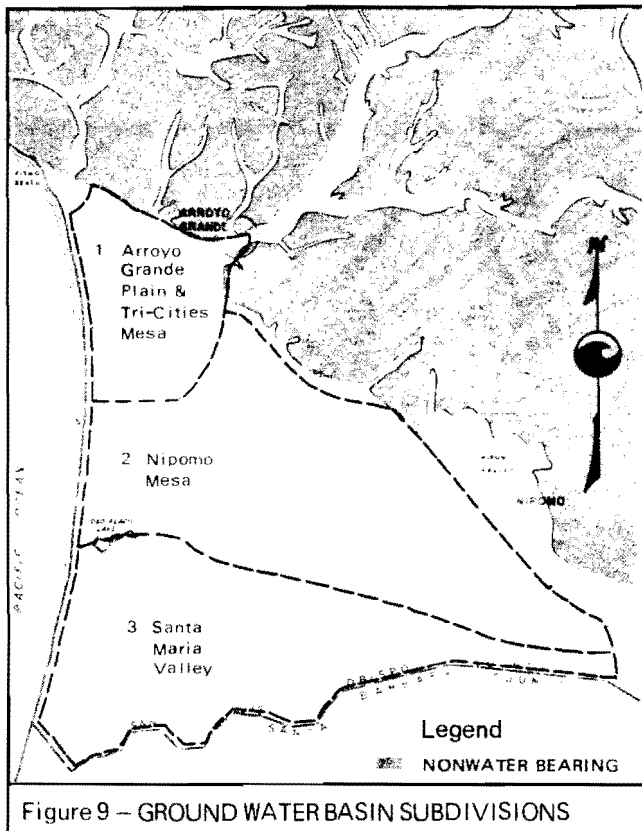
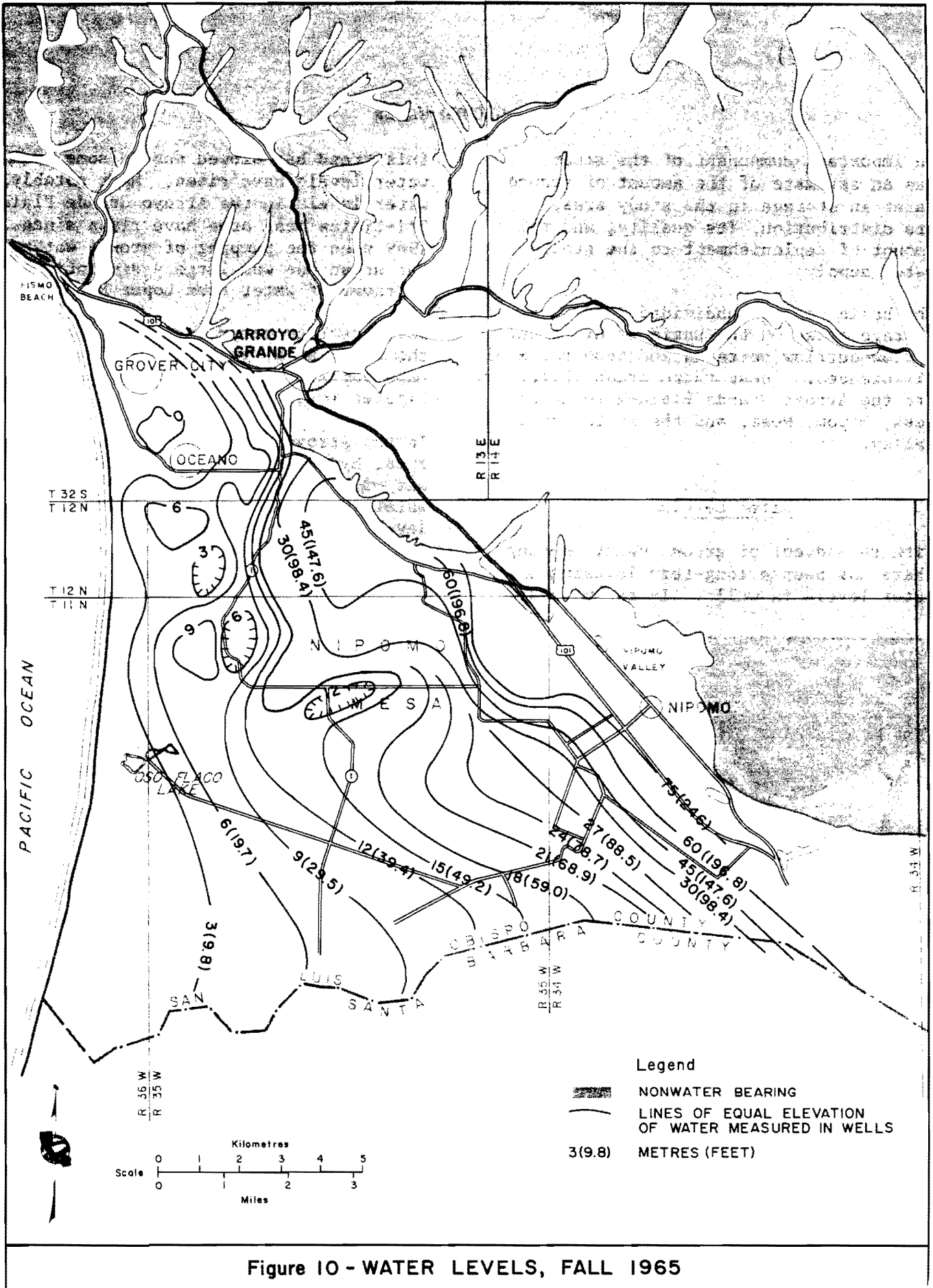
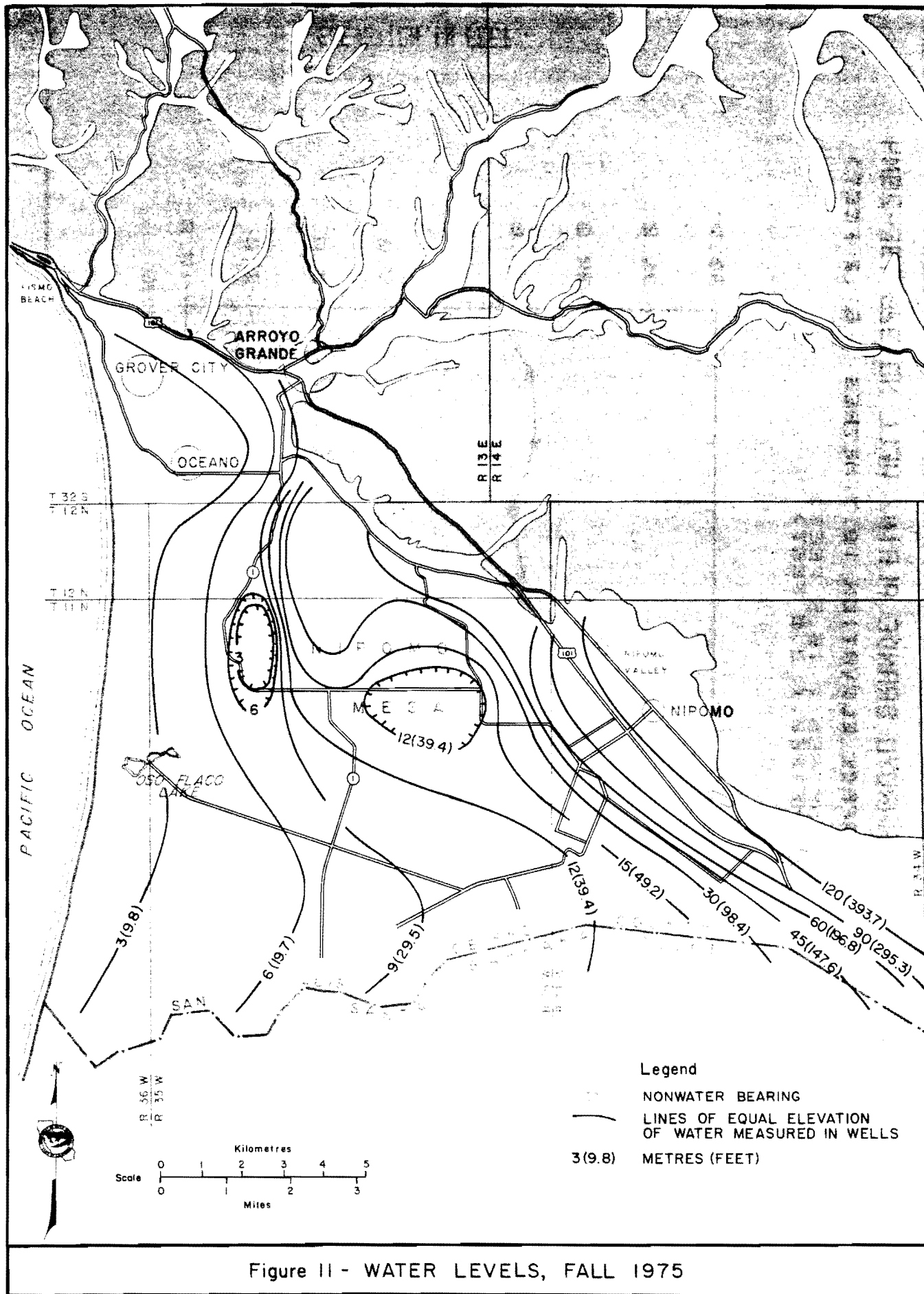


Figure 9 - GROUND WATER BASIN SUBDIVISIONS



DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979



HYDROGRAPHS FOR ARROYO GRANDE PLAIN, WELL NO: 325/13E-29M4

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 18.7 METRES (61.2 FEET)

HIGH = 5.0 METRES (16.5 FEET)

LOW = 0.6 METRES (2.0 FEET)

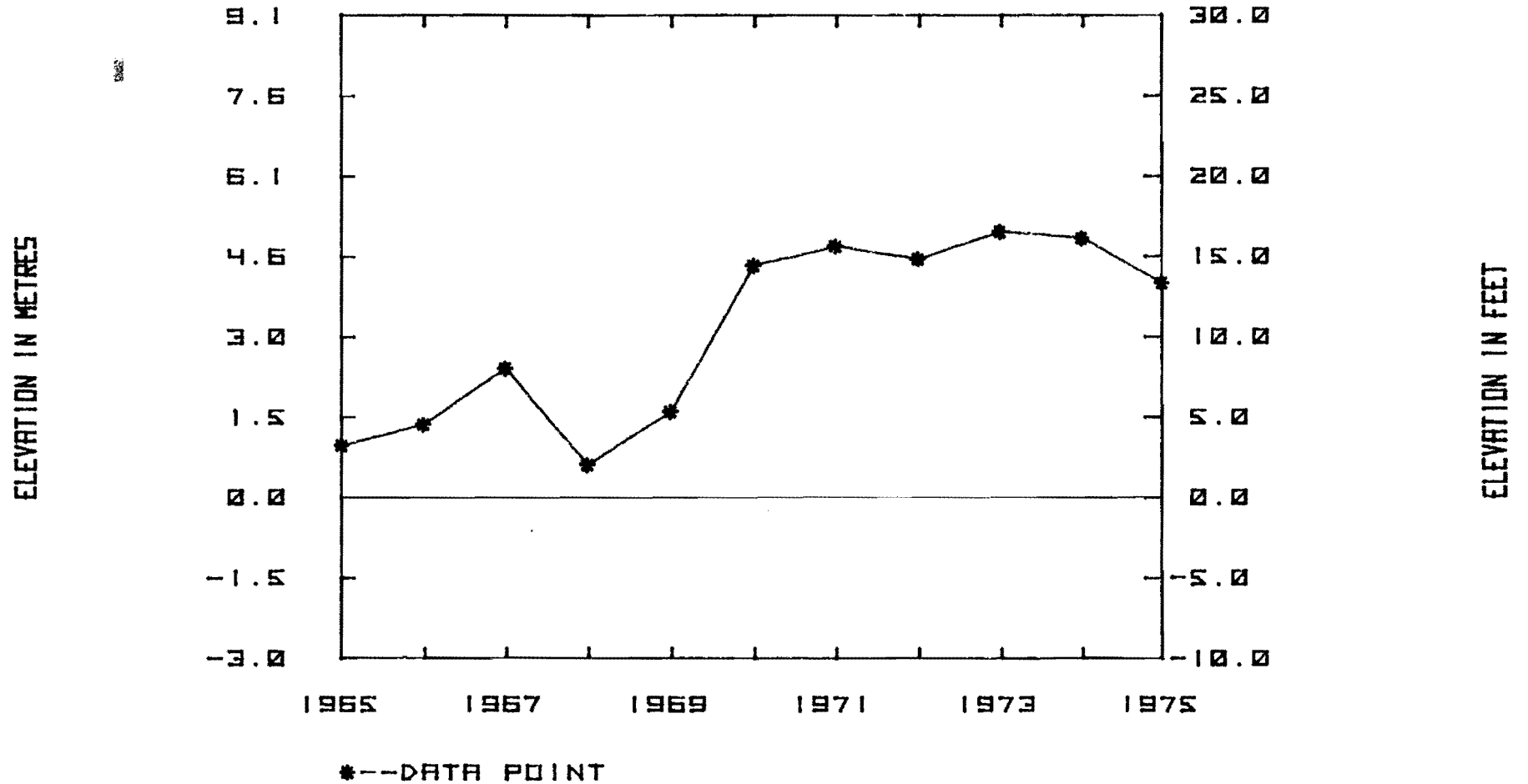


Figure 12. HYDROGRAPH: ARROYO GRANDE PLAIN, WELL NO. 325/13E-29M4

HYDROGRAPHS FOR ARROYO GRANDE PLAIN, WELL NO: 325/13E-30K14

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 12.5 METRES (41.0 FEET)

HIGH = 4.4 METRES (14.5 FEET)

LOW = -0.9 METRES (-3.0 FEET)

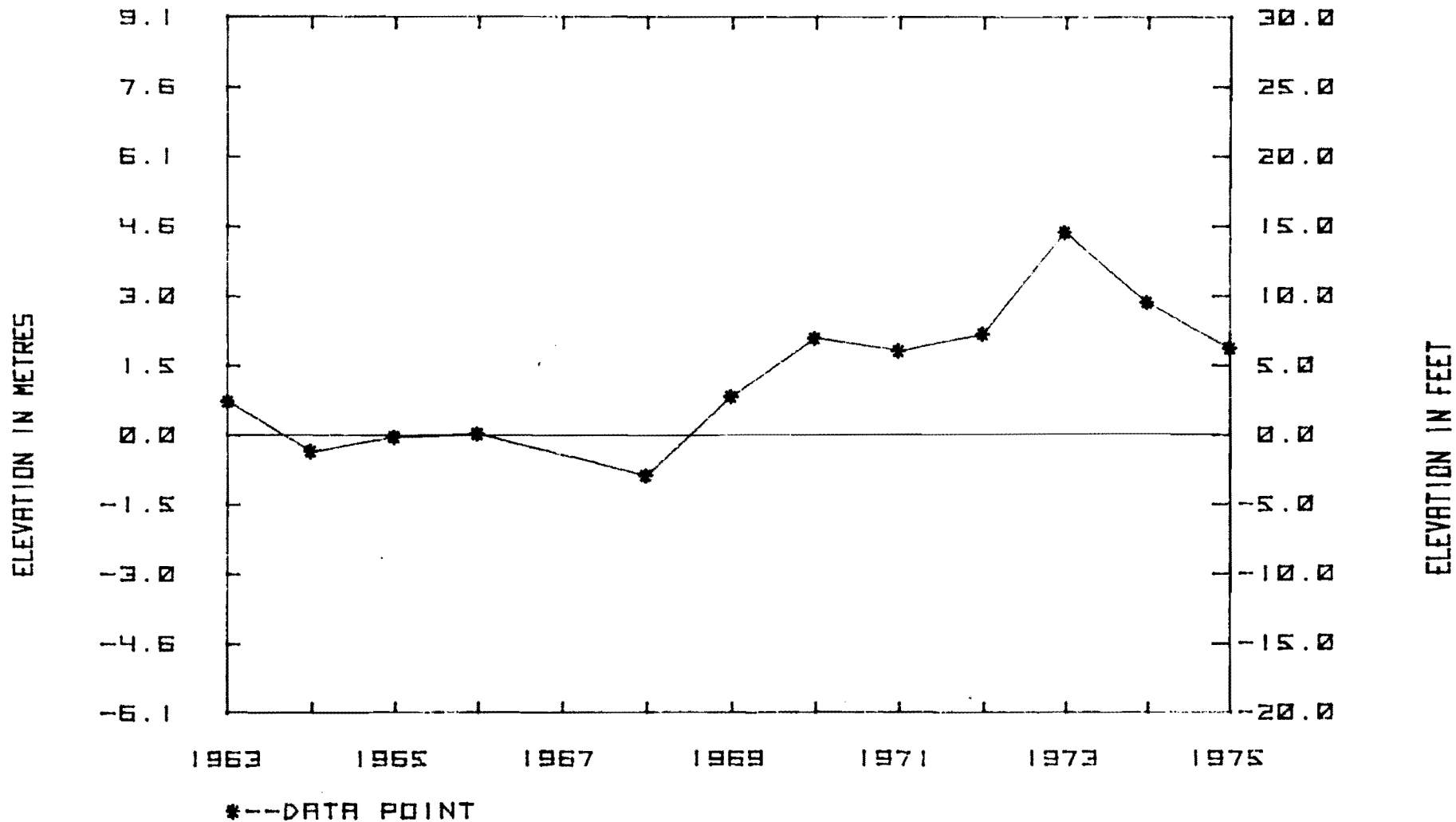


Figure 13. HYDROGRAPH: ARROYO GRANDE PLAIN, WELL NO. 325/13E-30K14

HYDROGRAPHS FOR NIPOMO MESA, WELL NO: 11N/35W-7R1

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 29.0 METRES (95.0 FEET)

HIGH = 7.0 METRES (23.1 FEET)
LOW = 1.6 METRES (5.2 FEET)

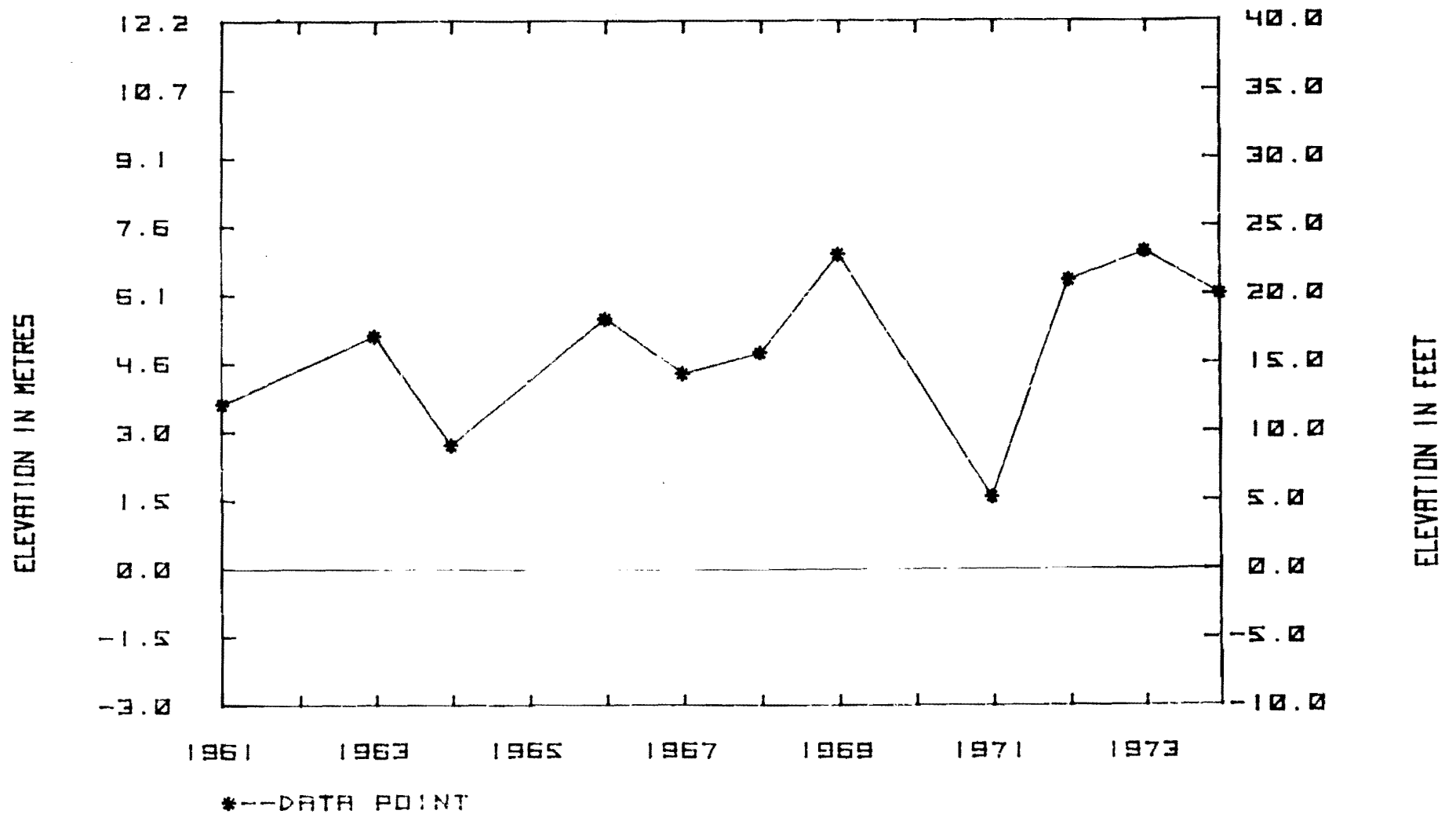


Figure 14. HYDROGRAPH: NIPOMO MESA, WELL NO. 11N/35W-7R1

HYDROGRAPH FOR NIPOMO MESA, WELL NO: 11N/35W-11J1

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 107.3 METRES (352.0 FEET)

HIGH = 32.8 METRES (107.7 FEET)

LOW = 18.5 METRES (60.6 FEET)

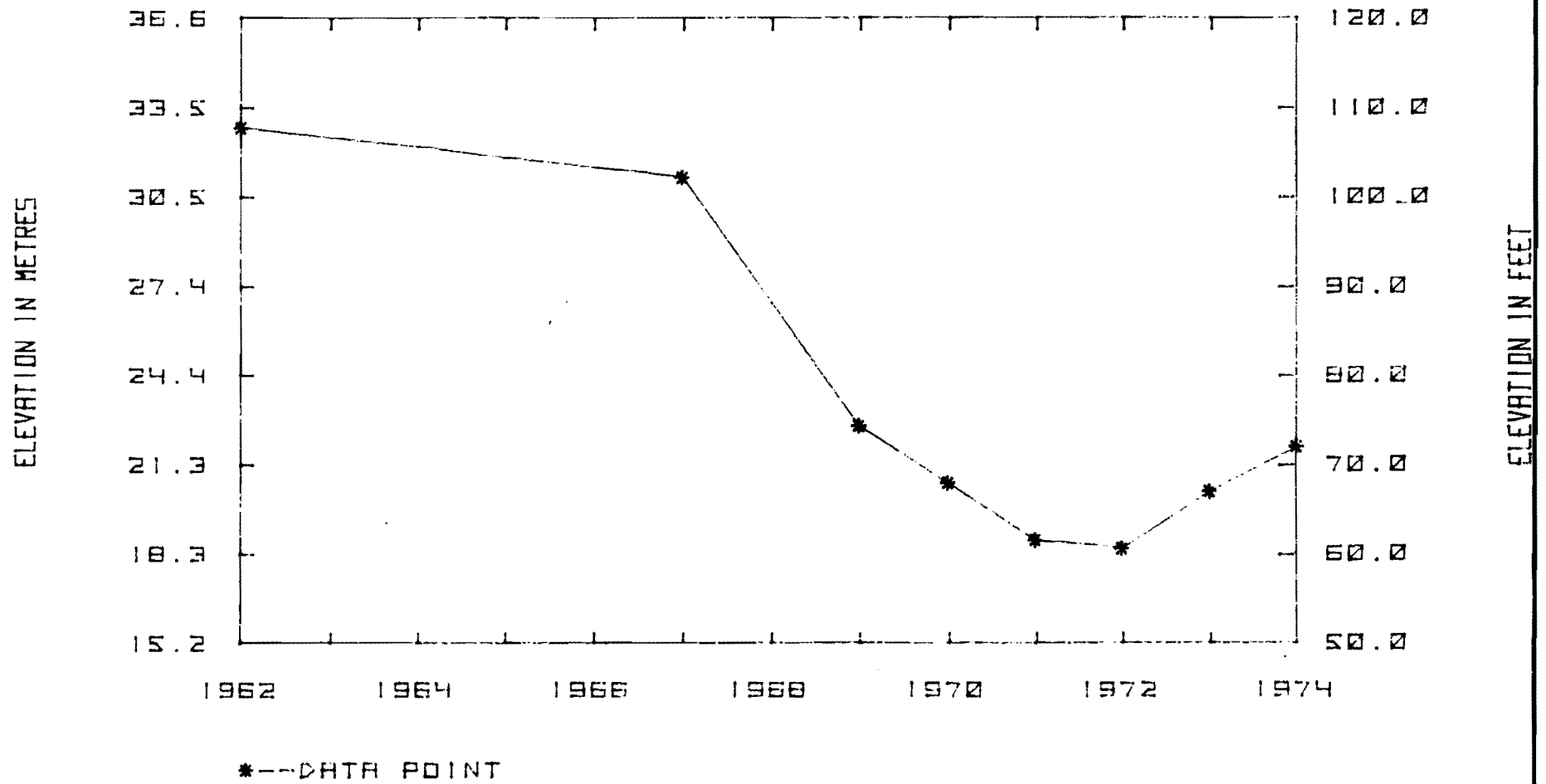


Figure 15. HYDROGRAPH: NIPOMO MESA, WELL NO. 11N/35W-11J1

from the ocean, showed a decline in water level elevations from 32.6 metres (107 feet) in 1962 to 18 metres (60 feet) in 1972. There has been a partial recovery as a result of heavy rainfall in 1974.

Historically, water levels in the Santa Maria Valley declined steadily. From 1967 to 1972, they rose, probably due to spreading operations at Twitchell Reservoir and above average rainfall. Levels have declined somewhat since 1972. The two wells below illustrate the recent pattern of water levels in the valley.

Well 11N/35W-28M1 (Figure 16) shows a low water level measurement of 4.1 metres (13.5 feet) above sea level in 1967 and 11.4 metres (37.5 feet) in 1972, a gain of 7.3 metres (24 feet).

Well 11N/35W-33G1 (Figure 17) shows a low water level measurement of 6.6 metres (21.7 feet) above sea level in 1967 and 13.3 metres (43.6 feet) in 1972, a gain of 6.7 metres (21.9 feet).

Storage

Storage calculations were based on the volume of saturated sediments as determined from water level measurements in wells. Water in storage during 1965,

1967, 1970, and 1975 is shown in Table 7. Calculations in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa are for 1965, 1970, and 1975 to show the differences in storage conditions before and after operations began at Lopez Reservoir.

The Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area shows a significant increase in the amount of ground water in storage since local communities started using water from Lopez Reservoir in place of local ground water for most of their urban supply. Also, regulating flow in Arroyo Grande Creek by controlling the release of water at Lopez Dam provided greater opportunity for stream seepage and contributed to the ground water in storage. The effect of decreasing pumping in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area is shown by the sharp increase in the ground water in storage between 1965 and 1970. In 1965 there were 3.4 cubic hectometres (2,700 acre-feet) in storage and 10.4 cubic hectometres (8,400 acre-feet) in storage in 1970.

Until 1969, when Lopez Reservoir became the source for the urban water supply, the ground water in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area provided for both agricultural and municipal water demands. The amount of ground water extracted exceeded replenishment and

**TABLE 7
GROUND WATER IN STORAGE
ARROYO GRANDE AREA**

Area	Average specific yield (percent)	Area in hectares (acres)	Storage above sea level in cubic hectometres (acre-feet)				Storage below sea level in cubic hectometres (acre-feet)
			1965	1967	1970	1975	
Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa	11.25	2 930 (7,200)	3.40 (2,700)	--	10.40 (8,400)	10.50 (8,500)	505 (410,000)
Nipomo Mesa	14.00	8,550 (21 100)	--	240 (194,000)	--	212 (172,000)	1 250 (1,000,000)
Santa Maria Valley	15.00	7 285 (18 000)	--	59.7 (48,400)	--	56.2 (45,600)	2 874 (2,330,000)

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 23.5 METRES (77.0 FEET)

HIGH = 11.4 METRES (37.5 FEET)

LOW = 4.1 METRES (13.5 FEET)

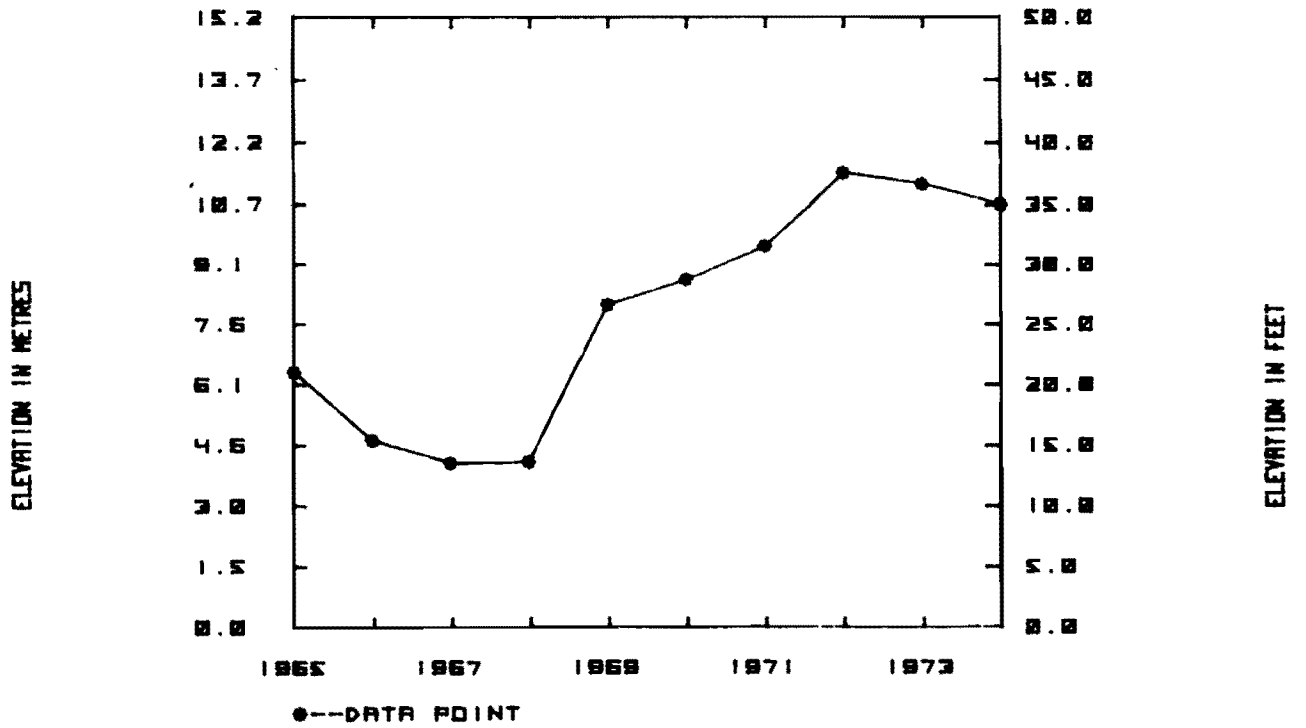


Figure 16. HYDROGRAPH: SANTA MARIA VALLEY, WELL NO. 11N/35W-28M1

GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION 27.7 METRES (91.0 FEET)

HIGH = 13.3 METRES (43.6 FEET)

LOW = 6.6 METRES (21.7 FEET)

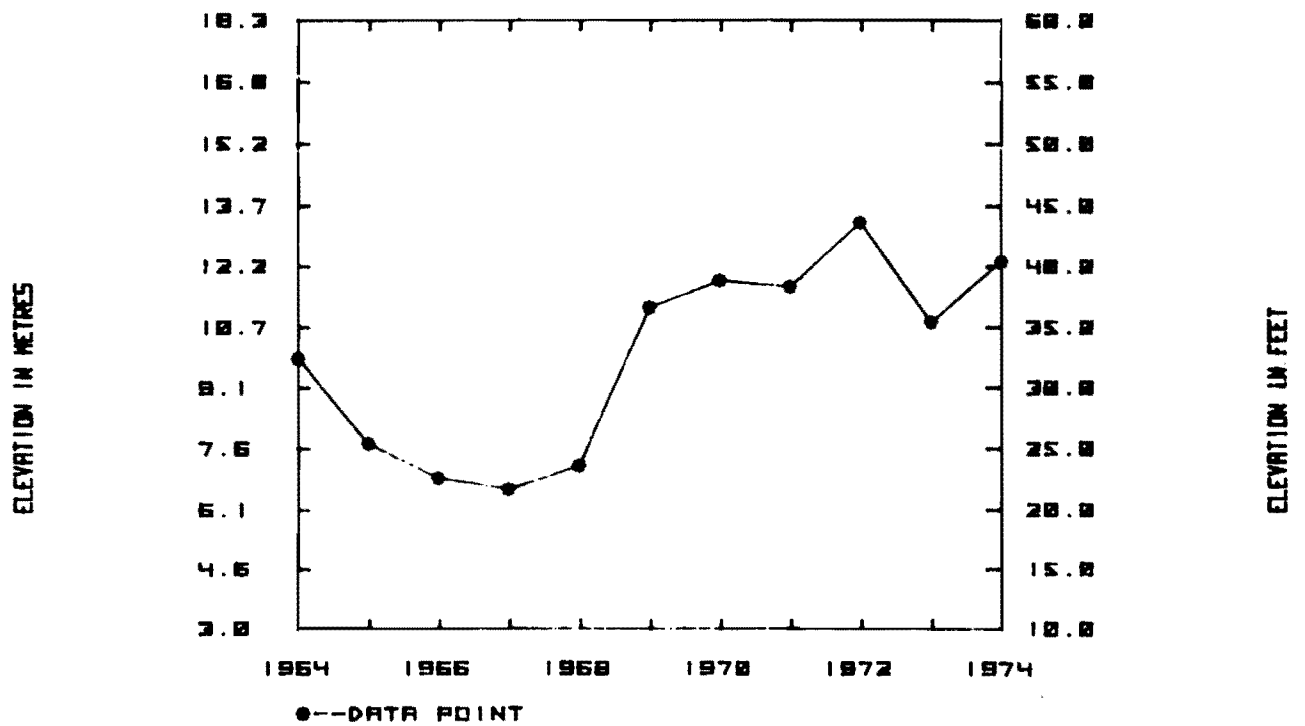


Figure 17. HYDROGRAPH: SANTA MARIA VALLEY, WELL NO. 11N/35W-33G1

the water levels were depressed to near sea level. In 1969 extraction for urban use was about 3.5 cubic hectometres (2,800 acre-feet). Since 1969, with most of the urban supply coming from Lopez Reservoir, the water levels measured in wells show that the water in storage has increased. However, the water supply allocated to the separate communities from Lopez Reservoir is not sufficient to meet the water demands in every case, and the communities continue their dependency upon ground water to meet their demands. According to the population growth projections and the current unit water use, the demand on the ground water reservoir will again exceed the replenishment to the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area in 1990 or soon after.

Storage in the Arroyo Grande Valley upstream from Arroyo Grande was calculated under hydrologic conditions prevailing since the construction of Lopez Dam. The water-bearing sediments in the valley cover an area of approximately 810 hectares (2,000 acres) and have an estimated average thickness of 30 metres (100 feet). During 1971 to 1974 the saturated portion of these sediments ranged from 19.5 to 20.4 metres (64 to 67 feet). Based upon an estimated specific yield of 14 percent, the water in storage in the valley during this period was 19.7 to 21 cubic hectometres (16,000 to 17,000 acre-feet).

Pismo Beach, which is outside the study area, also obtains some of its water supply from wells in the Arroyo Grande Area. However, since 1970-71 the community's water demand has been met by its entitlement from Lopez Reservoir, and only a negligible amount of ground water from the Arroyo Grande ground water basin has been used. Pismo Beach has drawn its full entitlement from Lopez in 1975-76 and 1976-77 and may draw more water from the Arroyo Grande area in the future.

The Nipomo Mesa showed a decrease in the amount of ground water in storage above sea level between 1967 and 1975. In

1967, 240 cubic hectometres (194,000 acre-feet) were in storage and, in 1975, 212 cubic hectometres (172,000 acre-feet), a reduction of 28 cubic hectometres (22,000 acre-feet), for an average reduction of 3.4 cubic hectometres (2,750 acre-feet) per year. The loss of ground water in storage between these two sampling periods shows only a difference for these two periods and does not represent a steady year to year decline. During the interim years, the amount of water in storage fluctuated according to the amount of rainfall. Generally, 432 millimetres (17 inches) or more of precipitation during one season increased the water in storage while less rainfall resulted in a decrease.

The Santa Maria Valley shows only a slight reduction in ground water in storage above sea level. In 1967, there were an estimated 59.7 cubic hectometres (48,400 acre-feet) in storage and in 1975, there were 56.2 cubic hectometres (45,600 acre-feet) in storage. There was a decrease of 3.5 cubic hectometres (2,800 acre-feet). This amounts to an average annual storage decrease of 0.44 cubic hectometre (350 acre-feet).

However, the portion of the Santa Maria Valley within San Luis Obispo County is a small part of the valley and the amount of water in storage at any time will be determined by the ground water resources management practices in the entire valley. Currently, the ground water in the valley moves northwesterly into San Luis Obispo County from Santa Barbara County, but can migrate southward out of the study area if the flow from the upper valley decreases or pumping in Santa Barbara County reverses the gradient.

Ground Water Quality

The mineral quality of the ground water in the Arroyo Grande study area is generally acceptable for domestic and agricultural uses. However, water in the deeper aquifers generally has a

higher mineral concentration than does water in the upper aquifers. Therefore, as more water is pumped from the deeper aquifers and used for agriculture the mineral concentration in the irrigation return water and thus in the receiving water in the upper aquifers will increase at a faster rate than if only water from the upper aquifers were used. This may be contrary to the Regional Board's strategy in implementing the State Water Resources Control Board's water quality control plan, which is, in part, based on the State Board's nondegradation policy. The strategy is to minimize increase of mineral concentrations in the ground water. If the local ground water is used to its full potential, there could be an adequate water supply to delay the possible curtailment of agricultural operations and the need to finance and construct importation facilities.

A problem that requires attention is the high nitrate concentrations commonly found in ground water in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area.

High nitrates in drinking water have been linked to infant methemoglobinemia (blue babies), a disease characterized by certain blood changes and a bluish discoloration of the skin due to blood oxygen deficiency. Many authorities attribute the disease to high nitrate concentrations in water used for preparing feeding formula. Because of this health threat, the State Department of Health Services has specified a limiting concentration of 10 mg/l for nitrogen.* This concentration of nitrogen equals 45 mg/l nitrate. Nitrate is most commonly the only significant nitrogen compound found in ground water. Because of the importance of nitrate, it receives added attention in this discussion.

Sea water intrusion is an important factor to ground water management in the study area because it is a key limiting factor

as to how much ground water--especially water in the offshore aquifer--can be safely and economically used. Conversely, the amount of ground water in the onshore and offshore aquifers will significantly influence the location, timing, and magnitude of sea water intrusion.

For convenience of data retrieval, compilation, and discussion, the study area is divided into three areas in conformance with the Department's system for areal designation of hydrologic units. These are: Arroyo Grande hydrologic subarea, Nipomo Mesa hydrologic subarea, and Santa Maria Valley hydrologic subunit within San Luis Obispo County (Figure 18). Appendix B contains a printout of all quality data available during the study.

Arroyo Grande Hydrologic Subarea

In the Arroyo Grande hydrologic subarea, according to the frequency of observations, TDS concentration is mainly in the 250 mg/l to 1 250 mg/l range, although the 1 250 mg/l to 1 750 mg/l range is not uncommon (Appendix B). Nitrate usually exceeds 45 mg/l and total hardness predominantly exceeds 250 mg/l. However, at times, the nitrate concentration is within the drinking water standards.* Sulfate concentrations of 250 mg/l, the recommended limit for acceptable drinking water, are often exceeded, but chloride, fluoride, and boron constitute insignificant problems.

In the subarea, wells in the Arroyo Grande Valley upstream of Highway 101 typically draw from the Recent alluvium. In well 32S/13E-12Q2 (Figure 19) the TDS concentration has remained essentially unchanged although nitrate has increased.

However, there appears to be progressive downstream deterioration of the quality of water in the Recent alluvium. This is reflected in the water quality for 32S/13E-12Q2, 32S/13E-14R2, 32S/13E-23F1, and 32S/13E-22Q1 (Appendix B).

* Title 17, California Administrative Code, "Domestic Water Supplies Quality and Monitoring".

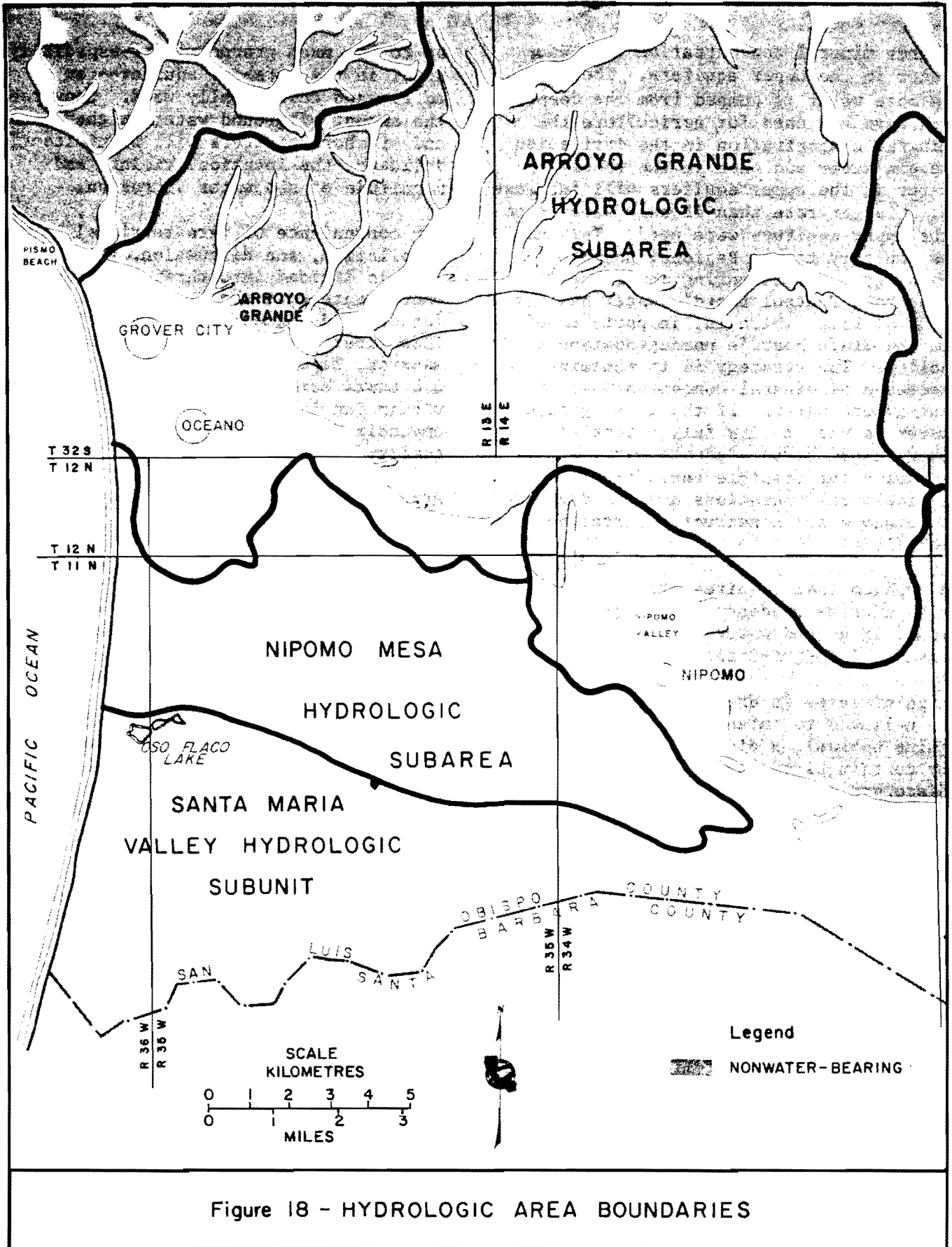


Figure 18 - HYDROLOGIC AREA BOUNDARIES

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

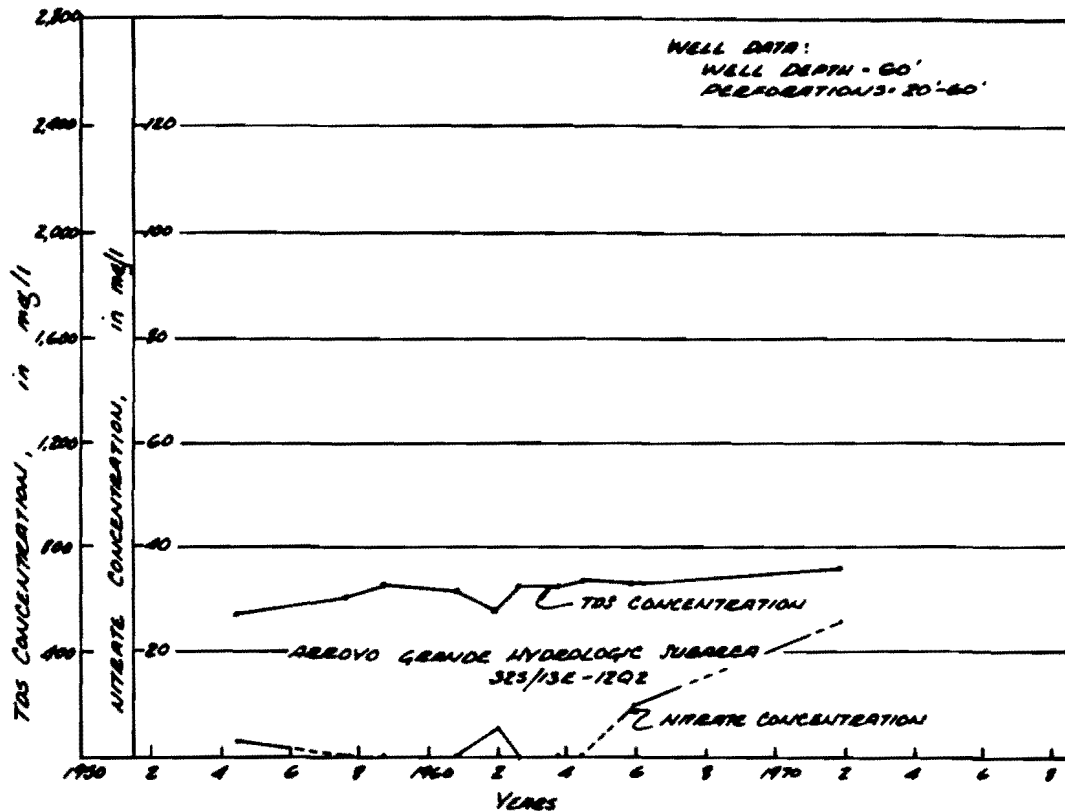


Figure 19 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 32S/13E-12Q2

In the Tri-Cities Mesa, wells primarily draw from the Paso Robles Formation. Wells 32S/13E-28E1 (Figure 20), 32S/13E-29E2 (Figure 21), 32S/13E-29G1 and -29G2 (Figure 22), and 32S/13E-30H2 (Figure 23) are typical of such wells. Except for well 32S/13E-28E1, nitrate concentrations reach levels of concern exceeding 45 mg/l. The Paso Robles Formation is subject to vertical recharge and is therefore affected by irrigation return water and subsurface sewage disposals.

In the Arroyo Grande Plain, wells are primarily extracting from either the Recent alluvium or the Paso Robles Formation. The quality of ground water in the Recent alluvium, as typified by observations in wells 32S/13E-31J3, 32S/13E-31H7, 32S/13E-33K3, and 12N/35W-29N1, is of marginal quality (Appendix B). TDS concentration is about 1 500 mg/l, while nitrate ranges as high as 160 mg/l and sulfate about 650 mg/l.

The water in the Paso Robles Formation is of better quality. Wells 32S/13E-31F1, 32S/13E-31F3, and 32S/13E-31F4 are representative wells in this formation. TDS concentrations range from about 600 mg/l in -31F4, a deeply perforated well, to about 1 100 mg/l in -31F3 (Appendix B). Nitrate concentration is generally low.

Nipomo Mesa Hydrologic Subarea

The amount of ground water quality data in the Nipomo Mesa hydrologic subarea is substantially less than in the Arroyo Grande subarea. Available data indicate that ground water is generally of good quality. Total hardness is the principal problem, frequently exceeding 250 mg/l (Appendix B), TDS concentration is largely less than 500 mg/l and infrequently exceeds 1 000 mg/l (Appendix B). Chloride, sulfate, fluoride, and boron do not cause concern.

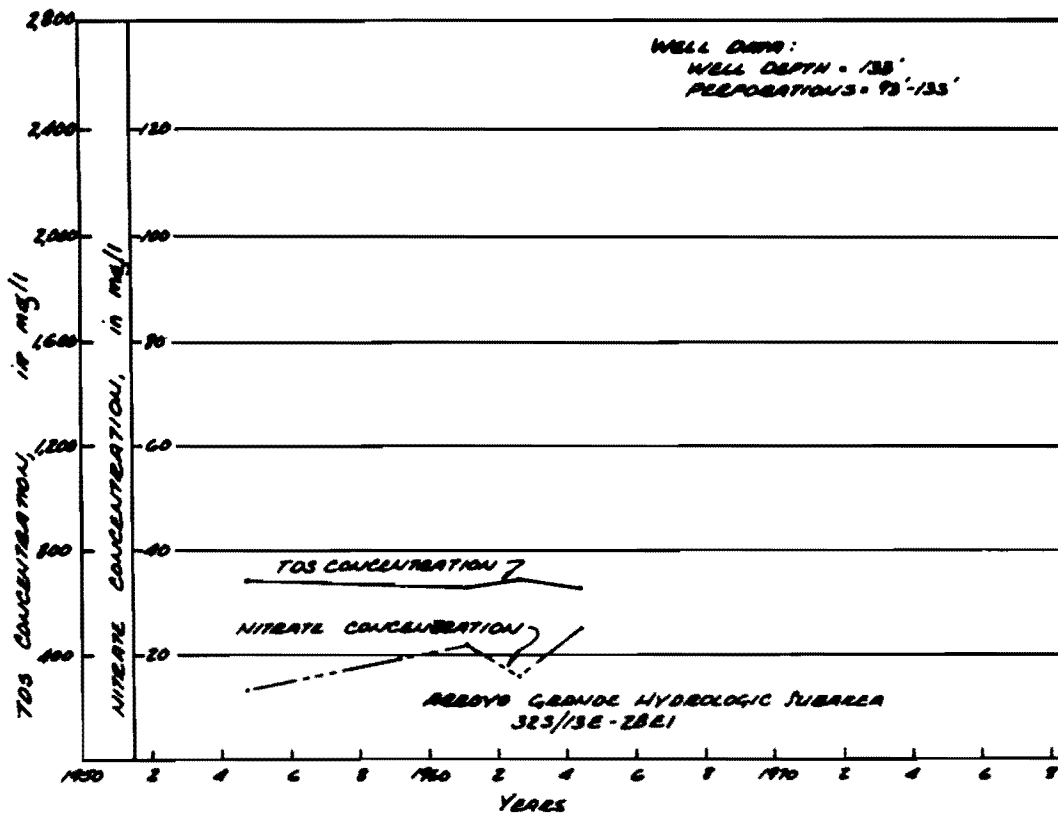


Figure 20 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 32S/13E-28E1

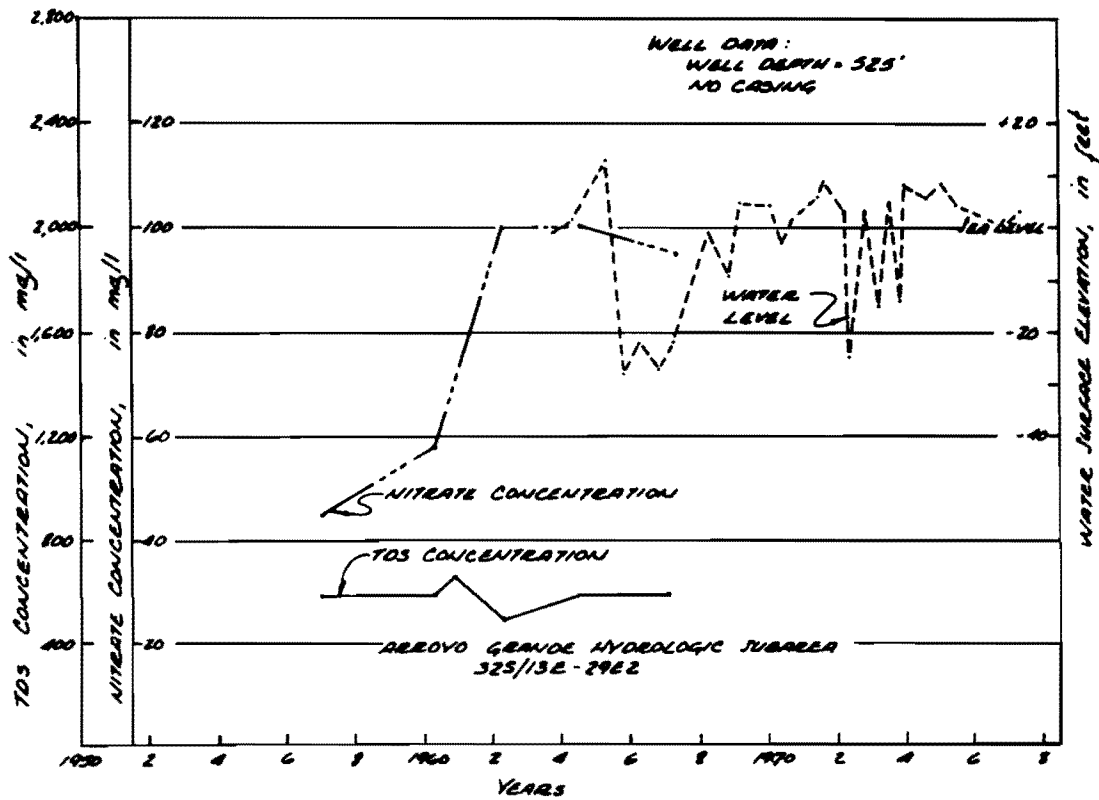


Figure 21 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION AND WATER LEVEL CHANGES IN WELL NO. 32S/13E - 29E2

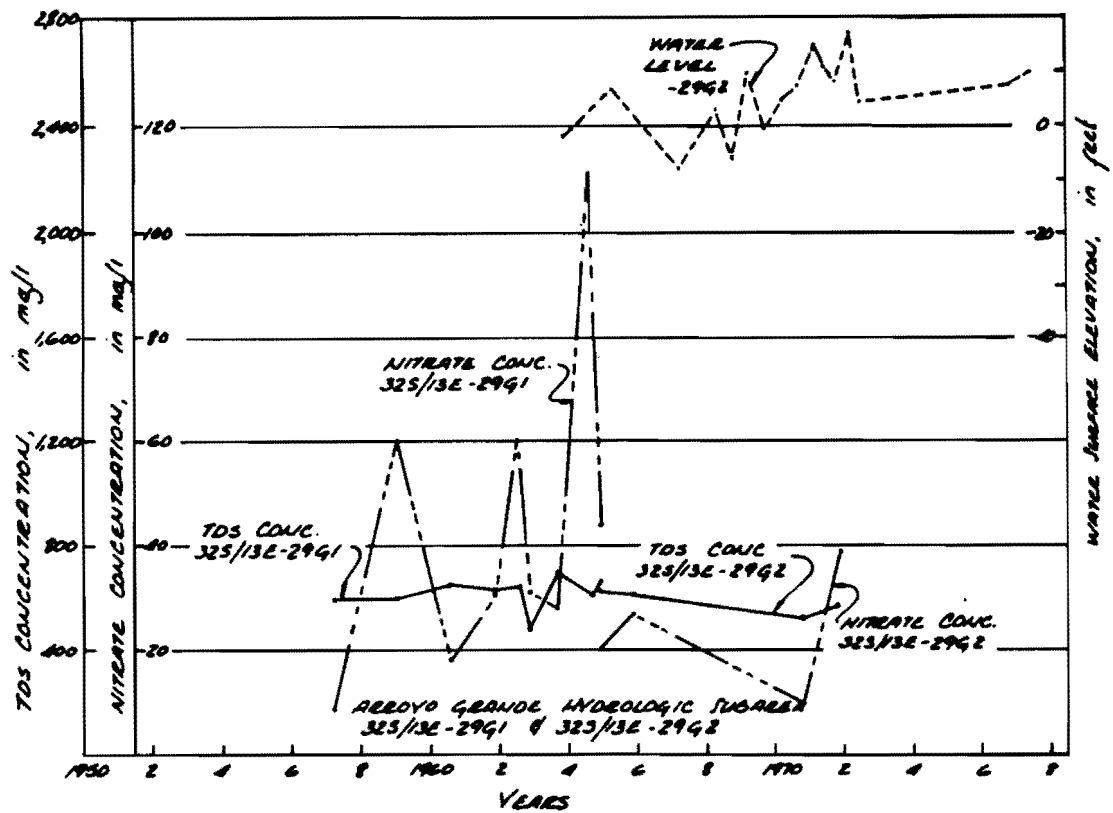


Figure 22 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION AND WATER LEVEL CHANGES IN WELLS NOS. 32S/13E-29G1 AND G2

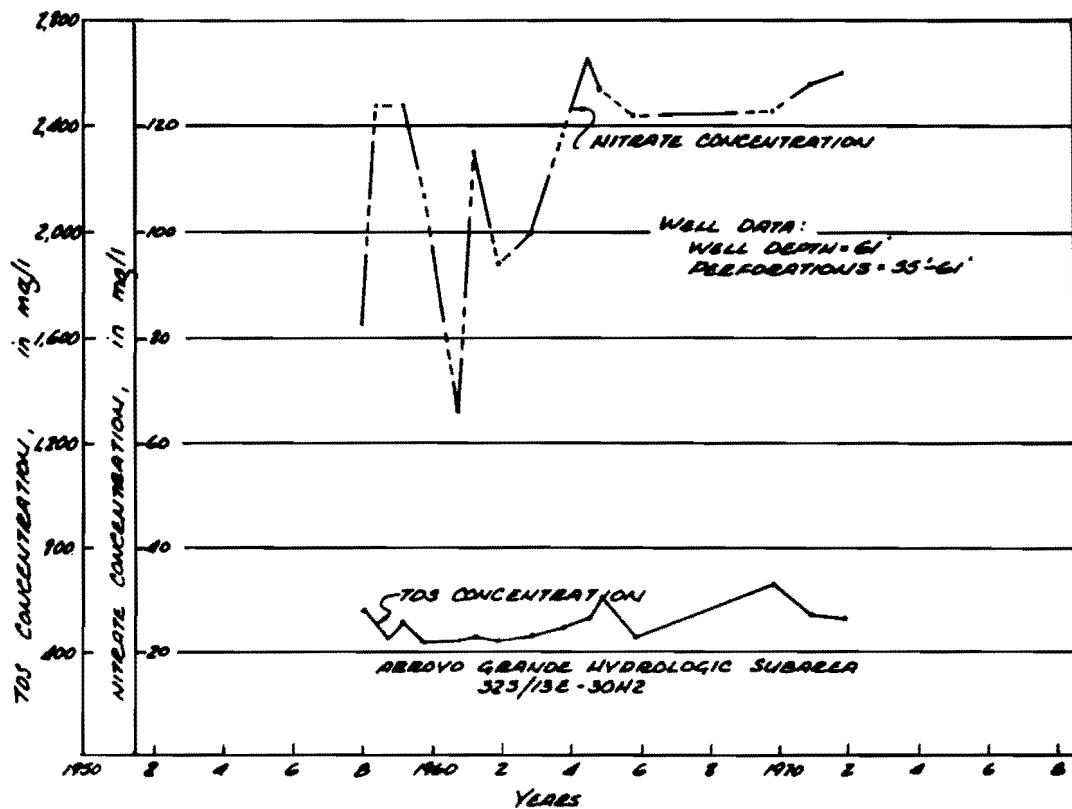


Figure 23 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 32S/13E-30H2

However, in isolated shallow wells, nitrate concentrations have exceeded 45 mg/l.

Wells mainly draw from the Paso Robles Formation. Wells 11N/35W-5L1 (Figure 24), 11N/35W-7R1 (Figure 25), 11N/35W-9P1 (Figure 26), and 11N/35W-12E1 and -12E2 (Figure 27), which have the longest water quality data records, show no clear degrading trend in either TDS or nitrate concentrations. However, ground water from the deeper zones has higher TDS concentrations.

Santa Maria Valley Hydrologic Subunit

The Santa Maria Valley subunit is mainly in Santa Barbara County; only a small part of the subunit is north of the Santa Maria River and therefore in San Luis Obispo County. The TDS concentration of ground water in the San Luis Obispo County portion of this

subunit is mainly in the 500 mg/l to 1 000 mg/l range, with observations less frequently in the 1 000 mg/l to 1 500 mg/l range (Appendix B). Sulfate and total hardness are the principal problems, frequently exceeding 250 mg/l and 400 mg/l, respectively. Chloride, nitrate, fluoride, and boron are infrequent problems (Appendix B).

Well 10N/35W-4C1 (Figure 28) is just across the line in Santa Barbara County. Wells 11N/35W-18M1 (Figure 30) and 11N/35W-19E2 (Figure 31), about 1.6 kilometres (1 mile) from the coast, have shown erratic quality patterns but little long-term changes. However, the nitrate concentration in well 11N/35W-18M1 increased unusually in 1973; a sampling error is possible. Further inland, in well 11N/35W-26M1 (Figure 32), both TDS and nitrate concentrations increased from 1965 through 1968, while the long-term

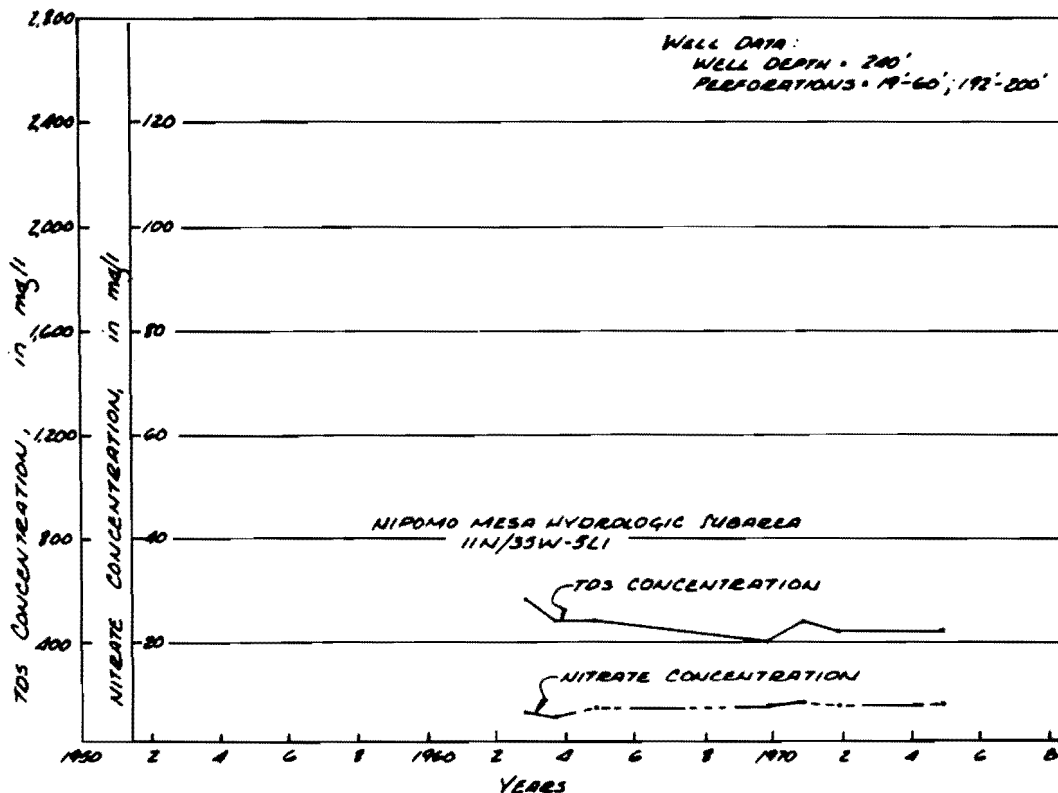


Figure 24 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-5L1

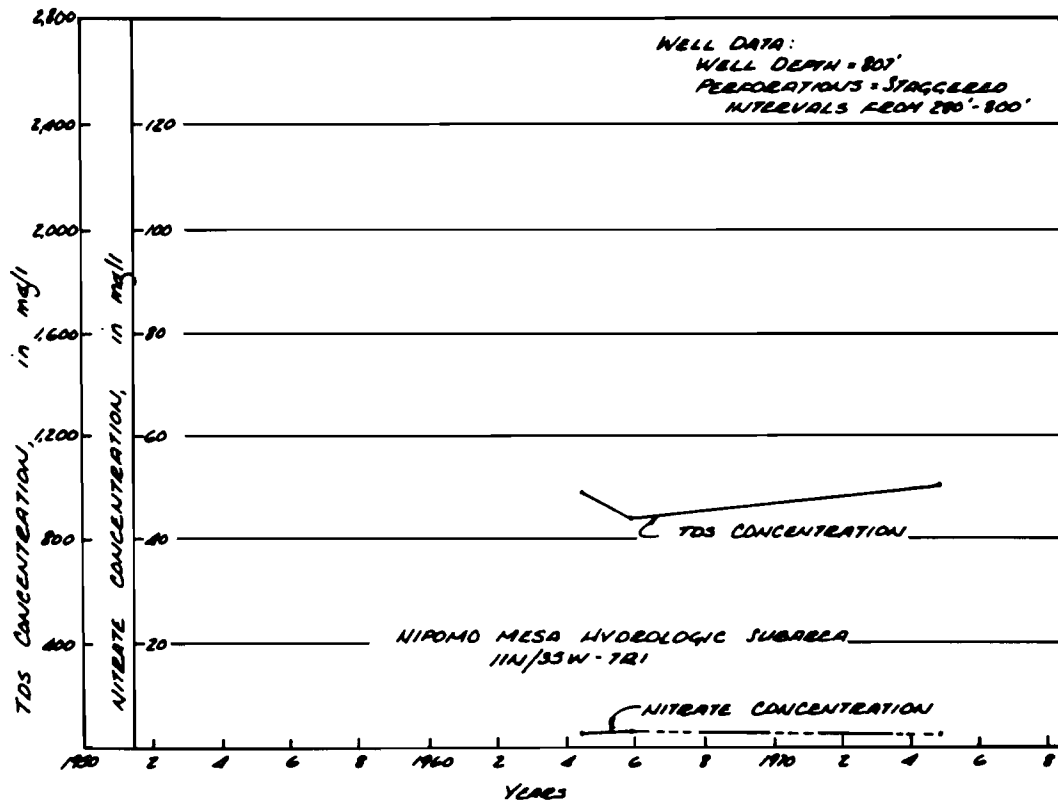


Figure 25 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-7R1

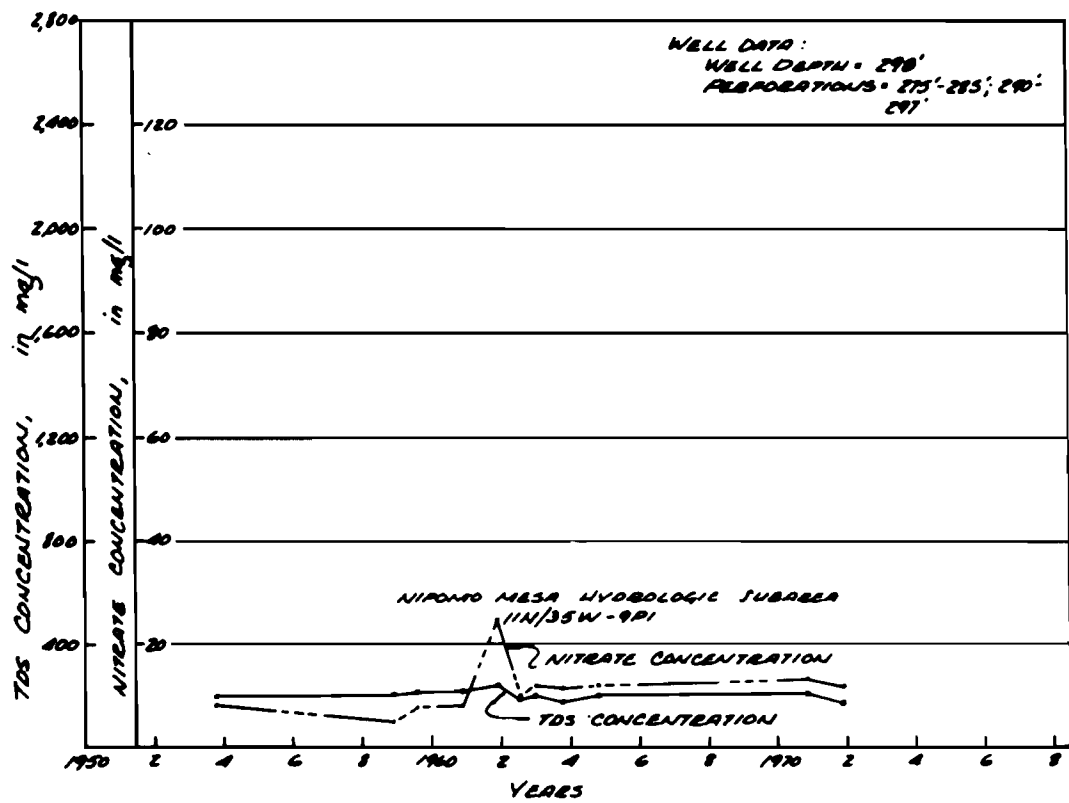


Figure 26 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-9P1

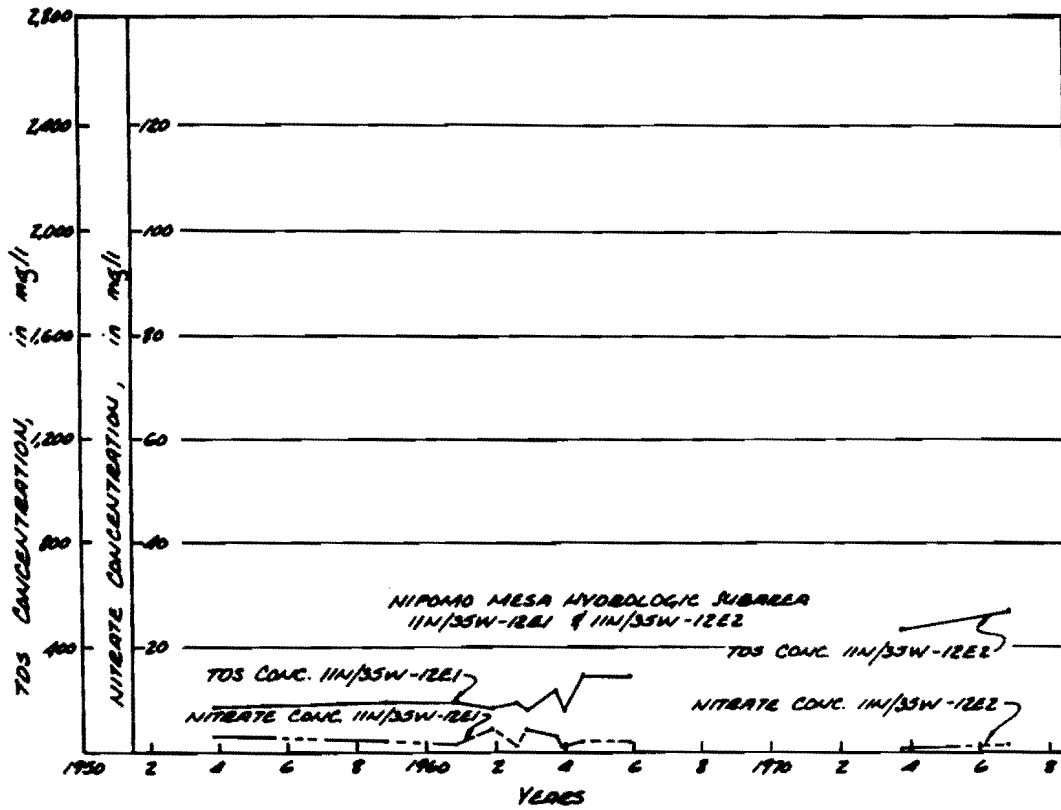


Figure 27 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELLS NOS. 11N/35W-12E1 AND 12E2

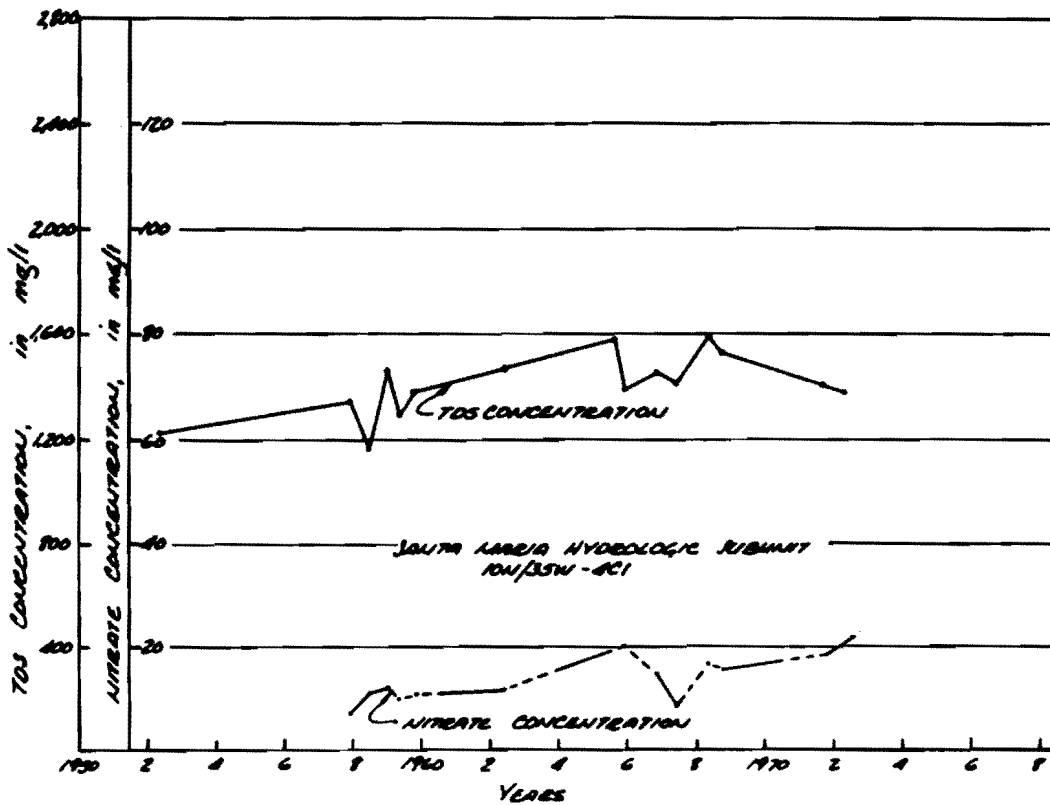


Figure 28 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 10N/35W-4C1

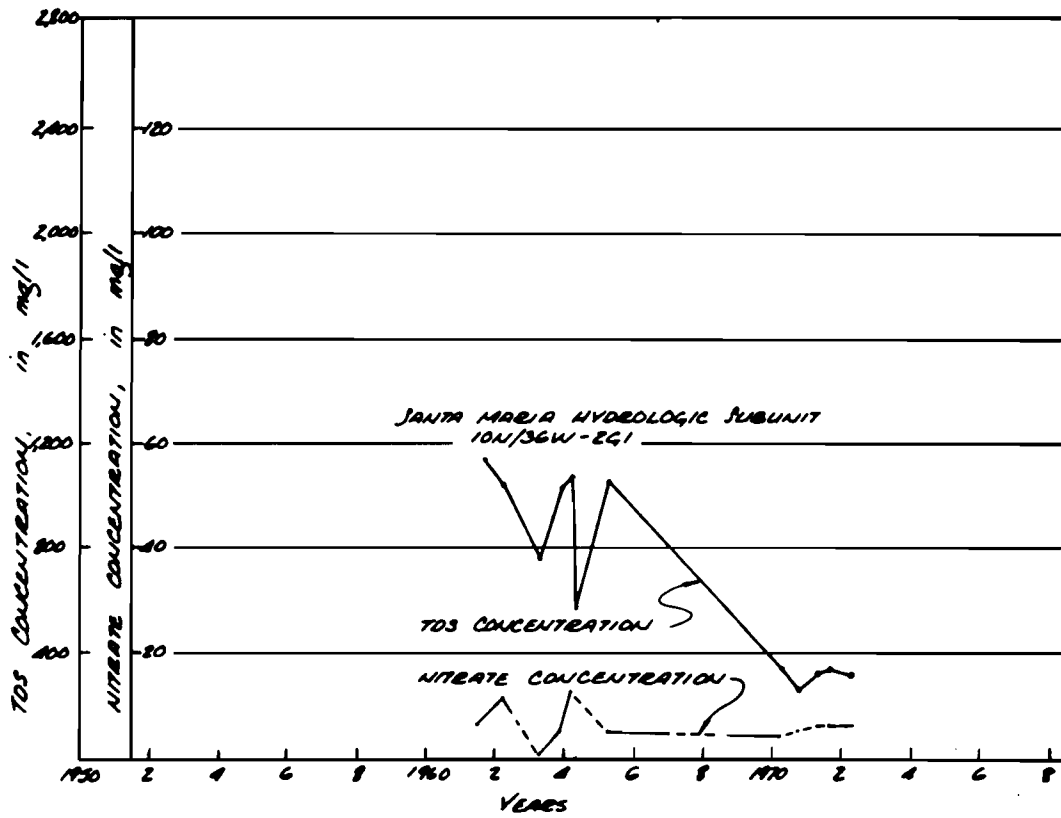


Figure 29 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 10N/36W-2G1

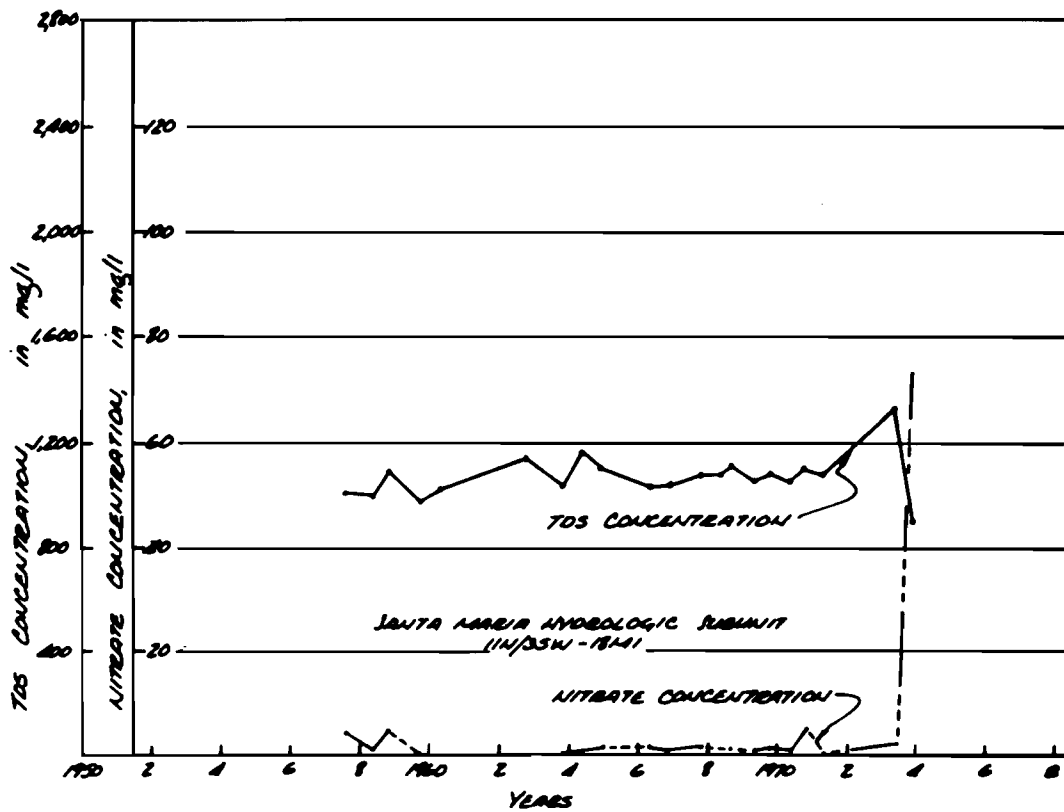


Figure 30 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-18M1

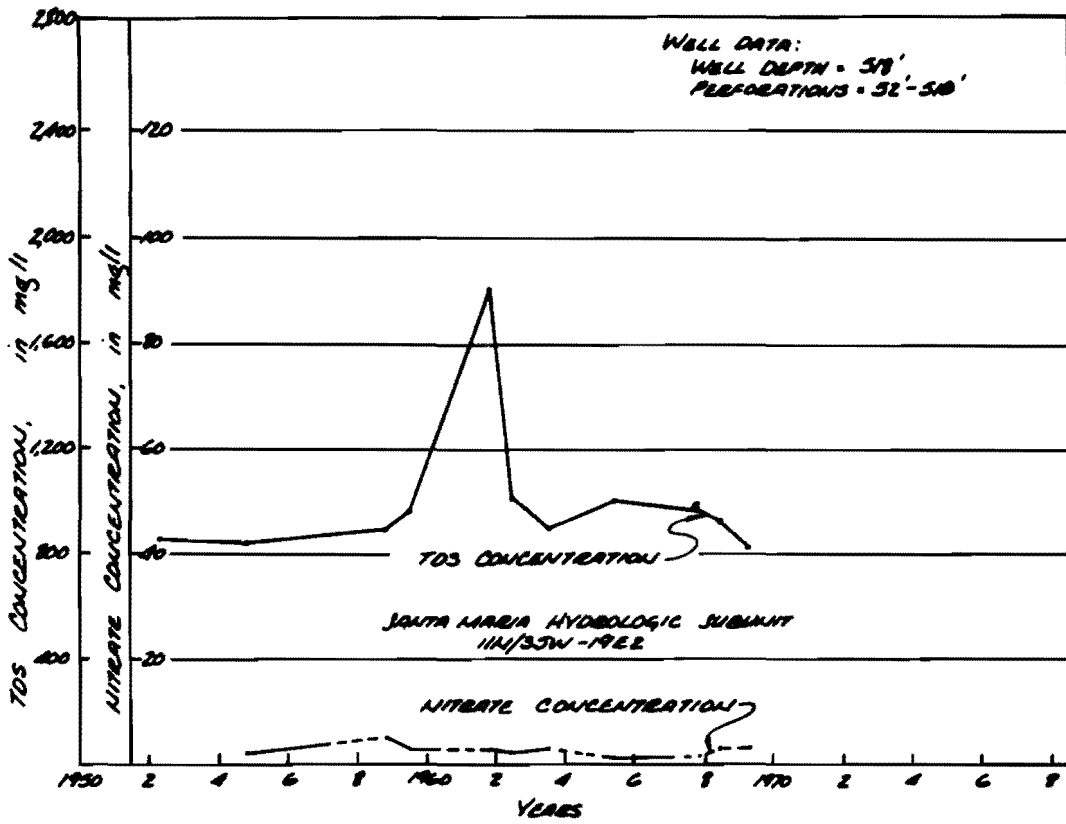


Figure 31 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-19E2

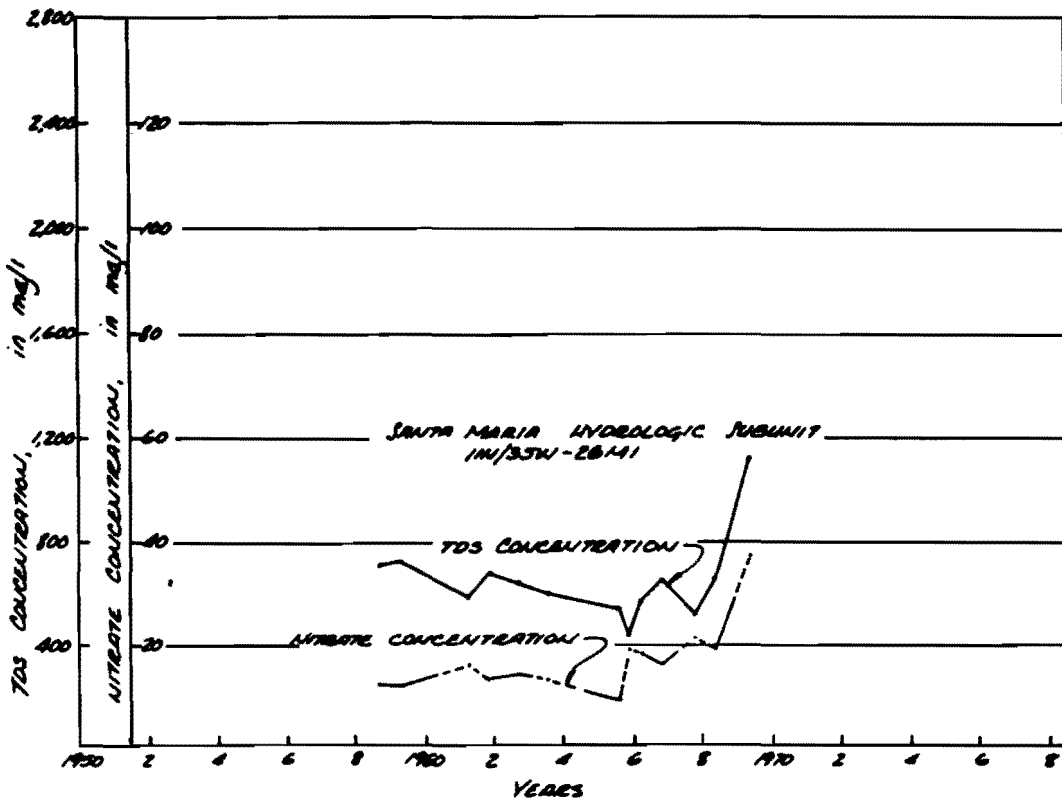


Figure 32 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-26M1

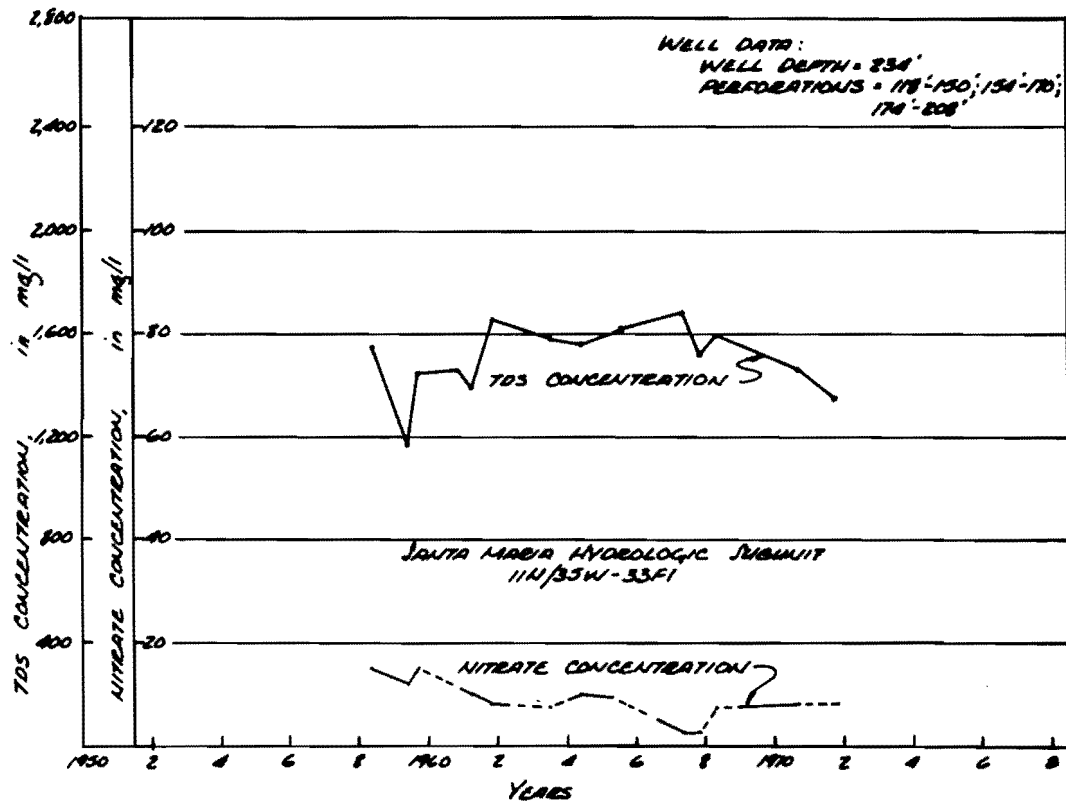


Figure 33 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/35W-33F1

quality in 11N/35W-33F1 (Figure 33) has been relatively unchanged.

Some wells near the Santa Maria River show water quality deterioration and some show improvement. In well 10N/35W-4C1 (Figure 28), both TDS and nitrate concentrations have slowly increased, while the TDS concentration in well 10N/36W-2G1 (Figure 29) has substantially decreased.

Well 11N/36W-13R1 (Figure 34), another well near the coast, has not shown a changing trend in water quality.

Sea Water Intrusion

Intrusion of sea water into fresh water aquifers can threaten the loss of valuable fresh water contained in the aquifers as

well as the valuable storage and transmission capabilities of the ground water basins themselves (Appendix C). Consequently, when several wells in the Pismo-Guadalupe area showed increasing chloride concentrations and sea water intrusion was suspected, the Department and the San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District cooperatively studied the problem.*

The study, which was completed in 1969, found that shallow coastal ground water, less than 30 metres (100 feet) deep in Recent tidal and fluvial deposits and in upper Paso Robles beds north of Arroyo Grande Creek, contained chloride concentrations from 100 to 1 630 mg/l. However, historic ground water levels precluded sea water intrusion. The chloride sources were attributed to:

* "Sea Water Intrusion: Pismo-Guadalupe Area", California Department of Water Resources, Bulletin 63-3, February 1970.

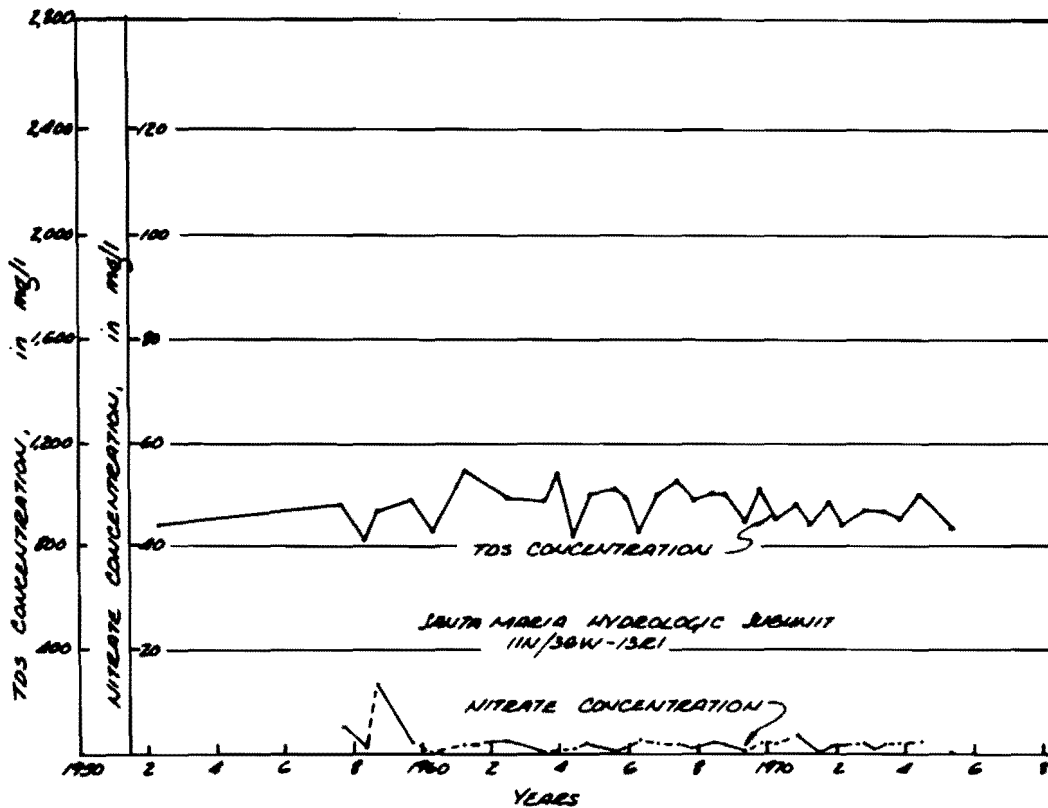


Figure 34 TDS AND NITRATE CONCENTRATION CHANGES IN WELL NO. 11N/36W-13R1

- "(a) The natural salinity of the geologic environment (former tidal marshes and sloughs),
- "(b) Salt concentration by evaporation,
- "(c) Downward percolation of sea water entering tidal channels at times of extremely high tides."

The study found that water levels at the coast were then above sea level. However, the potential for sea water intrusion in the Paso Robles and Careaga aquifers existed; water levels in the southern part of the Arroyo Grande subarea and in the Santa Maria hydrologic subunit persistently declined during 1951-68 due to pumping. Nevertheless, the study concluded that sea water intrusion was an immediate onshore problem at the time.

In connection with the 1969 sea water intrusion study, 32 piezometers were constructed. Table 8 presents relevant data for these piezometers. A number of these piezometers were sampled in 1976 for mineral analyses. Table 9 compares the 1976 chloride concentrations in water from different depths in four holes with chloride concentrations observed in 1967. On the basis of these comparative observations, the basic conclusion of the 1969 study is still applicable--sea water intrusion is not an onshore problem at present.

Analyses from the two test holes, PSBO-1 and -2, in Nipomo Mesa, which were drilled especially for this study, are presented in Table 10. The results show no signs of sea water intrusion. The locations of these monitoring holes are shown on Figure 5.

Nevertheless, sea water intrusion cannot be discounted as a potential ground

**TABLE 8
DESCRIPTION OF PIEZOMETERS***

Field number	State well number	Depth of hole, in feet	Length of casing,* in feet	Depth of perforations, in feet	Formation tapped
POO-1A	32S/12E-24B3	964	435	270-435	Careaga sand
POO-1B	32S/12E-24B2	964	145	120-145	Paso Robles
POO-1C	32S/12E-24B1	964	65	48-65	Alluvium
POO-2A	32S/12E-24R3	848	390	300-390	Careaga sand
POO-2B	32S/12E-24R2	848	100	75-100	Paso Robles
POO-2C	32S/12E-24R1	848	60	30-60	Paso Robles
POO-3A	32S/13E-30F3	802	372	305-372	Careaga sand
POO-3B	32S/13E-30F2	802	100	75-100	Paso Robles
POO-3C	32S/13E-30F1	802	55	15-30	Paso Robles
POO-4A	32S/13E-30N2	873	255	175-255	Paso Robles
POO-4B	32S/13E-30N3	873	135	60-135	Paso Robles
POO-4C	32S/13E-30N1	873	40	15-40	Alluvium
POO-5A	32S/13E-31F4	906	565	480-565	Careaga sand
POO-5B	32S/13E-31F3	906	260	240-260	Paso Robles
POO-5C	32S/13E-31F2	906	152	132-152	Paso Robles
OFO-1A	11N/36W-13K6	1,165	400	320-400	Paso Robles
OFO-1B	11N/36W-13K5	1,165	270	230-270	Paso Robles
OFO-1C	11N/36W-13K4	215	203	120-203	Paso Robles
OFO-1D	11N/36W-13K3	215	90	70-90	Alluvium
OFO-1E	11N/36W-13K2	215	45	30-45	Alluvium
GO-1A	10N/36W-2Q1	671	671	568-671	Paso Robles
GO-1B	10N/36W-2Q2	671	535	467-535	Paso Robles
GO-1C	10N/36W-2Q3	448	444	397-444	Paso Robles
GO-1D	10N/36W-2Q4	448	378	291-378	Paso Robles
GO-1E	10N/36W-2Q5	448	246	185-246	Alluvium
GO-1F	10N/36W-2Q6	448	176	130-176	Alluvium
GO-1G	10N/36W-2Q7	47	47	19-47	Alluvium
GO-2A	11N/36W-35J2	629	615	527-615	Paso Robles
GO-2B	11N/36W-35J3	629	495	247-495	Paso Robles
GO-2C	11N/36W-35J4	629	228	175-228	Alluvium
GO-2D	11N/36W-35J5	138	138	74-138	Alluvium
GO-2E	11N/36W-35J6	37	37	14-37	Recent sand dune

*From California Department of Water Resources Bulletin 63-3 Sea-Water Intrusion: Pismo-Guadalupe Area, February 1970.

water management problem. The conclusion reached in the 1969 study that sea water intrusion is occurring offshore and may, in time, reach coastal wells remains valid. Intrusion is probably advancing landward from different salt water forebays at different rates in each confined aquifer. It will likely reach the coast first in shallow aquifers that are subject to heavy pumping and that crop out closer to the shore.

Replenishment

Most of the recharge to the study area originates as precipitation within the boundaries of the study area and its watershed. Rainfall on the basin may percolate to ground water. That on the watershed may run off to the study area to infiltrate and percolate to ground

water or may directly infiltrate the weathered layer of the nonwater-bearing rock and migrate to the study area as subsurface flow. A significant amount of recharge also enters the study area as underflow in the Santa Maria Valley.

Because there are no data on infiltration rates or permeability of the sediments, estimates on replenishment to the study area are based upon information such as water levels in wells, long-term average precipitation, reasonable permeability factors of sediments, and local ground water conditions.

The estimated replenishment to the basin is based upon the area's average annual precipitation and calculations of subsurface inflow and outflow based on the 1975 water levels.

TABLE 9
SELECTED CONSTITUENTS IN THE SEA WATER
INTRUSION MONITORING HOLES IN 1967 AND 1975
ARROYO GRANDE AREA

Hole number	Depth sampled in metres (feet)	Date sampled	EC	Cl	TDS in mg/l	Dominant ions		
						anions	cations	
GO-2	160.6-187.5 (527-615)	9-28-67	1090	28	811	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-4-76	1072	27	795	Ca	SO ₄	
	75.3-150.9 (247-495)	9-28-67	1367	54	1031	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-4-76	1059	59	1059	Ca	SO ₄	
	53.3-69.5 (175-228)	9-28-67	1533	66	1177	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-4-76	1650	71	1256	Ca	SO ₄	
	22.5-42.1 (74-138)	9-28-67	1341	45	1029	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-4-76	1394	51	1043	Ca	SO ₄	
	4.3-11.3 (14-37)	4-20-67	848	94	546	Ca	HCO ₃	
		6-4-76		94	623	Ca	SO ₄ HCO ₃	
	GO-1	173.1-204.5 (568-671)	5-12-67	1129	30	900	Ca	SO ₄
			5-21-76	977	26	700	Ca	SO ₄
142.3-163.0 (467-535)		5-12-67	989	23	766	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-21-76	1072	32	808	Ca	SO ₄	
121.0-135.3 (394-444)		5-28-67	950	22	738	MgCa	SO ₄	
		5-21-76	977	24	727	Ca	SO ₄	
88.7-115.2 (291-378)		5-28-67	1006	24	797	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-21-76	1038	31	754	Ca	SO ₄	
56.4-75.0 (185-246)		5-27-67	1277	55	989	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-21-76	1278	64	943	Ca	SO ₄	
40.0-53.1 (130-176)		5-26-67	1336	61	1047	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-21-76	1107	42	813	Ca	SO ₄	
5.8-14.3 (19-47)		5-26-67	1126	138	780	Ca	HCO ₃	
		6-4-76	1028	89	683	Ca	HCO ₃	
OFO-1	97.6-121.9 (340-400)	10-2-67	1248	44	944	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-7-76	1279	40	970	Ca	SO ₄	
	70.1-82.3 (230-270)	10-2-67	1212	45	881	CaNa	SO ₄	
		6-7-76	1249	41	938	Ca	SO ₄	
	36.6-61.9 (120-203)	10-2-67	951	36	665	Ca	SO ₄	
		6-7-76	948	38	655	Ca	SO ₄	
	21.3-27.4 (70-90)	10-3-67	898	62	583	Ca	HCO ₃	
		6-7-76	Sample destroyed in transit					
	9.1-13.7 (30-45)	10-3-67	1169	136	707	Na	HCO ₃	
		6-7-76	943	80	564	Ca	HCO ₃	
POO-5	146.3-172 (480-565)	9-28-67	1010	83	570	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-26-76	971	96	599	Ca	HCO ₃	
	73.2-79.2 (240-260)	9-28-67	1386	48	1089	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-26-76	1087	51	1087	Ca	SO ₄	
	40.2-46.3 (132-152)	9-28-67	1283	44	949	Ca	SO ₄	
		5-26-76	1394	50	1069	Ca	SO ₄	

TABLE 10
SELECTED CONSTITUENTS IN TEST HOLES
IN NIPOMO MESA
JUNE 8, 1976

Hole and depth of the sample	EC	pH	Ca	Mg	Na	K	HCO ₃	SO ₄	Cl	NO ₃	Total dissolved solids in mg/l
PSBO - 1											
227 - 237	1212	7.9	<u>130</u> 6.49	<u>48</u> 3.92	<u>72</u> 3.12	<u>3.5</u> .09	<u>223</u> 3.66	<u>423</u> 8.81	<u>38</u> 1.06	<u>0.6</u> .01	936
535 - 545	1301	8.0	<u>94</u> 4.69	<u>44</u> 3.59	<u>118</u> 5.14	<u>6.6</u> .17	<u>392</u> 6.43	<u>184</u> 3.83	<u>126</u> 3.55	<u>0.0</u> .00	820
PSBO - 2											
280 - 290	1209	8.0	<u>139</u> 6.94	<u>47</u> 3.86	<u>72</u> 3.13	<u>3.5</u> .09	<u>219</u> 3.59	<u>439</u> 9.15	<u>40</u> 1.13	<u>1.4</u> .02	920
450 - 460	1258	7.7	<u>129</u> 6.44	<u>52</u> 4.27	<u>90</u> 3.92	<u>4.6</u> .12	<u>184</u> 3.02	<u>488</u> 10.15	<u>48</u> 1.35	<u>1.4</u> .02	1015
720 - 730	1170	7.8	<u>89</u> 4.44	<u>43</u> 3.53	<u>98</u> 4.26	<u>5.9</u> .15	<u>293</u> 4.80	<u>235</u> 4.89	<u>94</u> 2.65	<u>0.4</u> .61	813

The following data on replenishment are summarized in Table 11. Total replenishment to the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area is estimated to be 9.03 to 10.26 cubic hectometres (7,320 to 8,320 acre-feet). Of this amount, 2.96 cubic hectometres (2,400 acre-feet) is attributed to deep percolation of rain on the area; 0.27 cubic hectometre (220 acre-feet) to subsurface flow through the alluvium in Arroyo Grande and Los Berros Creeks; 0.62 cubic hectometre (500 acre-feet) to underflow from Nipomo Mesa and San Luis Hills, 2.47 to 3.70 cubic hectometres (2,000 to 3,000 acre-feet) to percolation of surface flow in the Arroyo Grande Creek; 2.10 cubic hectometres (1,700 acre-feet) to irrigation return water; and 0.61 cubic hectometre (500 acre-feet) to deep percolation of urban water used outdoors.

Outflow from the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area is estimated to be about 7.53 cubic hectometres (6,100 acre-

feet). Of this amount, 6.54 cubic hectometres (5,300 acre-feet) is attributed to applied irrigation water; 0.74 cubic hectometre (600 acre-feet) to pumpage for urban supplies; and 0.25 cubic hectometre (200 acre-feet) to subsurface flow to the ocean.

Under these conditions, the ground water supply available in the Arroyo Grande Plain-Tri-Cities Mesa area would be increased by 1.75 to 2.98 cubic hectometres (1,420 to 2,420 acre-feet) annually.

Recharge to the Arroyo Grande Valley upstream from Arroyo Grande comes from subsurface seepage from the bordering highlands and infiltration of precipitation and of streamflow in Arroyo Grande Creek. The amount of replenishment from these sources was not determinable with the available data, however, changes in the water levels in the valley over the years

TABLE II
SUMMARY ESTIMATED INFLOW AND OUTFLOW TO
THE GROUND WATER BASIN IN THE ARROYO GRANDE STUDY AREA

<u>Arroyo Grande Plain - Tri-Cities Mesa</u>		
Category of inflow	Cubic hectometres	Acre-feet
Deep percolation of precipitation	2.96	2,400
Subsurface seepage	0.89	720
Infiltration in Arroyo Grande Creek	2.47 to 3.70	2,000 to 3,000
Irrigation and urban water return	<u>2.71</u>	<u>2,200</u>
Total	9.03 to 10.26	7,320 to 8,320
Category of outflow		
Applied irrigation	6.54	5,300
Urban supply	0.74	600
Subsurface outflow to ocean	<u>0.25</u>	<u>200</u>
Total	7.53	6,100
<u>Nipomo Mesa</u>		
Category of inflow	Cubic hectometres	Acre-feet
Deep percolation of precipitation	4.07	3,300
Subsurface seepage	0.62	500
Irrigation and urban water return	<u>1.23</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Total	5.92	4,800
Category of outflow		
Applied irrigation	2.47	2,000
Urban supply	0.37	300
Industry cooling water	0.80	650
Subsurface outflow	<u>4.07</u>	<u>3,300</u>
Total	7.71	6,250
<u>Santa Maria Valley (S.L.O. County)</u>		
Category of inflow	Cubic hectometres	Acre-feet
Deep percolation of precipitation	9.87	8,000
Subsurface seepage	24.05	19,500
Irrigation return	<u>11.10</u>	<u>9,000</u>
Total	45.02	36,500
Category of outflow		
Applied irrigation	35.77	29,000
Outflow to ocean	<u>9.87</u>	<u>8,000</u>
Total	45.64	37,000

SUMMARY OF WATER MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS

When, over an extended period, extractions exceed replenishments in a ground water basin, a declining trend of ground water levels is indicated: The basin is said to be in overdraft.

Under these circumstances, water managers very often adopt a safe yield operation, and ground water extractions are limited to just the safe yield amount. (A safe yield amount is defined as the average annual amount of ground water that can be extracted over a long-time period without reducing the amount of ground water in storage over that period.) Usually, the basin is replenished artificially with both local surface water and imported water to increase the safe yield amount.

This mode of basin management requires control of extractions through either adjudication or mutual agreement of ground water pumpers. At the same time, to help meet the demand, other sources of supply, such as surface water and imported water, are needed. These sources are usually more expensive than local ground water.

The elimination of overdrafting a basin requires careful consideration of the geohydrologic, environmental, economic, and social consequences. A long-term water management plan, including water conservation and waste water reclamation, has to be developed to ensure adequate supplies of water at a reasonable cost and with acceptable environmental consequences.

have been small, indicating that the inflow and outflow are near equilibrium for the prevailing hydrologic conditions. The Arroyo Grande Creek has a stabilizing influence on the ground water levels in the valley. The creek is apparently a losing stream in the upper reaches of the valley and a gaining stream in the lower reaches. Thus, infiltration in the creek channel contributes to the ground water in storage in the upper reaches of the valley and, downstream, the creek channel serves as a drain for rising ground water.

Estimated replenishment to Nipomo Mesa is 5.92 cubic hectometres (4,800 acre-feet). Of this amount, 4.07 cubic hectometres (3,300 acre-feet) is attributed to deep percolation of precipitation, 0.62 cubic hectometre (500 acre-feet) to subsurface seepage from the nonwater-bearing sediments upstream, 0.98 cubic hectometre (800 acre-feet) to irrigation return, and 0.25 cubic hectometre (200 acre-feet) to waste water and percolating urban water used outdoors.

Estimated outflow from Nipomo Mesa is 7.71 cubic hectometres (6,250 acre-feet). Of this amount, 4.07 cubic hectometres (3,300 acre-feet) is attributed to

subsurface outflow to the ocean, to the Arroyo Grande Plain, and to the Santa Maria Valley; 0.37 cubic hectometre (300 acre-feet) is attributed to extraction by the community of Nipomo; 0.80 cubic hectometre (650 acre-feet) to extraction by industry for cooling water which is then discharged to the ocean; and 2.47 cubic hectometres (2,000 acre-feet) to extraction for irrigation. Under these conditions, the ground water in storage would be reduced by 1.79 cubic hectometres (1,450 acre-feet) annually.

Estimated replenishment to the portion of Santa Maria Valley within San Luis Obispo County is 45.02 cubic hectometres (36,500 acre-feet). Of this amount, 9.87 cubic hectometres (8,000 acre-feet) is attributed to deep percolation of precipitation, 11.10 cubic hectometres (9,000 acre-feet) to irrigation return, 2.84 cubic hectometres (2,300 acre-feet) to underflow seepage from Nipomo Mesa, and 21.22 cubic hectometres (17,200 acre-feet) to underflow from the Santa Maria Valley south of the San Luis Obispo County boundary.

Estimated outflow from the Santa Maria Valley (San Luis Obispo County) is

45.64 cubic hectometres (37,000 acre-feet). Of this amount, approximately 9.87 cubic hectometres (8,000 acre-feet) is attributed to outflow to the ocean and 35.77 cubic hectometres (29,000 acre-feet) to irrigation water. Under these conditions, the ground water in storage would be reduced by 0.62 cubic hectometre (500 acre-feet) annually.

There is a difference in the amount of water that is available from ground water sources as indicated by the

water level measurements and by the estimated flow into and out of the basin. Such differences in results of the two measurements are to be expected when data are distributed unevenly and when estimations of hydrologic conditions are applied over large areas. Although these inconsistencies are not large, a continuing program for collecting and reviewing ground water data is mandatory to update and improve understanding of the basin and its available ground water supply.

V. OFFSHORE AQUIFERS

The probability that the confined aquifers under the land surface in the study area extend some distance offshore is indicated by the regional geology and by information from the seismic profile obtained in a 1973 USGS survey offshore.

These aquifers are believed to contain fresh water because ground water levels in the forebay areas are not thought to have been below sea level for any extended period. Therefore, to evaluate this potential water supply, a major portion of this study was directed toward defining the amount of water in storage, the physical dimensions and characteristics of the aquifers, and the potential of developing this water supply.

There is no direct subsurface geologic or water quality information on the offshore area; therefore, the existence and the probable character of the offshore aquifer system are inferred from the regional geology and the geologic information developed during this study.

First, along the California coast, large creeks and rivers, such as the Arroyo Grande Creek and the Santa Maria River, typically deposit thick sections of sediments offshore. These deposits can extend for several kilometres offshore and can be hundreds of metres thick. The sediments form aquifers and aquicludes and are in hydraulic continuity with onshore forebay areas. Because these forebay areas have probably been above sea level for sometime and have maintained a seaward hydraulic gradient in the ground water, the aquifers offshore probably contain fresh water. Second, the geology offshore can be constructed by extending the geology on land into the area offshore.

The shape and size of the offshore aquifer systems result largely from the structural geologic features that extend

from the land to the offshore area. A syncline gives the basin depth and provides a relatively stable depositional environment in which the strata could form in extensive undisturbed layers. The general shape and location of the syncline was recognized in the 1970 sea water intrusion investigation. The large size and the character of the syncline imply that the structure extends for some distance offshore.

The study area lies on the longer north limb of an asymmetrical syncline. The axis of the syncline trends northwestward offshore near the south boundary of the study area, intersecting the shore near the Santa Maria River. The north limb extends about 13 kilometres (8 miles) at the shoreline and underlies the north side of Santa Maria Valley and the Nipomo Mesa. The south limb is shorter, being about 1.6 to 3.2 kilometres (1 to 2 miles) in width.

The north and south limbs of the syncline are intersected by longitudinal faults that may or may not be barriers to the flow of ground water. The fault on the north limb of the syncline was suggested by the lack of correlation between the E-logs of P00-5 and PSB0-1. To further substantiate the existence of the fault, an E-log from an oil well between P00-5 and PSB0-1 was found to contain similarities that correlate with P00-5, indicating that the beds from the north were dipping more sharply southward than was suggested by correlations between wells to the south. The fault across the south limb is suggested by the alignment of sharp folds onshore with faults and folds offshore.

By projecting the geology on the land into the offshore area, a theoretical offshore aquifer system can be constructed, which is a continuation westward of the system below the land surface. The

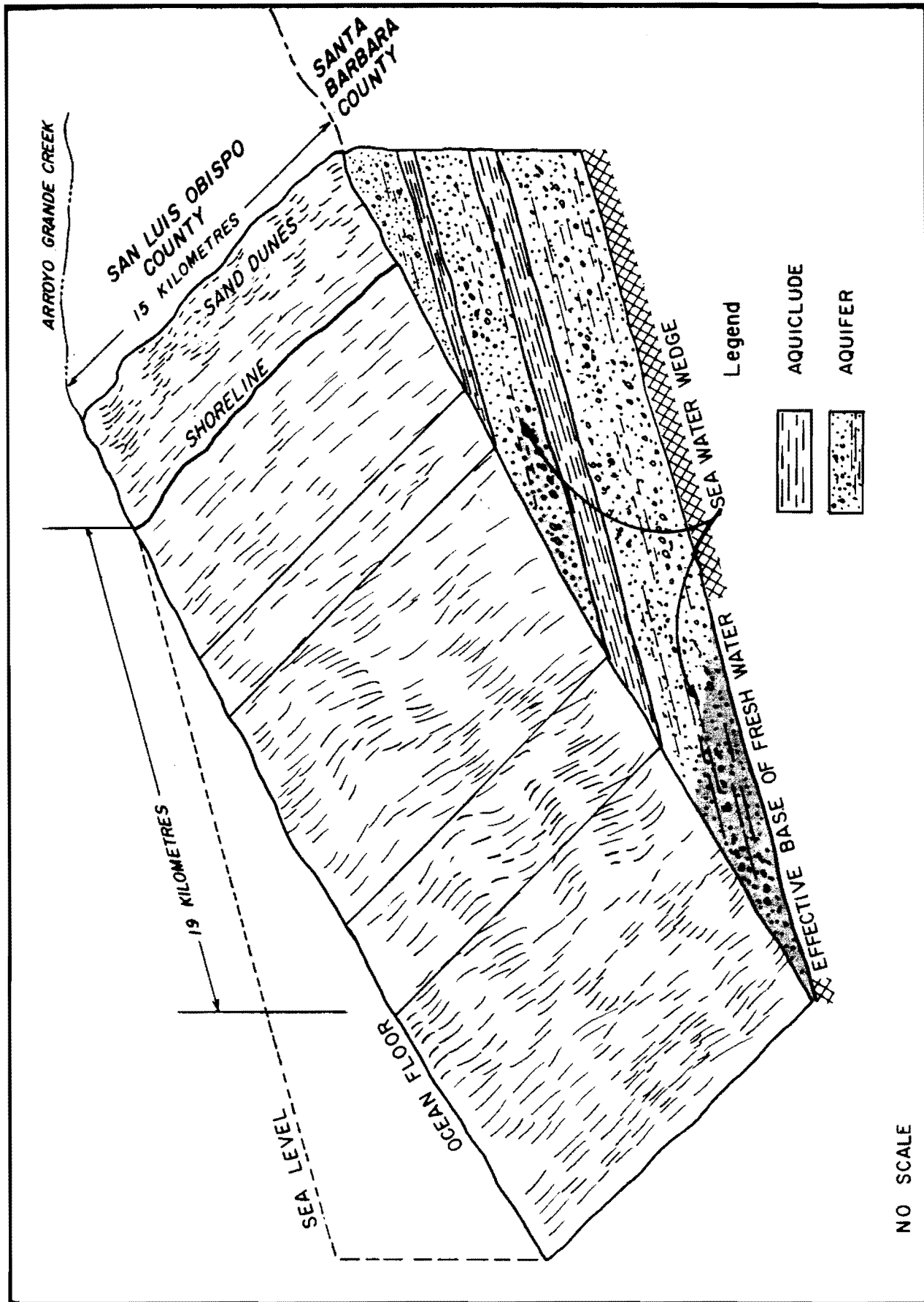


Figure 35 - CONCEPTUAL DRAWING OF THE OFFSHORE AQUIFERS

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

concept of the offshore aquifer is shown in Figure 35. The cross section on the beach showed that there were two aquifer systems and that if these aquifers were projected westward offshore without a dip to where they surface on the ocean floor they would have the following dimensions: The upper aquifer would measure 15 kilometres (9 miles) along the beach from Arroyo Grande Creek to Santa Maria River and 10 kilometres (6 miles) seaward from the beach. It would have an average thickness of 60 metres (190 feet). The lower aquifer would measure the same distance along the beach and 19 kilometres (12 miles) seaward at its furthest point, and it would have an average thickness of 130 metres (430 feet). The aquifers are thickest at the south end near the San Luis Obispo County line.

The overall configuration of the sedimentation and of the confined aquifers offshore is based upon reasonable geologic assumptions, but, locally, the sedimentary picture can be different. The main concern is that the confining layers separating the sea water from the fresh water aquifers may be leaky, permitting the sea water to mix with the fresh water. If such a condition exists, the lower aquifer, lying below an aquifer and under its own thick confining clay layer, would not be nearly as vulnerable to sea water intrusion from above as the upper aquifer.

Quantity and Quality

There was no direct on-site information available on the water-bearing character of the sediments offshore. Therefore, to expedite estimating the ground water in storage offshore, the calculated specific yield and the lithologic description of the sediments penetrated by wells on the beach were considered representative of the offshore sediments.

The sea water intrusion monitoring holes and the two new county exploratory holes show that there are at least two confined aquifer systems separated by an 18-metre

(60-foot) clay layer. The upper layer is confined by a less prominent clay stratum that may not be more than 6 metres (20 feet) thick in some places. The calculated specific yields for the upper and lower aquifers are 9 and 8 percent, respectively.

There is an estimated 3 700 cubic hectometres (3,000,000 acre-feet) of water in storage offshore between Arroyo Grande Creek and the San Luis Obispo County line, with about 600 cubic hectometres (500,000 acre-feet) in the upper aquifer and 3 100 cubic hectometres (2,500,000 acre-feet) in the lower aquifer.

However, not all the water in offshore storage is fresh. A sea water wedge exists in aquifers exposed on the ocean floor due to the differential in density between that of sea water and fresh water (Appendix C). The higher density sea water encroaches at the bottom of the aquifer as a wedge, with the toe approaching the land first. The extent of sea water encroachment into the aquifer is a function of the hydraulic gradient within the aquifer and the thickness of the aquifer. If the seaward hydraulic gradient were 3 metres (10 feet) per 4.8 kilometres (3 miles) in the vicinity of hole GO-2, the sea water wedge in the upper aquifer would extend landward 2.4 kilometres (1.5 miles) and in the lower aquifer, 8.5 kilometres (5.3 miles). With a similar hydraulic gradient the wedge would be shorter to the north where the aquifers are not as thick.

The quality of the fresh water offshore cannot be determined but may be similar to that in wells near the beach. Because the water from deeper sediments in this area is generally higher in TDS concentration, the quality could also deteriorate with distance offshore.

Potential Use of Water

Because the geology and water quality sampling along the beach give strong

indications that there could be substantial amounts of fresh water in confined aquifers offshore, consideration should be given to the recovery and use of this water. However, before a decision to use it is made, the method of use, approach in using it, consequences of the use and actions needed after the use should be given careful thought.

The use of offshore fresh water does not require any specific offshore facility. It simply requires that: (1) ground water be used as needed; and (2) if new wells are developed, they be perforated in either the upper or lower aquifers to minimize intermixing of water between aquifers.

This will, in time, result in lowering the piezometric head in the Paso Robles Formation, which will induce the landward movement of offshore fresh water. This fresh water constitutes, along with the water that percolates to the onshore ground water basin, the water supply that can be used for a certain period of time.

The test holes drilled for the investigation, along with the test holes drilled earlier for a sea water intrusion study, form a monitoring system to detect encroachment of the sea water wedge. Because the movement of ground water is slow, when sea water appears in the monitoring holes, adequate time will still be available to take remedial action before the sea water wedge affects the quality of water in the production wells. For example, in the case of Ventura County a sea water intrusion front moved at the rate of about 1.6 kilometres (1 mile) per 10 years.

As new wells are drilled and more ground water is used, additional data such as specific capacity, transmissivity, and water level change will become available. The data can be analyzed and the plan of use can be refined with experience.

If the fresh water moves landward as predicted, the sea water wedge will come

closer to shore. In time, it will be observed in the monitoring wells.

As the piezometric pressure declines in the Paso Robles Formation, wells located in fringe areas would "go dry." To ensure continued water supplies to the area overlying the Paso Robles Formation, provision would have to be made for making ground water available from adjacent areas.

The use of offshore fresh water necessarily requires that water levels onshore be lowered (planned decrease in storage). An institutional mechanism may have to be established to protect the advantages that existing ground water pumpers are expected to enjoy.

When the sea water wedge reaches the production wells, another supply must be available so that a substantial reduction could take place in the use of ground water. This would restore the piezometric head, which would reverse the ground water movement. Then the amount of ground water used each year in the area would have to be maintained at an amount equal to or less than average annual replenishment.

Developing new water supplies must be an important part of long-term basin management planning and should be arrived at only after thoroughly considering all alternatives. Additional water supplies to this area could be obtained from the State Water Project, the Nacimiento Reservoir, desalination, treated waste water, bottled water, or a combination of the sources. An effective water conservation program could decrease demands.

The use of offshore fresh water could delay the need to finance facilities for an additional water supply. The questions of how much and how long the offshore ground water could be relied upon as a supply cannot be answered precisely with the available data. However, useful operational information could be obtained during actual use of

the ground water. If 25 to 50 percent of the water in storage offshore is recoverable fresh water, the aquifer could provide 925 to 1 850 cubic hectometres (750,000 to 1,500,000 acre-feet) of water to the onshore basin and to the local water supply.

At the projected rate of ground water usage, the replenishment to the area and the water that is estimated to be in storage in the basin appear sufficient to meet water demands to year 2000.

The offshore water returning to the onshore portion of the study area would not be expected to become part of the water supply until sometime after year 2000. However, the timing of the arrival of offshore fresh water and of sea water depends upon the pumping practices in the basin. Concentrated heavy pumping of wells in shallow aquifers would bring offshore water onshore sooner. Dispersing production wells and pumping from the deeper aquifers would delay the appearance of sea water onshore.

For those persons wishing more information, a bibliography of selected references is contained in Appendix D.

APPENDIX A
LITHOLOGS AND ELECTRIC LOGS
OF TEST HOLES PSBO-1 AND PSBO-2

LITHOLOG OF EXPLORATORY HOLE
PISMO STATE BEACH OBSERVATION NO. 1 (PSBO-1)

State Well Numbers: 12N/36W - 36L1 - 36L2 (hole contains 2 piezometers)

Hole diameter: 8 inches

Depth Interval in feet	Description of Sediments
0- 44	<u>Dune Sand.</u>
44- 78	<u>Gravel and coarse sand.</u> Dark minerals, sea shells.
78- 105	<u>Silty clay.</u> Soft organic clay.
105-125	<u>Silty sand and silty clay.</u> Organic clay and shells.
125-140	<u>Silty clay.</u> Organic clay.
140-240	<u>Medium sand and gravel.</u> Brown iron stained sand and gravel and light brown clay stringers.
240-260	<u>Fine sand, gravel and clay.</u> Brown sand, gravel and clay.
260-310	<u>Silty clay.</u> Black silty clay, some large gravel.
310-370	<u>Fine sand and silty clay.</u> White sand and gravel, black silty clay.
370-380	<u>Sand and gravel.</u> White sand and gravel, pebbles to 3/4-inch.
380-400	<u>Clay and gravel.</u> Soft tan clay and white gravel.
400-460	<u>Coarse sand and gravel.</u> White sand and gravel.
460-490	<u>Medium sand.</u> Green sand.
490-550	<u>Fine sand and gravel.</u> Blue-gray sand and gravel, some olive and brown clays.
550-630	<u>Fine sand and gravel and shells.</u> Blue sand and gravel.
630-755	<u>Silty clay and shells.</u> Plastic olive clay.
755-830	<u>Silty clay.</u> Olive clay, some shell fragments.
830-847	<u>Sand clay.</u> Olive clay, some shell fragments.

LITHOLOG OF EXPLORATORY HOLE, (PSBO-2)

State Well Numbers: 11N/36W - 12C1, 12C2, 12C3 (hole contains 3 piezometers)

Hole diameter: 10 inches

Depth Interval
in feet

Description of Sediments

0- 98	<u>Fine Sand.</u> Reddish-brown dune sand.
98-102	<u>Silty clay.</u> Dark grey silty clay.
102-168	<u>Fine to medium sand.</u> Reddish-brown sand 102 to 150 feet; white and black sand from 150 to 168 feet; some stringers of clay.
168-170	<u>Sand and clay.</u> 70 percent buff to red sand/30 percent clay; some gravel.
170-190	<u>Clay.</u> Buff to light brown clay with some gravel from 170 to 172 feet; blue-green sticky clay from 172 to 190 feet.
190-225	<u>Fine to coarse sand.</u> 70 percent fine reddish brown sand/30 percent coarse white sand.
225-275	<u>Fine sand and clay.</u> Fine white sand with stringers of soft yellow sandy clay.
275-310	<u>Fine sand, gravel and sandy clay.</u> 80 percent fine sand and gravel/20 percent yellow sandy clay.
310-330	<u>Silty clay and fine sand.</u> 60 percent olive clay/40 percent fine white sand and gravel.
330-375	<u>Clay and fine sand.</u> 80 percent olive clay/20 percent white sand.
375-395	<u>Clay, sand and gravel.</u> Yellow clay, white sand and gravel.
395-455	<u>Gravel and sand.</u> 80 percent white gravel/20 percent white and grey iron stained sand.
455-470	<u>Gravel and sand.</u> 90 percent fine white sand/10 percent white and grey coarse sand. Iron stained sediments.
470-480	<u>Fine sand and clay.</u> 90 percent fine sand/10 percent dark grey clay.
480-530	<u>Clay, shells, gravel and sand.</u> 50 percent olive clay/up to 40 percent shells/blue and black gravel and sand.

Depth Interval in feet	Description of Sediments
530-600	<u>Clay.</u> Mushy to plastic olive clay, many shell fragments.
600-620	<u>Gravel and clay.</u> Blue-green gravel and clay.
620-660	<u>Fine sand and gravel.</u> Blue sand and gravel; traces of silty light blue clay; many shell fragments.
660-670	<u>Shells and sand.</u> 90 percent shell fragments/10 percent blue sand.
670-700	<u>Clay.</u> Stiff, silty, olive clay; a few shell fragments.
700-720	<u>Sandy clay and coarse sand.</u> 85 percent sandy olive clay/15 percent green sand and gravel.
720-750	<u>Sandy clay and gravel.</u> Olive sandy clay; blue and green gravel and sand.
750-760	<u>Gravel and sand.</u> Light blue gravel and sand; some shell fragments.
760-1000	<u>Silty clay.</u> Stiff, silty olive clay.

APPENDIX B
GROUND WATER QUALITY DATA

APPENDIX B GROUND WATER QUALITY DATA

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAM	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					TDS SUM	TH MCH	SAN	HEM
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	CO4	CL	SO4	SI02	PERCENT REACTANCE	PERCENT REACTANCE	PERCENT REACTANCE						
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT APROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT APROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																						
06/03/66	5050		7.6	780	4.44	3.87	1.17	.05	.00	6.28	2.64	.51	.04	.5	30.0	526	402	89	0.6			
10/21/71	5117 1045	5050	61.0F 16.1C	8.2	853	4.64	3.87	1.22	.05	5.36	3.41	.48	.03	.3	532	426	158	0.6				
06/03/66	5050		5.9 F 15 C	8.0	838	3.89	3.54	1.74	.05	4.85	3.27	.40	.02	.5	499	372	120	0.9				
10/28/71	5117 1000	5050	60.0F 15.5C	8.2	618	3.60	2.67	.96	.04	4.52	2.10	.51	.01	.4	383	300	82	0.5				
09/28/61	5050		7.8	580	1.65	1.40	2.26	.10	.00	.70	1.17	1.80	1.55	.1	373	153	118	1.4	F S			
09/28/61	5050		7.9	2445	7.24	5.35	14.49	.18	.00	7.24	3.37	12.00	.13	.2	1677	630	268	5.8				
07/13/62	5801		7.8	2600	158	54	312	6.0	.00	445	192	550	.0	.08	1514	633	268	5.4				
11/02/67	5050		62 F 17 C	8.1	1197	4.04	4.19	4.74	.20	.00	7.90	1.98	3.02	.05	641	412	17	2.1				
06/16/65	5801		67 F 19 C	7.9	1500	3.44	5.14	6.96	.15	.00	5.59	2.29	7.56	.53	.1	898	431	152	3.4	N		
01/18/66	5050		63 F 17 C	7.6	1687	5.64	3.87	5.96	.08	.00	3.06	1.81	9.73	1.00	.2	1042	476	323	2.7			
03/10/67	5050		67 F 19 C	8.2	4280	5.29	7.32	28.88	.54	.00	16.13	1.00	24.56	.09	.70	2410	631	0	11.5			
09/27/67	5050		62 F 17 C	7.7	826	2.15	1.81	3.44	.10	.00	1.51	1.60	2.71	1.81	.2	479	198	123	2.4			
06/16/65	5801		64 F 18 C	7.9	745	3.04	3.29	1.96	.05	.00	3.70	2.75	1.80	.16	.1	465	132	141	1.1	N		
01/18/66	5050		62 F 17 C	8.1	758	3.74	1.89	1.96	.05	.00	3.33	1.96	2.00	.15	.2	458	282	115	1.2			
03/09/67	5050		63 F 17 C	7.0	1060	3.84	3.78	2.39	.08	.00	3.54	1.56	3.98	.37	.2	581	381	204	1.2	S		
09/27/67	5050		62 F 17 C	7.9	812	4.09	2.67	2.31	.08	.00	3.38	1.77	3.41	.47	.2	580	324	159	1.3			
06/16/65	5801		66 F 19 C	7.7	1140	5.79	4.28	2.74	.08	.00	6.61	3.50	2.90	.08	.2	748	504	173	1.2	N		
01/19/66	5050		67 F 19 C	7.8	1051	5.44	3.70	2.18	.08	.00	6.16	3.48	1.52	.02	.2	660	460	152	1.0			
09/26/67	5050		70 F 21 C	7.6	922	3.00	3.74	1.91	.04	.00	5.94	3.39	.40	.00	.2	612	389	111	1.0			
09/30/66	5786		68 F 20 C	8.2	865	4.59	3.78	1.27	.05	.00	6.26	2.75	.68	.08	.2	517	106	0.6				
03/02/61	5801		8.3	890	102	51	32	2.0	6.0	413	137	34	.0	.08	578	464	593	116	0.6	C		
10/17/66	5050		59 F 15 C	8.3	954	5.24	2.34	1.35	.08	.00	7.66	3.00	2.73	.03	.2	549	384	84	0.7			
06/20/68	5050		7.6	934	101	56	32	2.0	.00	4.50	1.32	.36	.01	.5	578	483	114	0.6				

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REN				
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH		SAR			
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																						
06/03/64	5050				8.5	887	103 5.14 49	50 4.11 39	29 1.26 12	2.0 .05	26 .87	338 56.54 54	147 3.06 30	29 .82 8	.5 .01	.03	.6	614 553	463 142	0.6		
08/28/63	1115	70 F 21 C	6.2	220			7.0 .35 15	3.0 .25 11	40 1.74 73	1.0 .03	0 .00	30 .49 22	9.0 .19 9	53 1.49 67	3.6 .06 3	.05	1.4 63.0	200 194	30 6	3.2	E	
03/03/61	5001				6.8	685	47 2.10 33	12 .99 16	72 3.13 50	2.0 .05	0 .00	103 1.69 26	43 .90 14	135 3.81 60	.0	.03	1.8 45.0	374* 402	155 70	2.5		
06/11/54	578A	68 F 20 C	7.3	267			9.0 .45 27	3.0 .25 12	30 1.31 64	1.0 .03	0 .00	49 .80 41	8.0 .17 9	35 .99 51	.0	.10	1.0	207* 110	35 0	2.2	E TC	
07/01/54	578B	65 F 18 C	7.4	1190			135 6.74 51	42 5.10 38	33 1.44 11	2.0 .05	0 .00	462 7.57 55	239 4.98 36	37 1.04 8	5.0 .08 1	.10	.1	930* 740	592 214	0.6	E T S	
03/02/61	5801				7.4	1120	133 6.64 49	64 5.26 39	34 1.48 11	2.0 .05	0 .00	468 7.67 57	232 4.83 36	38 1.07 A	.0	.10	.2 29.0	734* 762	595 212	0.6	C	
08/24/62	5801	64 F 18 C	7.5	1045			104 4.99 73	23 1.89 15	34 1.48 12	2.0 .05	0 .00	490 8.07 62	187 3.89 30	36 1.02 8	.0	.10	.2 32.0	766 741	559 157	0.6	E C	
06/03/64	5050				8.1	997	100 4.99 43	63 5.18 45	30 1.31 11	2.0 .05	0 .00	410 6.77 59	172 3.58 37	35 .99 9	3.0 .05	.09	.5	676 607	509 173	0.8		
10/21/71	5117 1200	66.0F 18.9C	8.0	1056			114 5.69 46	62 5.10 42	33 1.44 12	2.0 .05	0 .00	471 7.77 67	170 3.54 29	31 .87 7	4.3 .07 1	.07	.3	690 648	540 154	0.6		
06/03/64	5050				8.0	1103	101 5.04 41	68 5.59 45	40 1.74 14	2.0 .05	0 .00	290 4.75 39	100 6.25 51	46 1.30 11	.0	.10	.5	888 708	537 294	0.8	E	
06/03/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.1	1089			263 13.12 54	108 8.88 37	49 2.13 9	2.0 .05	0 .00	540 8.85 37	444 11.41 56	62 1.75 7	.5 .01	.17	.7	1544 1394	1101 658	0.6	E C	
06/11/54	578B	68 F 20 C	7.5	950			106 5.29 52	37 3.04 30	44 1.91 19	1.0 .03	0 .00	341 5.59 62	83 1.73 19	57 1.61 18	3.1 .05 1	.15	.4	550* 499	417 137	0.9	S	
08/29/57	5800				7.9	895	79 3.94 41	41 3.37 35	51 2.22 23	1.0 .03	0 .00	325 5.31 56	123 2.56 27	57 1.61 17	.0	.53	.2 23.0	611 535	366 99	1.2		
09/29/58	5800				7.7	883	76 3.79 48	44 3.62 38	47 2.04 22	1.0 .03	0 .00	337 5.57 58	127 2.54 27	52 1.47 15	.0	.24	.3 33.0	648 541	371 95	1.1	E	
09/27/59	5800				7.4	880	-- -- --	-- -- --	-- -- --	-- -- --	0 .00	319 5.23	-- 1.69	60 --	-- --	-- --	-- --	-- --	378			S
10/06/60	5801	66 F 19 C	7.5	974			79 3.94 41	45 3.70 38	46 2.00 21	1.0 .03	0 .00	331 5.43 56	139 2.89 30	51 1.44 15	.0	.30	.9 25.0	594* 549	382 111	1.0		
11/06/61	5050	59 F 15 C	8.0	841			92 4.59 45	45 3.70 36	43 1.87 18	1.0 .03	0 .00	317 5.20 52	152 3.16 31	57 1.61 16	5.6 .09 1	.05	.6 30.0	565 582	415 155	0.9	C	
08/24/62	5050				7.6	927	92 4.59 45	45 3.70 36	45 1.96 19	1.0 .03	0 .00	317 5.20 52	167 3.48 34	50 1.41 14	.0	.09	.7 37.0	638 593	415 155	1.0		
10/09/67	1130	67 F 19 C	8.4	880			95 4.74 45	46 3.78 36	47 2.04 19	1.0 .03	15 .50	308 5.05 48	179 3.73 35	47 1.33 13	.0	.14	.4 29.0	640 911	426 149	1.0	E C	
09/25/63	1345	66 F 19 C	8.1	985			89 4.44 41	52 4.28 39	49 2.13 20	1.0 .03	0 .00	317 5.20 48	187 3.89 36	60 1.69 16	.5 .01	.07	.7 36.0	650 630	434 176	1.0		
06/03/64	5050				7.1	984	92 4.59 43	48 3.95 37	46 2.00 19	1.0 .03	0 .00	287 4.70 44	188 3.91 37	71 2.00 19	.0	.08	.7	674 587	427 192	1.0		
10/07/65	1305	62 F 17 C	8.2	967			102 5.09 45	51 4.19 37	48 2.09 18	1.0 .03	0 .00	334 5.47 44	173 3.60 32	76 2.14 19	10.0 .16 1	.06	.7	660 625	464 191	1.0		
10/20/71	5117 1530	58.0F 14.4C	8.2	1083			111 5.54 45	58 4.77 38	48 2.09 17	.9 .02	0 .00	366 6.00 49	215 4.48 37	47 1.33 11	25.8 .47 3	.06	.4	724 686	514 216	0.9		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																				
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REMARKS
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH	SAR		
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																				
06/03/64	5050	64 F 18 C	8.2	1850	87 33	73 46	60 20	3.0 1	0 1	500 63	163 26	50 11	6.0 1	.23 40.0	.4	750 732	517 181	1.1	E C	
10/17/66	5117 1000	5050	62 F 17 C	8.3	1210	111 42	63 39	50 19	3.0 1	0 1	511 8.38	170 3.71	49 1.38	5.5 .09	-.20	700* 720	537 117	1.1		
10/28/71	5117 1030	5050	60.0 F 15.4 C	1120	106 39	58 35	78 25	4.7 1	1 1	500 8.20	154 24	69 14	0.0 1	.20 --	.2	735 724	503 93	1.5		
06/20/68	1200	5050	7.5	1110	89 35	65 42	67 23	4.0 1	0 1	547 8.97	114 2.42	55 1.55	1.0 .02	.28 --	.4	682 666	490 41	1.3		
06/18/64	5801	5801	6.7	650	35 25	17 20	88 3.03	3.0 .00	0 1	57 .93	41 .85	175 4.94	6.0 .10	.00 --	.4	403 393	150 111	3.1	S	
06/20/68	1320	5050	6.5	776	36 26	18 22	79 51	3.0 1	0 1	52 .85	46 .96	175 4.94	12.0 .19	.03 --	.5	571 395	164 122	2.7	E T	
06/18/64	5801	5801	7.3 F 23 C	380	25 31	9.0 1.74	45 1.96	3.0 .00	0 1	117 1.92	19 .40	55 1.55	.0 .00	.05 --	.1	244 214	100 4	2.0		
03/06/64	830	5801	7.0	290	17 20	4.0 11	48 68	2.0 2	0 1	30 .49	7.0 .04	46 1.30	69.0 1.11	.05 21.0	.1	248 219	47 22	3.1	E	
10/23/67	1840	5050	7.2	514	19 22	9.0 1.74	58 2.52	3.0 .00	0 1	24 .38	15 .31	65 1.83	115 1.85	.10 --	.1	250 206	85 65	2.7		
03/06/64	1655	5801	7.1	400	24 29	8.0 .66	50 2.18	1.0 .03	0 1	45 .74	37 .77	50 1.41	70.0 1.23	.02 26.0	.1	198 204	93 56	2.3	T	
09/29/54	5706	5800	7.0 F 26 C	454	23 29	9.0 1.15	47 2.04	1.0 .03	0 1	22 .36	41 .85	57 1.61	75.0 1.21	.03 --	.1	292* 264	95 77	2.1		
08/29/57	5800	5800	6.5	596	22 21	15 24	64 2.78	2.0 .05	0 1	22 .36	58 1.21	73 2.04	86.0 1.39	.70 23.0	.0	336 354	117 99	2.6		
02/06/58	5800	5800	6.3	511	18 21	13 25	53 54	1.0 1	0 1	27 .36	33 .69	69 1.95	75.0 1.21	.00 30.0	.2	353 303	99 81	2.3		
02/18/59	5050	5800	6.5	475	27 26	18 29	53 45	1.0 1	0 1	18 .30	59 1.23	67 1.89	89.0 1.44	.03 33.0	.0	353 356	142 127	1.9	E S	
09/27/59	5800	5800	7.0 F 26 C	620	26 23	17 25	65 51	1.0 .03	0 1	24 .39	58 1.21	75 2.12	114 1.84	.30 27.0	.0	407 395	135 116	2.4		
09/20/60	5801	5801	6.4	716	32 24	18 23	79 52	2.0 .05	0 1	25 .41	96 2.00	78 2.20	67.0 1.08	.10 11.0	.0	456* 395	154 134	2.8	S	
03/02/61	5801	5801	6.3	725	38 29	17 22	72 48	2.0 .05	0 1	26 .43	80 1.67	84 2.37	133 2.15	.10 26.0	.0	490* 465	165 144	2.4		
03/07/64	1000	5801	7.3	300	17 28	6.0 1.49	38 1.85	2.0 .05	0 1	35 .57	5.0 .10	44 1.30	54.0 .87	.05 26.0	.1	211 211	67 39	2.0	E S	
03/06/64	1100	5801	6.5	450	22 24	10 .82	62 2.70	2.0 .05	0 1	39 .64	36 .75	66 1.86	80.0 1.29	.05 11.0	.1	336 308	96 64	2.8	E	
03/06/64	940	5801	6.8	630	43 37	16 20	73 47	2.0 .05	0 1	18 .30	74 1.54	76 2.14	155 2.50	.07 1.0	.1	449 449	174 159	2.4	E S	
03/04/64	1610	5801	7.1	500	23 21	8.0 1.15	35 1.52	2.0 2.05	0 1	123 2.02	14 .29	92 2.59	20.0 .32	.05 5.0	.1	337 338	91 0	1.6		
03/04/64	1650	5801	6.8 F 20 C	700	28 19	29 33	78 3.39	1.0 .03	0 1	28 .46	85 1.77	87 2.31	142 2.29	.05 27.0	.1	542 486	180 166	2.5	E S	
06/17/64	5801	5801	6.3 F 17 C	650	26 19	28 34	74 3.22	1.0 .03	0 1	28 .46	77 1.60	85 2.40	133 2.15	.05 --	.1	470 438	180 157	2.4	E S	

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN											MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM
				CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA											MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	CO4	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS	TH	SAH			
PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT						
06/17/64	5A01			7.2	90A	71 37	40 35	60 27	3.0 1	0	170 29	135 29	7A 21	116 19	.10	.1	670 5A7	342 202	1.4	
03/05/64	5A01			7.0	60A	29 24	19 26	70 3.05	2.0 50	0	3A 1A	97 32	63 29	107 29	.05	.1	450 430	151 120	2.5	E
10/25/67	5050			7.3	111A	45 22	33 27	115 5.00	2.0 50	0	37 A	105 21	187 52	132 21	.05	.1	697 638	24A 21A	3.2	
03/03/61	5A01			6.8	390	20 21	14 27	48 2.09	2.0 49	0	10A 42	41 20	55 37	.0	.2A	2A8 2A3	10A 19	2.0	E	
06/20/6A	5050			7.0	37A	14 21	8.0 .6A	45 1.98	2.0 5A	0	45 A	15 9	54 45	1.0 1	.19	.9	276 1A6	6A 0	2.4	F
03/03/61	5A01			7.5	2200	297 49	134 36	9A 4.2A	4.0 10	0	621 31	222 56	121 11	.0	.21	193A 1809	1297 786	1.2	F	
06/04/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.6	2167	290 49	131 37	97 4.05	4.0 10	0	555 9.10	710 14.97	115 11	102 A	.20	.A	1A71 1762	12A3 A0A	1.1	E	
06/04/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.8	2020	235 43	147 44	82 3.57	7.0 1A	0	752 12.37	5A4 12.1A	99 2.79	4.6 07	.1A	.6	1671 157A	1192 575	1.0	E	
06/20/6A	5050			7.4	2014	234 47	141 43	80 3.48	6.0 15	0	714 11.70	567 11.80	115 7.24	1.5 02	.14	.6	1666 1496	1165 579	1.0	F
11/09/50	5000			8.0	1370	167 4A	73 35	64 2.7A	4.0 20	0	566 9.2A	25 52	52 1.47	.5 01	.04	--	974 707	707 247	1.0	F
08/24/62	5801			7.4	1900	159 32	154 53	7A 3.39	4.0 10	0	669 10.9A	4A8 10.1A	116 7.27	.0	.24	1530 1764	1051 503	1.0	E	
06/04/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.3	1827	213 44	117 40	92 4.00	3.0 0A	0	724 11.87	469 9.7A	107 2.8A	8.0 17	.24	.5	1432 1402	1013 419	1.3	F	
10/17/6A	5050	60 F 16 C	8.1	2020	216 46	112 39	82 3.57	5.0 11	0	62A 10.29	41A 10.74	107 2.8A	7.4 17	.30	--	1520 1369	1000 4A5	1.1	E	
06/20/6A	5050			7.5	1941	213 44	122 41	83 3.61	3.0 0A	0	637 10.44	51A 10.7A	12A 7.55	.5 01	.19	.5	1544 1379	1034 511	1.1	F
03/03/61	5A01			7.7	1840	208 45	106 34	82 3.57	3.0 0A	0	614 10.0A	47A 9.0A	117 7.10	.0	.23	13A8 1273	93A 432	1.2	F	
09/19/62	5000	75 F 24 C	7.8	860	54 27	46 39	70 3.05	11 2A	0	42A 6.4A	69 1.44	47 1.21	1.8 07	.10	.4	547 542	324 0	1.7		
06/04/64	5801	64 F 1A C	7.7	1240	16A 52	57 70	64 2.7A	1.0 03	0	440 7.21	329 A.85	59 1.6A	.0	.1A	980 920	649 28A	1.1	F		
06/04/64	5A01	66 F 19 C	7.7	1360	174 50	60 4.93	82 3.57	5.0 11	0	529 8.67	30A A.41	71 2.00	.0	.1A	9A0 991	6A1 247	1.4	F		
06/04/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.8	165A	155 76	114 44	93 4.05	2.0 05	0	647 10.60	744 7.1A	104 2.97	5.6 09	.20	.7	1239 1176	85A 32A	1.4	F	
06/20/6A	5050			7.1	2225	274 47	131 37	10A 4.70	4.0 10	0	62A 10.29	774 15.2A	12A 3.55	1.5 02	.14	.6	191A 1649	122A 717	1.3	F
08/24/62	5A01	66 F 19 C	7.3	2160	205 36	164 47	109 4.74	6.0 15	0	714 11.70	650 17.57	115 7.24	.0	.14	1854 1626	11A7 A01	1.4	F		
06/17/64	5050			7.6	2177	230 47	10A 8.72	152 6.81	6.0 15	0	681 11.1A	5A5 12.1A	11A 3.77	3.3 05	.02	.7	1694 1515	1011 452	2.1	F

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																				
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REACTANCE VALUE				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM	
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	PERCENT	MC03	SO4	CL	NO3	H	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH		SAR
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SURAREA																				
10/28/71	5117	60.0F			220	99	81	3.5	0	529	538	89	2.6	.08	.4	1382	956	1.1	E	
1130	5050	15.5C	7.9	1786	10.98	8.14	3.52	.09	.00	86.67	11.20	2.51	.04		--	1293	523		C	
					48	36	15			39	50	11								
09/29/54	5786	73 F			105	58	47	2.0	0	422	177	51	13.6	.00	.1	692*	501	0.9		
		23 C	7.4	1020	5.24	4.28	2.31	.05	.00	6.92	3.69	1.44	.22		--	661	155			
					43	39	17			56	30	12	?							
03/03/61	5801				112	52	53	2.0	0	411	176	60	22.0	.10	.1	660*	496	1.0		
			7.5	1070	5.59	4.28	2.31	.05	.00	6.74	3.66	1.69	.35		24.0	703	157			
					46	35	19			54	29	14	3							
08/23/62	5801	66 F			105	51	52	2.0	0	417	167	56	16.8	.09	.1	692	472	1.0	S	
		19 C	7.4	1020	5.24	4.19	2.26	.05	.00	6.83	3.48	1.58	.26		22.0	676	130			
					45	36	19			56	29	13	2							
06/17/64	5050	66 F			108	52	49	2.0	0	390	157	55	25.0	.16	.4	684	484	1.0		
		19 C	7.7	1041	5.39	4.24	2.13	.05	.00	6.39	3.27	1.55	.40		--	640	164			
					45	36	18			55	28	13	3							
03/03/61	5801				60	28	52	1.0	0	135	127	40	45.0	.00	.1	422*	215	1.5		
			6.8	630	2.00	2.30	2.26	.03	.00	2.21	2.64	1.13	.73		18.0	417	105			
					30	35	34			33	39	17	11							
06/17/64	5050				106	53	50	2.0	0	392	157	56	26.0	.20	.4	785	483	1.0		
			7.8	1061	5.29	4.36	2.18	.05	.00	6.42	3.27	1.58	.42		--	643	162			
					45	37	18			55	28	14	4							
10/07/69	5117				72	39	46	2.0	0	157	198	54	33.0	.04	.2	564	340			
	5050				7.8	860	3.59	3.21	2.00	.05	.00	2.57	4.12	1.52	.53		--	521	212	1.1
					41	36	23	1		29	47	17	6							
10/16/70	5117	61 F			77	39	50	2.0	0	167	201	57	53.0	.04	.3	611	353	1.2		
	5050	16 C	8.0	877	3.84	3.21	2.18	.05	.00	2.74	4.18	1.61	.85		--	561	216			
					41	35	23	1		29	45	17	9							
10/07/69	5117				60	39	49	2.0	0	218	122	54	33.0	.04	.3	529	310	1.2		
	5050				7.9	802	2.99	3.21	2.13	.05	.00	3.57	2.54	1.52	.53		--	466	132	
					36	38	25	1		44	31	19	6							
10/29/71	5117	60 F			82	40	54	2.2	0	280	152	52	37.5	.06	.2	583	369	1.2		
	5050	16 C	8.2	880	4.09	3.29	2.35	.06	.00	4.74	3.16	1.47	.60		--	562	132			
					42	36	24	1		48	32	15	6							
11/07/74	5117	64.0F			73	35	46	2.7	13	178	119	53	80.0	.00	.3	506	327			
	5064	17.0C	8.6	833	3.64	2.84	2.00	.07	.43	2.92	2.48	1.49	1.20		--	509	159	1.1		
					42	34	23	1	5	34	29	17	15							
09/29/54	5786	81 F			97	44	44	3.0	0	412	144	31	2.5	.05	.1	583*	444	0.9		
		27 C	7.8	934	4.84	4.03	1.91	.08	.00	6.75	3.00	.87	.04		--	573	106			
					45	37	18	1		63	28	8								
03/05/57	5000	66 F			67	42	44	2.0	0	343	112	27	.0	.06	.0	481	340	1.0		
		19 C	7.4	787	3.34	3.45	1.91	.10	.00	5.62	2.33	.74	.00		10.0	481	59			
					38	39	22	1		65	27	9								
03/03/61	5801				108	44	43	3.0	0	434	149	34	.0	.13	.0	642*	451	0.9		
			7.3	980	5.39	3.62	1.87	.08	.00	7.11	3.10	.96	.00		29.0	624	95			
					49	33	17	1		64	28	9								
06/17/64	5050				108	46	42	3.0	0	421	143	32	6.0	.05	.3	626	459	0.9		
			7.6	971	5.39	3.78	1.83	.08	.00	6.90	2.98	.90	.10		--	587	114			
					49	34	17	1		63	27	8	1							
05/09/61	5801	70 F			51	19	48	2.0	0	69	77	63	115	.25	.1	466*	205		F	
		21 C	7.4	620	2.54	1.56	2.09	.05	.00	1.13	1.60	1.78	1.85		29.0	436	149	1.5		
					41	25	33	1		18	25	24	29							
06/17/64	5801	66 F			48	19	61	2.0	0	60	62	81	116	.08	.1	478	198		F	
		14 C	7.1	650	2.40	1.56	2.65	.05	.00	1.13	1.29	2.28	1.87		--	423	142	1.9		
					36	23	40	1		17	20	35	28							
03/03/61	5801				27	11	46	2.0	0	50	35	46	95.0	.06	.0	320*	113	1.9		
			7.2	480	1.35	.90	2.00	.05	.00	.82	.73	1.30	1.53		29.0	316	72			
					31	21	47	1		19	17	30	35							
06/17/64	5050				32	15	51	2.0	0	46	41	68	95.0	.50	.2	408	142	1.9	F	
			7.6	575	1.60	1.23	2.22	.05	.00	.75	.85	1.42	1.53		--	327	104			
					31	24	44	1		15	17	38	38							
10/07/69	5117				79	43	44	3.0	0	275	127	52	38.0	.00	.2	592	374			
	5050				7.8	891	3.44	3.54	1.91	.08	.00	4.51	2.64	3.47	.61		--	521	140	1.0
					42	37	20	1		49	29	16	7							
10/29/71	5117	71 F			80	38	47	2.4	0	244	122	55	73.5	.04	.2	547	356	1.1		
	5050	22 C	7.4	862	3.49	3.11	2.04	.06	.00	4.00	2.54	1.55	1.19		--	538	158			
					43	34	22	1		43	27	17	13							

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	PERCENT	RFACANT	VALUE	B	F	TDS	TH	SAR				
																						5102	SUM	NCH	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS CRISTO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																									
03/08/55	5060				7.4	89 4.44 45	42 3.45 35	44 1.91 19	--	0	305 5.00 5A	116 2.42 2A	35 .99 12	12.0 .19 2	--	.2	488	395 145	1.0	S					
12/12/56	5A6A 5A6A				7.1	64 3.19 42	31 2.55 33	42 1.83 24	4.0 .10 1	0	171 2.80 3A	96 2.00 26	51 1.44 19	91.0 1.47 19	.10	.3	583 497	287 147	1.1						
02/06/57	5060				7.3	80 3.99 46	34 2.80 32	42 1.83 21	--	0	226 3.70 4A	117 2.33 3A	42 1.18 15	35.0 .56 7	--	.2	456	340 155	1.0	S					
05/12/60	5A6A				7.2	785 3.34 41	29 2.38 29	54 2.35 29	3.0 .08 1	0	115 1.88 23	155 1.23 40	62 1.75 22	78.0 1.26 16	.02	.2	593 542	284 192	1.4	E					
11/11/60	5999				7.9	763 3.34 41	31 2.55 31	50 2.18 27	3.0 .08 1	0	141 2.31 32	160 3.33 45	57 1.61 22	5.0 .08 1	.08	.2	585* 477	295 179	1.3	E S					
03/03/61	5A01				7.2	865 3.49 40	34 2.80 32	53 2.31 27	3.0 .08 1	0	122 2.00 23	131 2.73 31	62 1.75 20	144 2.32 26	.13	.2	610* 584	315 215	1.3	E					
04/16/62	5A6A 5A6A	70 F 21 C			7.0	932 3.34 39	263 2.63 31	252 2.52 29	3.0 .08 1	0	147 2.41 24	123 2.56 30	63 1.78 21	108 1.74 20	.20	.2	536 556	299 178	1.5						
07/03/64	5A6A				7.6	930 3.44 39	33 2.71 31	58 2.52 29	3.0 .08 1	0	124 2.03 23	134 2.79 32	72 2.03 23	118 1.90 22	.10	.2	563 577	308 284	1.4						
01/26/67	5060 5060	77 F 25 C			7.4	952 3.49 39	35 2.88 32	58 2.52 28	3.0 .08 1	0	111 1.82 20	134 2.79 31	76 2.14 24	135 2.18 24	.07	.2	601 601	319 228	1.4						
125/13E-29E02 M																									
12/12/56	5A6A 5A6A				7.2	65 3.24 42	32 2.63 34	43 1.87 24	2.0 .05 1	0	220 3.61 47	109 2.08 27	46 1.30 17	45.0 .73 9	.10	.1	587 475	294 113	1.1						
02/06/57	5060				7.8	76 3.79 45	35 2.88 34	41 1.78 21	--	0	227 3.64 4A	105 2.19 29	44 1.24 16	34.0 .55 7	--	.1	444	334 152	1.0	S					
05/12/60	5A6A				7.0	834 3.54 42	280 2.80 34	1.91 1.91 23	3.0 .08 1	0	197 3.23 39	121 2.52 30	56 1.54 19	58.0 1.94 11	.04	.2	589 517	317 154	1.1	E					
08/03/60	5A01				8.2	790	--	--	--	0	171 2.80	--	91 2.57	--	--	--	--	332			S				
09/08/60	5A01				7.3	865	--	--	--	0	110 1.80	--	59 1.66	--	--	--	--	294			S				
11/11/60	5999				6.8	784 3.34 41	271 2.88 33	2.09 1.83 26	.05 .08 1	0	204 3.43 46	122 2.54 34	53 1.49 20	.1	.04	--	658* 463	303 131	1.2	E T S					
04/16/62	5A6A 5A6A	70 F 21 C			6.5	914 2.99 36	34 2.80 34	55 2.39 29	2.0 .05 1	0	111 1.82 27	143 2.98 36	66 1.86 22	100 1.61 19	.10	.1	500 544	290 199	1.4						
07/03/64	5A6A				7.4	1013 4.09 42	37 3.04 31	57 2.48 26	3.0 .08 1	0	179 2.93 30	134 2.83 29	82 2.31 24	100 1.61 17	.20	.1	595 614	357 210	1.3						
01/26/67	5060 5060	77 F 25 C			7.2	980 3.94 41	39 3.21 34	53 2.31 24	3.0 .08 1	0	206 3.38 36	127 2.64 2A	68 1.92 20	95.0 1.53 16	.07	.2	598 597	358 189	1.2						
125/13E-29E03 M																									
06/01/59	5A6A 5A6A				7.3	870 4.14 44	43 3.54 38	38 1.65 1A	3.0 .08 1	0	301 4.93 53	111 2.31 25	46 1.30 14	46.0 .74 A	.04	.2	554	384 138	0.8						
05/12/60	5A6A				7.1	888 4.04 45	37 3.04 34	42 1.83 20	3.0 .08 1	0	210 3.44 39	128 2.66 30	69 1.95 22	50.0 .81 9	.01	.2	628 546	354 182	1.0	E					
11/11/60	5999				7.0	804 3.49 42	15 2.88 33	48 2.09 24	3.0 .08 1	0	205 3.36 39	134 2.83 33	63 1.78 21	37.0 .60 7	.04	.1	598* 531	329 161	1.2	E					
04/16/62	5A6A 5A6A	72 F 22 C			7.0	948 3.69 41	36 2.96 33	52 2.26 25	3.0 .08 1	0	169 2.77 31	139 2.89 32	62 1.75 19	98.0 1.58 1A	.10	.1	743 578	333 194	1.2	E T					
06/17/64	5A01	66 F 19 C			7.0	900 3.44 35	47 3.87 34	58 2.52 25	3.0 .08 1	0	191 3.13 32	134 2.78 29	73 2.06 21	107 1.73 1A	.13	.1	644 585	364 289	1.3	E					
07/03/64	5A6A				7.4	977 4.09 47	38 3.13 30	32 1.39 16	3.0 .08 1	0	182 3.08 34	133 2.98 32	72 2.03 23	59.0 .95 11	.20	.2	568 535	361 212	0.7						
01/26/67	5060 5060	77 F 25 C			6.8	1000 3.79 40	39 3.21 34	57 2.48 26	3.0 .08 1	0	174 2.88 30	136 2.83 30	77 2.17 23	105 1.49 1A	.11	.2	615 615	350 204	1.3						
10/29/71	5117 5050	58 F 14 C			7.9	794 3.14 3A	35 2.88 35	50 2.18 26	2.0 .05 1	0	139 2.28 27	154 3.25 39	58 1.84 19	78.0 1.26 15	.04	.2	520 510	301 187	1.3						

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																						
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD LABORATORY EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REMARKS		
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	PERCENT REACTANCE VALUE	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCM	SAR			
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																						
06/17/64	T-10 T-10.C T-10.C1 325/13E-29E05	66	F		7.1	755	62	28	56	3.0	0	97	84	69	156	.08	.2	558	270	1.5	E	
	5801	19	C				3.09	2.30	2.44	.08	.00	1.59	1.75	1.95	2.52			506	190			
							39	29	31	1		20	27	25	32							
10/24/67	325/13E-29F01	66	F		7.6	1049	88	43	60	3.0	0	240	145	81	94.5	.00	.3	684	397	1.3		
	5050	19	C				4.39	3.54	2.61	.09	.00	3.93	3.02	2.28	1.52			633	200			
							41	33	25	1		37	28	21	14							
11/13/50	325/13E-29G01	66	F		7.5	872	90	43	37	3.0	0	361	131	32	10.0	.01	--	558	402	0.8		
	5000						4.49	3.54	1.61	.08	.00	5.92	2.77	.90	.16		36.0	558	106			
							46	36	17	1		61	28	9	2							
03/06/57		65	F		7.4	945	102	45	38	3.0	0	383	146	35	8.7	.01	.2	591	440	0.8		
	5000	18	C				5.09	3.70	1.65	.08	.00	6.28	3.04	.99	.14		25.0	591	126			
							48	35	16	1		60	29	9	1							
02/18/59		64	F		7.9	842	80	39	36	2.0	0	211	150	57	60.0	.08	.2	601	360	0.8	E	
	5050	18	C				3.99	3.21	1.57	.05	.00	3.44	3.12	1.49	.97		30.0	554	187			
							45	36	18	1		38	35	16	11							
09/27/59		68	F		8.0	824	--	--	--	--	0	235	--	56	--	--	--	--	--	364		S
	5800	20	C								.00	3.85		1.58								
08/03/60		68	F		7.2	939	99	46	38	2.0	0	332	157	41	18.0	.11	.3	651	436	0.8	S	
	5801						4.94	3.78	1.65	.05	.00	5.44	3.19	1.16	.29		24.0	584	164			
							47	36	16			54	32	12	3							
10/06/60		66	F		7.8	903	--	--	--	--	0	371	--	45	--	--	--	--	--	439		S
	5050	19	C								.00	6.08		1.27								
11/17/61		64	F		7.4	948	103	49	34	2.0	0	357	144	43	31.0	.02	.4	627	459	0.7		
	5050	18	C				5.14	4.03	1.48	.05	.00	5.85	3.00	1.21	.50		26.0	608	166			
							48	38	14			55	28	11	5							
08/23/62		64	F		7.4	810	77	33	41	4.0	0	178	147	54	60.0	.05	.4	638	328	1.0	E	
	5401	18	C				3.84	2.71	1.78	.10	.00	2.88	2.98	1.52	.97		24.0	523	184			
							46	32	21	1		34	36	18	12							
10/16/62		64	F		7.3	820	79	43	43	2.0	0	285	132	60	31.0	.09	.2	680	374	1.0		
	5801	18	C				3.94	3.54	1.87	.05	.00	4.67	2.75	1.69	.50		21.0	551	141			
							42	38	20	1		49	29	18	5							
09/25/63		66	F		7.2	937	104	45	42	3.0	0	361	146	44	28.0	.08	1.1	705	445	0.9	E	
	5050	19	C				5.19	3.70	1.83	.08	.00	5.92	3.04	1.24	.45		34.0	624	149			
							48	34	17	1		56	29	12	4							
09/27/64		73	F		7.7	940	73	44	42	2.0	0	188	152	37	111	.12	.2	612	371	0.9		
	5801						3.44	3.76	1.83	.05	.00	3.08	3.16	1.06	1.79		--	556	217			
							39	41	28	1		34	35	11	20							
10/13/64		42	F		7.4	869	42	40	42	2.0	0	261	136	48	44.0	.06	.4	670	369	1.0	E	
	5050						4.09	3.29	1.83	.05	.00	4.28	2.87	1.35	.71		37.0	559	155			
							44	36	20	1		47	31	15	8							
02/18/59	325/13E-29G02	64	F		8.1	984	110	53	33	3.0	0	415	165	32	3.9	.09	.2	661	491	0.6		
	5050	18	C				5.49	4.36	1.44	.08	.00	6.80	3.44	.90	.04		31.0	635	153			
							48	38	13	1		61	31	8	1							
06/17/64		64	F		8.2	952	102	50	39	2.0	0	390	146	44	25.5	.15	.5	642	460	0.8		
	5050	18	C				5.09	4.11	1.70	.05	.00	6.39	3.04	1.24	.41		--	600	141			
							46	38	16			58	27	11	4							
19/27/64		74	F		7.6	900	74	49	46	2.0	0	344	140	44	20.0	.55	.1	640	427	1.0	E	
	5401						3.69	4.85	2.60	.05	.00	5.64	3.33	1.30	.32		--	577	145			
							35	46	19			53	31	12	3							
10/07/65		60	F		7.9	938	89	46	40	2.0	0	350	148	47	27.0	.12	.4	610	434	0.8		
	5050	16	C				4.84	3.78	1.74	.05	.00	5.74	3.08	1.21	.44		--	577	140			
							47	36	17			55	29	12	4							
10/23/70		68	F		7.8	788	68	48	39	3.0	0	251	160	40	10.0	.02	.4	522	347	0.9		
	5050						2.99	3.95	1.70	.08	.00	4.15	3.37	1.17	.16		--	484	140			
							34	45	19	1		47	38	13	2							
10/26/71		60.0F	F		7.6	858	81	39	48	2.1	0	245	159	54	39.0	.04	.2	571	363	1.1		
	5050	15.5C					4.04	3.21	2.09	.05	.00	4.02	3.31	1.52	.67		--	543	162			
							43	34	22	1		42	35	16	7							
10/07/69	325/13E-29G13	60	F		7.8	848	60	46	41	3.0	0	180	157	57	42.0	.05	.3	572	330	1.0		
	5050						2.99	3.78	1.78	.08	.00	2.95	3.19	1.61	.68		--	491	193			
							35	44	21	1		35	38	19	8							
11/12/52	325/13E-29P01	64	F		7.5	850	64	17	37	2.0	0	181	98	32	2.4	.02	--	374	235	0.9	S	
	5000						3.29	1.40	1.44	.05	.00	2.97	2.04	.90	.04		35.0	375	84			
							57	23	23	1		50	36	15	1							
05/28/65	325/13E-29F01	64	F		11.4	2620	139	22	205	10	124	0	192	596	23.0	.12	.1	2032	937	2.9	F	
	5401	18	C				16.92	1.81	8.92	.26	4.13	.00	4.00	14.81	.37		--	1511	731		S	
							61	6	32	1	16		16	60	1							
03/10/67		65	F		7.7	2790	217	87	232	6.0	0	138	477	441	26.0	.00	--	1960	890	3.4	E	
	5050	18	C				10.63	7.15	10.09	.15	.00	2.26	9.10	15.26	.67		--	1610	777			
							38	26	36	1		8	34	56	2							

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PM EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM	
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS SUM	TH NCM	SAR		
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																			
SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																			
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																			
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																			
05/28/65	5801	63 F	A.1	865	3.74	3.54	2.26	.08	.00	262	146	59	31.0	.10	.1	552	364	1.2	N
		17 C			39	37	23	1		46	31	18	5		--	532	150		S
01/20/66	5050	66 F	7.6	970	4.69	3.13	2.04	.05	.00	280	152	68	27.0	.08	.2	580	391	1.0	
		19 C			47	32	21	1		45	31	19	4		--	566	162		
03/10/67	5050	64 F	A.0	997	4.44	3.21	2.22	.08	.00	281	152	64	26.0	.00	--	650	383	1.1	
		18 C			45	32	22	1		46	32	18	4		--	562	152		
09/27/67	5050	65 F	7.6	932	4.39	3.29	2.13	.08	.00	286	151	58	30.0	.05	.2	636	384	1.1	
		18 C			44	33	22	1		47	32	16	5		--	562	150		
05/28/65	5801	68 F	A.0	1060	5.44	4.44	2.13	.10	.00	378	188	73	.0	.15	.2	688	494	1.0	N
		20 C			45	37	18	1		51	32	17			--	683	184		
01/19/66	5050	68 F	7.8	1047	5.44	3.29	2.13	.10	.00	371	182	69	1.0	.05	.3	642	437	1.0	
		20 C			50	30	19	1		48	34	18			--	612	174		
04/10/67	5050	70 F	A.2	958	4.34	3.04	1.96	.08	.00	265	178	48	1.1	.00	--	600	370	1.0	
	5050	21 C			46	32	21	1		46	39	14			--	529	152		
09/26/67	5050	70 F	7.6	903	3.79	3.87	1.91	.08	.00	283	181	43	.0	.03	.3	613	383	1.0	
		21 C			39	40	20	1		48	30	13			--	533	151		
02/06/58	5800	63 F	A.3	648	1.30	1.73	2.61	.05	.00	27	79	59	104	.00	.4	450	152	2.1	S
					23	30	46	1		8	30	31	31		30.0	394	130		
09/29/58	5050	64 F	A.2	636	1.70	1.81	2.74	.03	.00	22	93	58	145	.14	.1	425	174	2.1	
					27	29	44			6	31	26	37		35.0	462	158		
02/18/59	5050	64 F	A.1	587	1.55	1.48	2.70	.03	.00	18	94	53	133	.02	.1	448	152	2.2	E
		18 C			27	26	47	1		5	33	25	34		34.0	435	137		
09/22/59	5800	66 F	7.0	714	1.70	1.73	2.70	.05	.00	12	79	65	163	.32	.0	460	172	2.1	
		19 C			28	28	44	1		20	3	26	29		26.0	458	162		
02/24/60	5050	61 F	A.3	690	--	--	--	--	.00	22	--	60	138	--	--	--	184		S
		16 C								8		1.69	2.23			39	52		
09/20/60	5801	65 F	A.6	725	1.75	1.81	2.70	.03	.00	16	97	58	155	.00	.1	492	178	2.0	
		18 C			28	29	43	1		26	4	31	26		26.0	464	165		
03/02/61	5801	65 F	A.5	690	1.85	2.06	2.44	.03	.00	19	92	61	140	.28	.0	514	196	1.7	F
		18 C			29	32	38	1		31	5	30	27		27.0	459	180		
02/06/58	5800	60 F	7.3	730	2.35	2.96	1.61	.05	.00	128	44	103	83.0	.00	.4	568	264	1.0	F
		16 C			34	42	23	1		27	17	38	17		30.0	445	161		S
09/29/58	5050	64 F	7.4	690	2.79	2.47	1.87	.05	.00	98	86	65	124	.18	.2	460	263	1.2	
					39	34	26	1		23	23	26	28		30.0	478	183		
02/18/59	5050	62 F	7.4	690	3.09	2.38	1.96	.05	.00	101	89	69	124	.03	.1	515	274	1.2	F
					41	32	26	1		22	25	26	27		33.0	503	191		
09/22/59	5800	67 F	7.3	652	2.35	2.06	1.74	.05	.00	85	55	64	107	.46	.2	440	221	1.2	
					38	33	28	1		1.39	1.15	1.80	1.73		26.0	408	151		
02/20/60	5050	62 F	7.3	700	--	--	--	--	.00	60	--	59	110	--	--	--	238		S
		17 C								1.48		1.68	1.77			34	36		
09/20/60	5801	65 F	7.8	693	2.25	1.64	1.74	.05	.00	152	54	50	68.0	.17	.2	452	195	1.2	S
					40	29	31	1		2.49	1.12	1.41	1.06		32.0	384	170		
03/02/61	5801	68 F	7.7	700	2.54	2.14	1.83	.05	.00	96	65	65	115	.10	.1	462	234	1.2	
					39	33	28	1		24	20	28	28		26.0	439	154		
11/09/61	5050	68 F	7.4	664	2.50	1.97	1.78	.05	.00	113	50	71	94.0	.06	.2	448	224	1.2	
		20 C			40	31	28	1		1.05	1.04	2.00	1.52		34.0	422	131		
10/10/62	5801	70 F	7.5	630	2.64	1.84	2.04	.05	.00	95	62	73	100	.08	.2	474	227	1.4	E
	1530	21 C			40	29	31	1		1.54	1.29	2.06	1.61		27.0	434	149		
09/26/63	5050	65 F	7.2	734	2.84	1.73	2.35	.05	.00	102	73	68	118	.05	.3	500	229	1.6	
	1500	18 C			41	25	34	1		1.67	1.52	1.92	1.90		37.0	480	145		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN								MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REFRACTANCE VALUE				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	CO4	CL	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH	SAR				
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																					
CONTINUED																					
06/17/64	5801	66 F 19 C	7.6	770	59 38	28 29	58 32	3.0 1	0 1	110 23	87 23	73 26	133 27	.05	.1	536 495	262 172	1.6			
10/13/64	5801		7.9	690	53 35	27 30	58 34	3.0 1	0 1	94 21	88 23	71 28	127 28	.06	.1	610 465	243 166	1.6	E T		
10/07/65	1140	60 F 16 C	7.8	778	57 259	26 2.14	52 2.26	2.0 .05	0 1	84 1.41	81 1.69	76 2.14	122 1.97	.03	.3	463 453	237 166	1.5			
10/21/66	1300	58 F 14 C	7.9	810	--	--	--	--	0	85 1.39	--	73 2.06	83.0 1.34	--	--	--	--	--	S		
10/07/69	5117 5050		7.7	864	60 2.99	29 37	60 2.61	3.0 .08	0 1	82 1.34	108 2.25	84 2.37	123 1.98	.06	.3	662 587	269 202	1.6	E T		
10/20/70	5117 5050	64 F 18 C	8.0	864	59 2.94	28 36	64 2.9	2.0 .05	0 1	92 1.51	109 2.27	80 2.26	128 2.08	.07	.3	551 515	263 187	1.7			
10/25/71	5117 5050	64.0 F 17.8 C	7.2	827	55 2.74	29 33	70 2.38	2.0 .07	0 1	99 1.62	127 2.64	70 1.97	130 2.10	.06	.1	525 533	256 175	1.9			
06/10/65	1100	5050	7.2	810	53 2.64	24 1.97	62 2.78	2.0 .05	0 1	78 1.28	83 1.73	84 2.37	125 2.07	.07	.0	594 471	231 167	1.8	E T		
04/24/51	5060		7.3		76 3.79	36 2.96	34 1.48	--	0	235 3.85	100 2.08	36 1.02	5.8 .09	--	.1	595 403	338 145	0.8	T S		
04/24/51	5060		7.4		98 4.89	44 3.62	41 1.78	--	0	283 4.64	166 3.46	37 1.04	2.8 .05	--	.1	753 528	426 194	0.9	T S		
06/10/65	1440	69 F 21 C	7.7	1005	85 4.24	39 3.21	56 2.44	3.0 .08	0 1	175 2.87	149 3.10	80 2.26	108 1.74	.06	.2	700 606	373 229	1.3			
11/13/50	5080		8.1	872	93 4.64	24 1.97	48 2.09	2.0 .05	0	296 4.85	130 2.71	42 1.18	24.0 .79	.02	--	545 545	331 88	1.1	S		
04/24/51	5060		7.4		84 4.19	39 3.21	38 1.65	--	0	250 4.10	123 2.56	30 1.10	5.7 .09	--	.1	655 452	370 165	0.9	T S		
08/03/60	830	5801	7.6	998	87 4.34	41 3.37	54 2.35	1.0 .03	0	184 3.21	142 2.94	100 2.82	67.0 1.00	.13	.2	663* 689	388 225	1.2			
10/31/62	1000	5801	8.2	1140	49 19	86 5.4	79 3.44	4.0 .10	0	217 3.56	158 2.29	184 5.19	67.0 1.08	.13	.2	904 761	476 298	1.4	E		
10/05/67	5050	74 F 23 C	8.0	1235	98 4.89	44 3.62	82 3.57	3.0 .08	0	215 3.52	165 2.44	143 4.03	85.0 1.37	.08	.3	801 726	426 250	1.7			
06/10/65	5050		7.4	930	68 3.39	32 2.63	60 2.61	3.0 .08	0	94 1.54	134 2.79	87 2.34	129 2.06	.05	.2	670 544	301 224	1.5	E		
10/29/71	5117 5050	60 F 16 C	7.5	984	80 3.99	39 3.21	2.8 2.70	2.0 .07	0	44 1.54	159 3.31	96 2.71	148 2.40	.04	.2	638 634	368 283	1.4			
11/09/61	5050		8.0	925	98 4.89	46 3.78	41 1.78	1.0 .03	0	336 5.51	138 2.87	53 1.49	27.0 .44	.04	.2	605 604	434 158	0.9			
10/16/62	1015	65 F 18 C	7.2	950	102 5.09	45 3.70	47 2.04	2.0 .05	0	345 5.65	137 2.85	69 1.95	13.0 .21	.07	.2	604 610	440 157	1.0			
09/26/63	1430	68 F 20 C	7.4	991	46 4.69	51 4.19	50 2.18	3.0 .08	0	327 5.36	132 2.75	85 2.46	25.0 .40	.06	.3	730 638	444 176	1.0	E		
10/13/64	5801		8.2	1080	96 4.79	54 4.44	52 2.26	2.0 .05	0	369 5.08	144 3.08	111 3.13	22.0 .35	.11	.1	814 633	462 209	1.1	E T		
09/29/54	5788	96 F 36 C	7.5	761	92 4.59	41 3.37	40 1.74	3.0 .08	0	353 5.79	124 2.58	47 1.21	20.0 .32	.20	.1	580* 517	398 109	0.9	F C		
08/29/57	5800		7.8	901	76 3.79	40 3.24	41 1.78	2.0 .05	0	317 5.20	115 2.39	51 1.44	4.7 .08	.30	.1	637 506	354 94	0.9	E T		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REMARKS	
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER		TDS SUM	TH MCM	SAR				
												B	F							
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																				
CONTINUED																				
02/06/58	T T-10 T-10.C T-10.C1 125/13E-30L02	92	F	7.2	855	70	47	39	2.0	0	.11	95	52	22.0	.10	.0	590	308	0.9	
	5800	17	C	7.2	855	3.49	3.87	1.78	.05	.00	5.10	1.98	1.47	.35	31.0	511	113	0.9		
09/29/58	5850			7.4	831	--	--	--	--	0.0	332	--	46	--	--	--	397			
											5.44	1.30								
02/19/59	5850			7.4	741	72	35	45	2.0	0	217	107	59	67.0	.03	.1	529	324	1.1	E
						47	34	23	1		3.56	2.14	1.66	1.00		38.0	528	146		
09/22/59	5800	85	F	7.1	865	85	43	40	1.0	0	315	115	57	28.0	.18	.1	645	389	0.9	E
		18	C	7.1	865	4.24	3.54	1.74	.03	.00	5.16	2.39	1.61	.45		28.0	552	131		
02/24/60	5050	85	F	7.3	950	90	44	48	2.0	0	290	125	85	35.0	.12	.3	590	484	1.0	
		18	C	7.3	950	4.49	3.62	2.09	.05	.00	4.75	2.60	2.40	.56		30.0	602	168		
09/20/60	5801	92	F	7.3	945	92	45	47	2.0	0	350	134	50	22.0	.15	.0	686	415	0.9	E
		45	C	7.3	945	4.59	3.70	1.83	.05	.00	5.74	2.79	1.41	.35		13.0	572	128		
03/02/61	5801	139	F	7.1	1530	139	72	60	3.0	0	281	160	255	16.0	.10	.0	1064	644	1.0	
		45	C	7.1	1530	6.94	5.92	2.61	.08	.00	4.61	3.11	2.19	.26		25.0	868	413		
06/17/64	5050	102	F	7.5	1057	102	48	52	2.0	0	305	140	97	26.0	.10	.4	658	452	1.1	S
		45	C	7.5	1057	5.09	3.95	2.28	.05	.00	5.00	2.91	2.74	.42		--	617	202		
10/07/65	5050	111	F	8.0	1156	111	53	46	3.0	0	298	151	130	24.0	.04	.3	775	500	0.9	
		47	C	8.0	1156	5.64	4.36	2.00	.08	.00	4.88	3.14	2.47	.39		--	667	256		
10/21/66	5050	--	F	8.2	1240	--	--	--	--	0	314	--	134	19.0	--	--	--	--		
		26	C	8.2	1240	--	--	--	--	.00	5.18	--	1.78	.31		--	--	--		
10/05/67	5350	116	F	7.8	1246	116	54	56	3.0	0	291	145	163	29.0	.06	.3	842	512	1.1	
		45	C	7.8	1246	5.79	4.44	2.44	.08	.00	4.77	3.02	4.60	.47		--	769	271		
10/20/70	5117 1345	136	F	8.1	1512	136	68	88	3.0	0	290	206	213	45.0	.07	.4	986	619	1.5	S
	5050	42	C	8.1	1512	6.79	5.59	3.83	.08	.00	4.75	4.29	6.01	.73		--	902	382		
11/08/74	5117 5064	104	F	8.3	1208	104	51	56	2.3	0	231	157	129	80.0	.54	.5	758	473	1.1	
		44	C	8.3	1208	5.29	4.19	2.44	.06	.00	3.79	3.27	2.64	1.29		--	695	285		
06/11/65	125/13F-30M01	85	F	8.6	1100	46	44	102	3.0	24	224	178	116	8.0	.22	.6	676	296	2.6	N
	5801	22	C	8.6	1100	2.30	3.62	4.44	.08	.80	3.67	3.71	3.27	.13		--	631	73	2.6	
01/22/66	5050	112	F	10.3	1112	112	3.0	93	25	19	0	265	115	3.0	.08	.5	683	292	2.4	S
		53	C	10.3	1112	5.59	.25	4.05	.64	.43	.00	7.60	3.24	.05		--	735	261		
04/13/67	5050	41	F	8.7	1150	41	48	94	37	10	42	278	132	1.7	.00	--	696	300	2.4	S
		19	C	8.7	1150	2.05	3.95	4.09	.95	.33	1.51	5.79	3.72	.03		--	687	208		
09/27/67	5050	30	F	8.3	864	30	38	67	33	0	138	153	100	1.5	.12	.5	531	232	1.9	
		18	C	8.3	864	1.50	3.13	2.91	.84	.00	2.26	3.19	2.82	.02		--	490	119		
06/16/65	125/13F-30M02	119	F	7.9	1320	119	90	75	5.0	0	245	498	55	.0	.15	.1	1020	668	1.3	E
	5801	34	C	7.9	1320	5.94	7.40	3.74	.13	.00	4.02	10.37	1.55	.00		--	963	466		
01/21/66	5050	148	F	7.5	1376	148	63	71	5.0	0	232	483	54	.0	.12	.5	1069	629	1.2	E
		47	C	7.5	1376	7.39	5.18	3.09	.13	.00	3.80	10.06	1.52	.00		--	938	439		
04/13/67	5050	137	F	8.2	1370	137	64	71	4.0	0	228	486	50	1.4	.10	--	1050	685	1.3	E
		45	C	8.2	1370	6.84	5.26	3.09	.18	.00	3.61	10.12	1.41	.02		--	922	425		
09/27/67	5050	147	F	7.6	1353	147	63	68	5.0	0	242	484	48	.0	.11	.5	1044	627	1.2	E
		47	C	7.6	1353	7.34	5.18	2.96	.13	.00	3.97	10.08	1.35	.00		--	934	428		
10/11/72	5050 1600	126	F	7.7	1295	126	62	64	3.6	0	335	218	116	48.0	.08	.3	882	568	1.2	
	5050	44	C	7.7	1295	6.29	5.10	2.78	.09	.00	5.49	4.54	3.27	.77		--	882	295		
06/11/65	125/13F-30M03	97	F	8.1	1145	97	75	57	3.0	0	423	231	73	.0	.08	.1	804	551	1.1	E
	5801	36	C	8.1	1145	4.84	6.17	2.48	.08	.00	6.93	4.81	2.04	.00		--	744	204		
01/22/66	5050	132	F	7.5	1226	132	59	54	3.0	0	410	250	57	1.0	.08	.5	804	572	1.0	
		48	C	7.5	1226	6.59	4.85	2.35	.08	.00	6.72	5.21	1.61	.02		--	758	236		
04/13/67	5050	121	F	8.1	1220	121	43	56	3.0	0	318	238	62	.6	.00	--	778	479	1.1	
		50	C	8.1	1220	6.04	3.54	2.44	.08	.00	5.21	4.96	1.75	.01		--	680	219		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																			
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REMARKS
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	N	F	TDS	TH	SAR	
					CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE														
					SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT														
					ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT														
					ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA														
														CONTINUED					
09/27/67	5050	65 F	7.9	933	3.24	4.52	2.22	.08	.00	3.04	5.17	1.16	.00	.05	--	661	388	1.1	E
		18 C			32	45	22	1		38	51	11				576	196		
10/11/72	5050	65.0 F	7.8	1300	7.24	5.10	3.22	.10	.00	3.98	10.28	1.33	.01	.15	.4	1038	617	1.3	E
		17.0 C			46	33	21	1		26	66	9				945	418		
11/12/50	5000		7.8	796	4.79	2.14	1.01	.03	.00	5.41	2.19	.90	.24	.02	--	512	367	0.9	
					56	25	19			62	25	10	3		37.0	511	76		
03/03/61	5001		7.5	910	4.69	3.54	1.65	.05	.00	5.31	2.29	2.14	.32	.04	.1	574*	417	0.8	
					47	36	17	1		53	23	21	3		27.0	569	146		
08/23/62	5001		7.7	950	5.19	4.03	1.74	.05	.00	5.26	2.48	2.99	.21	.06	.2	694	461	0.8	E
					47	37	16			48	23	27	2		25.0	616	198		
10/30/62	5001	64 F	7.5	960	4.99	3.87	1.83	.08	.00	5.24	2.50	2.79	.24	.14	.2	682	443	0.9	E
		18 C			46	36	17	1		49	23	26	2		29.0	612	181		
01/20/64	5050		7.4	1099	5.29	3.95	1.87	.05	.00	5.02	2.79	2.96	.44	.04	.4	653	462	0.9	
					47	35	17			45	25	26	4		--	616	211		
10/04/67	5050		7.4	1099	5.19	3.95	2.13	.08	.00	4.82	3.04	1.05	.56	.04	.4	736	457	1.0	
					44	35	19	1		42	27	27	5		--	639	216		
10/06/67	5050	64 F	7.0	1143	4.39	4.11	2.91	.05	.00	2.52	4.35	2.88	1.85	.05	.3	765	425	1.4	
		18 C			38	36	25			22	38	25	16		--	709	299		
09/28/61	5050		7.9	780	4.69	3.70	1.31	.05	.00	4.61	2.89	1.44	.79	.08	.3	603	420	0.6	E
					48	38	13	1		47	30	15	8		29.0	577	189		C
06/10/65	5050		7.5	1082	4.44	3.54	2.78	.08	.00	2.75	3.85	2.57	1.68	.05	.2	793	399	1.4	E
					41	33	25	1		24	35	24	15		--	660	262		
06/10/65	5050		7.4	1018	4.04	3.21	2.83	.05	.00	2.25	3.25	2.65	1.90	.05	.2	733	363	1.5	E
					40	32	28			22	32	26	19		--	622	250		
02/06/58	5000	61 F	7.1	772	2.40	2.63	2.26	.05	.00	1.45	1.39	2.20	1.18	.00	.0	530	252	1.4	
		16 C			33	30	31	1		28	21	33	18		30.0	438	159		S
10/06/58	5050	65 F	7.4	748	3.24	2.47	2.35	.08	.00	2.61	2.06	2.09	1.26	.00	.3	470	286	1.4	
		18 C			40	30	29	1		33	26	26	16		35.0	516	155		
02/18/59	5050		7.3	680	3.24	2.38	1.91	.08	.00	3.05	2.00	1.61	1.00	.15	.2	489	281	1.1	E
					43	31	25	1		46	26	21	13		33.0	481	129		
09/22/59	5000	66 F	7.5	847	3.14	2.47	2.65	.08	.00	2.03	2.21	2.20	1.85	.42	.0	585	281	1.6	
		19 C			38	30	32	1		24	27	27	22		29.0	546	179		
02/24/60	5050	65 F	7.3	892	4.34	2.63	2.00	.05	.00	2.61	2.54	2.31	1.58	.03	.3	560	349	1.1	
		18 C			48	29	22	1		29	28	26	17		32.0	579	218		
09/20/60	5001		7.7	1005	4.94	3.37	1.65	.05	.00	3.72	3.12	2.23	1.00	.03	.1	702*	414	0.8	E
					49	34	16			37	31	22	10		21.0	604	230		T
03/02/61	5001		7.4	900	4.09	3.37	1.70	.05	.00	2.54	2.89	2.40	1.74	.38	.2	606*	373	0.9	
					44	37	18	1		26	30	25	19		28.0	602	246		S
11/09/61	5050	59 F	7.2	980	4.49	3.37	2.09	.08	.00	3.47	3.12	2.06	1.37	.07	.3	459	393	1.1	
		15 C			45	34	21	1		35	31	21	14		34.0	628	220		
08/23/62	5001		7.0	740	2.79	1.89	2.44	.08	.00	1.91	2.14	2.03	1.52	.05	.4	618	234	1.6	E
					39	26	34	1		19	31	29	22		24.0	474	169		T
10/10/62	5001	66 F	7.4	700	2.79	1.73	2.19	.05	.00	1.34	2.10	2.00	1.40	.05	.2	488	226	1.6	
		19 C			40	25	34	1		20	31	29	20		26.0	459	159		
09/26/63	5050	71 F	7.2	791	2.84	2.27	2.70	.08	.00	1.25	2.37	1.92	2.06	.05	.3	565	253	1.7	E
		23 C			36	28	34	1		16	31	25	27		38.0	534	191		S
06/17/64	5050		7.2	804	2.89	2.14	2.65	.08	.00	1.16	2.44	1.97	1.98	.28	.3	533	252	1.7	
					37	28	34	1		15	32	24	26		--	493	194		
10/07/65	5050	61 F	7.8	781	2.54	2.06	2.57	.08	.00	1.20	2.54	1.92	1.71	.02	.3	474	230	1.7	
		16 C			35	28	35	1		16	35	26	23		--	471	170		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PW EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REN	
				PERCENT REACTANCE VALUE										R	F	TDS SUM	TH NCH	SAR		
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	NO2							
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SURAREA																				
CONTINUED																				
10/07/69 1400	5117 5050			7.9	92R	2.94 37	2.22 28	2.74 34	1.08 1	0.00	1.34 17	2.83 36	2.06 26	1.74 22	.00	.3	544 509	25A 191	1.7	
10/25/71 1430	5117 5050	64.0F 17.8C	7.2	863	3.24 38	2.63 30	2.70 31	1.06 1	0.00	1.38 16	2.91 33	2.14 24	2.34 27	.04	.2	572 544	294 225	1.6		
03/02/61	5A01		7.1	780	2.84 37	2.06 27	2.74 34	1.05 1	0.00	1.97 12	2.21 28	1.89 26	2.82 36	.04	.0	554* 551	245 197	1.8	E	
06/17/64	5050		7.1	804	3.44 40	2.47 29	2.85 31	1.05 1	0.00	1.44 17	2.54 29	2.14 25	2.52 29	.40	.2	629 560	294 224	1.5	E	
10/21/66	5050	64 F 18 C	8.1	904	--	--	--	--	0	63 1.03 20	--	72 2.03 39	131 2.11 41	--	--	--	--	--	S	
10/14/70 1500	5117 5050	62 F 17 C	7.4	894	3.19 37	2.36 28	3.00 35	1.08 1	0.00	1.04 13	3.02 36	2.17 26	2.16 24	.02	.2	613 553	270 225	1.8		
06/17/64	5A01		7.8	710	2.74 38	1.73 24	2.74 38	1.05 1	0.00	1.13 15	2.52 34	1.72 24	1.94 27	.10	.1	580 477	224 167	1.8	E	
06/03/51	5786		7.3	1114	5.34 46	3.04 26	3.14 27	1.10 1	0.00	4.21 35	3.81 32	2.57 21	1.45 12	.10	.0	705* 712	419 208	1.6	E S	
03/03/61	5A01		7.1	1180	5.14 42	4.52 35	2.91 23	1.04 1	0.00	4.10 32	4.17 34	2.70 21	1.71 13	.15	.0	872* 708	493 288	1.3	E	
10/30/62 1330	5A01	64 F 18 C	8.4	1440	174 37	67 32	114 30	3.0 1	12 1.04	363 5.95 35	286 5.95 35	145 4.00 24	50.0 .81 5	.16	.2	942 1004	590 271	2.1		
16/04/65	5050		7.4	1214	4.54 37	4.19 34	3.57 29	1.05 1	0.00	3.50 30	3.77 31	2.90 24	1.89 16	.07	.3	786 735	437 257	1.7		
06/05/65	5050		7.4	1140	4.34 38	3.45 30	3.44 31	1.05 1	0.00	2.92 26	3.31 30	2.90 26	1.95 14	.08	.3	740 682	390 244	1.8		
06/05/65	5050		7.6	1185	4.44 37	4.19 35	3.31 28	1.05 1	0.00	3.41 29	3.71 31	2.85 24	1.85 14	.07	.3	784 714	432 261	1.6		
06/05/65	5050		7.4	1081	3.29 30	4.52 42	3.05 28	1.03 1	0.00	2.64 25	4.14 39	2.62 24	1.31 12	.02	.3	696 645	391 254	1.5		
07/27/65	5050		8.4	1162	4.79 39	4.11 33	3.31 27	1.08 1	17 5	195 26	184 31	99 23	117 15	.10	.3	817 734	445 257	1.6	F	
06/05/65	5050		7.5	1193	4.84 40	3.87 32	3.39 28	1.08 1	0.00	3.52 29	3.71 31	2.82 24	1.94 14	.06	.3	819 729	436 260	1.6		
06/05/65	5050		8.0	907	4.49 47	3.45 36	1.57 16	1.05 1	0.00	4.20 45	2.87 30	1.38 15	.05 10	.02	.4	540 545	397 183	0.8		
07/27/65	5050		8.2	1140	5.24 43	4.24 35	2.61 21	1.04 1	0.00	4.15 36	3.81 31	2.71 22	1.45 12	.08	.3	790 713	474 269	1.2		
10/30/62 1200	5A01	65 F 18 C	7.9	1950	66 14	62 22	325 60	41 4	0	479 7.85 34	34 75 3	521 14.75 67	.0	.35	.2	1464 1292	428 27	6.9	E C	
04/14/65	5050		7.5	4255	4.09 19	8.08 19	29.15 69	1.02 2	0.00	8.52 20	7.00 14	27.07 44	.02	.45	.9	2589 2463	604 182	11.8		
01/22/64	5050	63 F 17 C	7.8	4543	4.99 11	8.84 19	30.80 67	1.15 1	0.00	9.03 20	7.39 14	28.43 43	.04	.55	.8	2592 2592	694 242	11.7	S	
10/04/67	5050	64 F 18 C	7.9	4780	4.99 18	9.46 20	32.71 68	1.20 2	0.00	8.47 18	8.54 18	31.05 65	.05	.55	.7	2871 2783	723 290	12.2		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																					
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REMARKS		
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH		SAR	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																					
09/28/61	5050			A.2	1175	3.79	76	67	47	3.0	0	323	227	50	3.7	.10	.3	676	465	0.9	
11/02/62	5801	61 F	16 C	7.5	1190	6.69	134	64	47	3.0	0	483	232	41	.0	.10	.2	806	598	0.8	
07/08/63	5050			A.1	1050	4.59	92	67	46	3.0	0	378	220	43	1.2	.08	.3	741	505	0.9	E
07/27/65	5050			A.1	1163	6.54	131	64	46	3.0	0	454	242	42	.0	.05	.4	820	590	0.8	E
07/18/66	5050	60 F	16 C	A.0	1087	4.64	93	66	47	3.0	0	366	242	47	1.0	.03	.4	676	504	0.9	
10/03/67	5050	64 F	18 C	7.6	1187	6.44	129	60	48	3.0	0	444	242	41	.6	.04	.4	822	569	0.9	
05/12/65	5801			A.1	1370	6.39	128	73	67	4.0	0	354	194	52	.0	.11	.1	1006	620	1.2	E
01/21/66	5050			A.1	1298	6.89	138	62	62	4.0	0	338	164	48	1.0	.08	.5	952	600	1.1	E
04/13/67	5050	66 F	19 C	A.2	1330	6.79	136	63	62	3.0	0	367	172	46	1.5	.40	--	958	599	1.1	E
09/28/67	5050	69 F	21 C	7.8	1283	6.79	136	66	60	4.0	0	354	174	44	.5	.07	.4	949	611	1.1	E
10/11/72	5050	64.0F	17.0C	7.7	1350	7.83	157	64	74	4.1	0	231	534	47	1.2	.15	.4	1089	655	1.1	E
05/14/65	5801			A.0	1370	6.64	111	78	42	4.0	0	234	545	57	.0	.12	.1	1160	653	1.4	E
01/21/66	5050	72 F	22 C	7.4	1438	7.88	158	43	72	4.0	0	224	521	50	1.0	.13	.4	1055	654	1.2	E
04/13/67	5050	69 F	21 C	7.9	1430	5.09	102	92	73	4.0	0	231	481	48	1.5	.10	--	1080	634	1.1	E
09/28/67	5050	67 F	19 C	7.5	1386	7.83	157	62	72	4.0	0	242	514	48	1.0	.12	.4	1089	647	1.2	E
10/11/72	5050	70.0F	21.1C	7.8	1286	7.34	147	65	59	3.6	0	132	430	36	.7	.12	.3	980	634	1.0	E
05/12/65	5801			7.7	1000	2.89	58	47	94	3.0	0	329	144	89	.0	.15	.1	628	338	2.2	E
01/21/66	5050	78 F	26 C	7.4	997	3.79	76	32	86	4.0	0	327	126	80	.0	.16	.3	548	321	2.1	E
04/13/67	5050	75 F	24 C	A.0	1010	2.99	60	40	90	3.0	0	130	118	63	1.0	.10	--	570	314	2.2	E
09/28/67	5050			7.8	934	3.44	69	35	80	3.0	0	127	122	75	.0	.13	.3	569	316	2.0	E
10/11/72	5050	74.0F	21.3C	7.8	890	3.79	76	33	74	2.8	0	320	124	69	.2	.14	.2	536	326	1.8	E
09/26/61	5801			7.7	1500	8.28	166	88	55	1.0	0	399	404	74	50.0	.10	.4	1296	777	0.9	E
07/07/66	5801			A.4	1640	5.39	108	114	80	3.0	7.0	440	134	128	.0	.17	.1	1288	739	1.3	E
07/27/65	5050	69 F	21 C	A.5	1688	9.88	198	99	62	2.0	7.0	368	440	93	85.0	.02	.6	1375	402	0.9	E

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER			REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	B	F	TDS SUM	TH	NCH	SAR			
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																					
SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																					
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																					
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SURAREA																					
07/27/65	T T-10 T-10-C T-10-C1 325/13E-31M02	5050	68 F 20 C	R.0	1466	131 6.54 39	91 7.48 45	60 2.61 16	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	259 4.25 26	407 8.37 51	82 2.31 14	99.0 1.60 10	.06 --	.4 993	1135 489	702 489	1.0	E	
10/30/62	325/13E-31M03	5001	64 F 18 C	R.2	1280	133 6.66 42	85 6.99 44	53 2.31 14	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	445 7.29 45	281 5.85 36	85 2.40 15	31.0 .50 3	.13 28.0	.2 916	1074 317	682 317	0.9	E C	
10/07/65	5050	60 F 16 C	7.7	1403	148 7.39 46	74 6.09 38	61 2.65 16	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	408 6.69 42	291 6.06 38	89 2.51 16	48.0 .77 5	.12 --	.6 913	995 340	675 340	1.0	E		
07/18/66	5050	61 F 16 C	R.2	1570	166 8.28 45	88 7.26 39	65 2.83 15	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	425 6.97 39	283 7.14 40	99 2.79 15	70.0 1.13 6	.09 --	.6 1041	1036 429	777 429	1.0	E		
10/19/66	5050			R.3	1440	--	--	--	--	0 .00	410 6.72 68	--	80 2.26 23	53.0 .85 9	--	--	--	--	--	S	
10/07/69	5117 5050			7.9	1422	132 6.59 40	85 6.99 43	67 2.70 17	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	356 5.81 35	315 6.56 40	105 2.96 18	75.0 1.21 7	.10 --	.4 950	1119 388	679 388	1.0	E	
10/20/70	5117 5050	63 F 17 C	7.8	1598	170 8.48 45	87 6.15 38	69 3.00 16	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	436 7.15 38	338 7.04 38	111 3.13 17	86.0 1.35 7	.01 --	.5 1074	1179 424	783 424	1.1	E		
10/28/71	5117 5050	62 F 17 C	R.0	1563	173 8.63 46	83 6.83 37	74 3.22 17	1.3 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	488 8.00 43	310 6.45 35	98 2.76 15	87.6 1.41 8	.08 --	.3 1067	1100 373	773 373	1.2	E		
09/26/61	325/13E-31M04	5050	69 F 21 C	R.2	2180	128 6.39 33	74 6.09 31	159 6.92 36	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	320 5.24 27	276 5.75 29	259 7.30 37	89.0 1.44 7	.10 32.0	.4 1175	1210 362	624 362	2.8	E	
10/30/62	5001	64 F 18 C	7.3	1800	126 6.29 30	75 6.17 30	190 8.27 40	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	361 5.42 29	307 6.39 31	268 7.56 37	82.0 .68 7	.15 24.0	.2 1211	1338 327	623 327	3.3	E		
07/18/66	325/13E-31M07	5050	67 F 19 C	R.5	1788	194 9.68 47	82 6.74 33	92 4.00 19	1.0 1.27 .00	38 5.98 6	365 7.66 29	288 7.86 37	146 4.12 20	91.0 1.47 7	.06 --	.6 1195	1249 459	822 459	1.4	E	
10/05/67	5050	69 F 21 C	7.8	2097	216 10.78 45	95 7.81 33	116 5.05 21	1.0 .13 1	0 .00 .00	495 8.11 34	421 8.77 36	172 4.85 20	142 2.30 10	.06 --	.6 1411	1562 524	930 524	1.7	E		
10/20/70	5117 5050	59 F 15 C	7.5	2013	183 9.13 38	115 9.46 40	118 5.13 22	1.0 .10 .00	0 .00 .00	548 8.98 38	431 8.97 38	106 2.99 13	162 2.61 11	.15 --	.6 1389	1485 481	930 481	1.7	E		
07/07/64	325/13E-31J01	5001		7.9	1170	51 2.54 19	102 8.39 64	50 2.18 17	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	397 6.51 50	229 4.77 37	52 1.47 11	12.0 .19 1	.05 --	.1 692	888 221	547 221	0.9	E	
09/26/61	325/13E-31J02	5050	64 F 18 C	7.6	1750	200 9.98 44	122 10.03 44	59 2.57 11	2.0 .05 .00	0 .00 .00	466 7.60 34	536 11.12 49	99 2.79 12	65.0 1.05 5	.07 30.0	.4 1339	1419 621	1001 621	0.8	E C	
07/13/62	5001	66 F 19 C	R.8	1388	174 8.68 51	75 6.17 36	51 2.22 13	2.0 .05 .00	6.0 .20 1	462 7.57 44	331 6.89 40	68 1.92 11	27.0 .44 3	.05 26.0	.1 987	1042 354	743 354	0.8	E C		
10/30/62	5001	64 F 18 C	R.2	1280	137 6.84 41	91 7.48 45	50 2.18 13	2.0 .05 .00	0 .00 .00	466 7.64 46	327 6.81 41	62 1.75 10	29.0 .47 7	.13 25.0	.2 952	1108 334	717 334	0.8	E C		
07/08/63	5050			7.7	1110	127 6.36 49	57 4.49 36	43 1.87 14	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	394 6.46 49	262 5.06 39	50 1.41 11	11.0 .18 1	.01 25.0	.4 750	816 229	552 229	0.8	E	
07/21/64	5050			R.3	1350	156 7.78 48	75 6.17 38	51 2.22 14	2.0 .05 .00	12 4.08 7	408 6.89 42	301 6.27 39	59 1.68 10	58.0 .94 8	.04 --	.5 915	1070 343	698 343	0.8	E	
07/18/66	325/13E-31J03	5050	58 F 14 C	7.9	2168	222 11.08 43	135 11.10 43	82 3.57 14	2.0 .05 .00	0 .00 .00	397 6.51 25	444 13.41 52	131 3.69 14	126 2.03 8	.08 --	.6 1537	1595 784	1110 784	1.1	E	
09/26/61	325/13E-31K01	5050		R.1	2340	188 9.78 38	132 10.86 45	89 3.87 16	9.0 .23 1	0 .00 .00	635 10.41 43	496 10.29 42	124 3.50 14	9.3 .15 1	.10 17.0	.4 1373	1447 487	1088 487	1.2	E	
06/11/54	325/13E-32A01	5786		7.4	888	77 3.84 44	38 3.13 36	39 1.70 20	1.0 .03 .00	0 .00 .00	243 3.98 45	117 2.44 27	53 1.49 17	63.0 1.02 11	.00 --	.2 507	764 150	349 150	0.9	E T	
08/29/57	5000			7.7	550	40 2.00 19	22 1.81 35	31 1.35 26	1.0 .03 1	0 .00 .00	125 2.05 40	59 1.23 24	43 1.21 23	43.0 .69 13	.45 23.0	.1 324	372 324	191 324	1.0	E	
02/06/58	5000			7.5	351	10 .50 16	21 1.73 54	22 .96 30	1.0 .03 1	0 .00 .00	70 1.15 37	21 .44 14	35 .99 32	33.0 .53 17	.00 28.0	.7 205	240 205	112 54	0.4	E	

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																				
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EQUIVALENTS PER LITER				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS	TH	SAR			
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SURAREA																				
CONTINUED																				
09/29/58	5050		7.4	54	--	--	--	0	100	--	38	--	--	--	197					
02/18/59	5050	63 F 17 C	7.3	64	54 41	24 30	42 28	2.0 .05	0 .00	95 1.56	53 17	35 16	167 42	.04	.1	513	233	453	155	1.2
09/27/59	5000	68 F 20 C	7.7	65	50 40	22 24	44 30	2.0 .05	0 1	102 26	124 40	51 22	50.0 12	.29	.1	451	216	419	137	1.3
02/26/60	5050	67 F 19 C	7.2	74	58 40	27 31	48 29	1.0 .03	0 .00	71 16	155 45	51 20	88.0 20	.00	.3	480	256	497	198	1.3
09/20/60	5801		7.0	84	69 47	34 34	44 23	2.0 .05	0 1	163 31	174 42	55 18	48.0 9	.05	.0	724	317	520	179	1.1
01/02/61	5801		6.8	75	64 41	34 36	42 23	2.0 .05	0 1	69 15	170 46	56 20	92.0 19	.15	.0	568	300	523	243	1.1
11/17/61	5050	67 F 19 C	7.1	87	80 47	34 33	39 20	2.0 .05	0 1	113 1.85	151 3.14	57 1.61	124 2.00	.01	.2	576	340	581	247	0.9
08/23/62	5801	63 F 17 C	6.7	82	69 42	36 36	42 22	2.0 .05	0 1	62 1.02	--	--	150	.06	.1	551	320	269		1.0
10/16/62	5801	64 F 19 C	6.7	84	72 47	36 34	46 23	1.0 .03	0 .00	49 .80	158 3.29	57 1.61	172 2.77	.07	.2	560	328	593	288	1.1
09/26/63	5050	64 F 18 C	7.5	83	71 47	34 33	46 24	2.0 .05	0 1	39 .64	188 3.75	56 1.58	138 2.23	.05	.3	590	317	586	285	1.1
06/04/64	5050		7.1	82	70 40	34 36	46 23	2.0 .05	0 1	39 .64	185 3.85	56 1.58	144 2.32	.04	.3	560	331	601	299	1.1
10/07/65	5050	60 F 16 C	7.6	93	77 42	34 34	50 24	2.0 .05	0 1	53 .87	194 4.04	76 2.14	128 2.08	.10	.2	630	349	591	305	1.2
06/17/64	5050	64 F 18 C	7.9	85	33 29	30 36	34 27	2.0 .05	0 1	209 3.43	57 1.19	40 1.13	.5	.21	.2	290	206	301	35	1.1
07/28/65	5050	70 F 21 C	7.9	88	43 46	38 35	39 19	2.0 .05	0 1	199 3.28	131 30	59 1.88	89.0 16	.04	.3	528	364	539	201	0.9
09/19/64	5786	71 F 23 C	7.6	81	47 50	38 36	39 14	2.0 .05	0 1	314 5.15	111 2.31	39 1.10	23.6 .78	.00	.2	494	374	483	116	0.6
09/09/59	5050		7.2	81	91 48	41 36	53 15	2.0 .05	0 1	276 4.52	94 2.1	59 1.66	87.0 15	.00	.5	570	396	570	170	0.7
04/25/64	5150	73 F 23 C	7.2	75	81 48	34 37	36 17	2.0 .05	0 1	229 3.75	124 2.58	53 1.69	55.0 .89	.11	.3	527	363	536	175	0.8
02/01/64	5050	73 F 23 C	7.3	90	87 47	34 36	39 18	2.0 .08	0 1	236 3.87	132 2.75	54 1.52	73.0 1.18	.09	.1	576	378	576	184	0.9
09/09/59	5050		7.3	85	98 49	43 36	33 15	2.0 .05	0 .00	322 5.28	106 2.21	45 1.27	71.0 1.15	.00	.5	584	422	28.0	158	0.7
11/10/60	5808		7.3	86	104 54	36 31	34 15	2.0 .05	0 1	328 5.26	120 2.50	41 1.16	41.0 .66	.11	.2	567	408	32.0	146	0.7
03/23/62	5808		7.2	92	100 51	36 30	40 18	2.0 .08	0 1	289 4.74	129 2.69	43 1.21	52.0 .87	.15	.1	577	398	10.0	161	0.4
04/25/64	5150	73 F 23 C	7.2	73	81 48	37 36	31 16	2.0 .05	0 1	244 4.00	125 2.60	43 1.21	.1	.06	.4	506	356	470	154	0.7
07/28/65	5050		6.1	86	83 47	38 35	35 17	2.0 .05	0 1	198 3.25	130 2.71	53 1.49	89.0 1.44	.06	.3	561	384	527	201	0.8
02/15/64	5050	73 F 23 C	7.3	89	89 47	41 36	36 17	2.0 .05	0 1	267 4.38	133 2.77	43 1.21	65.0 1.05	.09	.1	574	391	33.0	172	0.9
10/24/66	5050	62 F 17 C	6.3	95	--	--	--	--	0 .00	297 4.87	--	43 1.21	32.0 .52	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REACTANCE VALUE					REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO ₃	HCO ₃	SO ₄	CL	NO ₃	R	F	TDS	TH	SAR		
																			PERCENT	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																				
CONTINUED																				
10/29/71	5117 5950	60 F 16 C	7.9	840	86 46	39 35	40 19	2.1 .05	0 1	247 3.98	150 4.61	51 7.33	48.0 1.24	.03 15	.3 .77	561 536	375 176	0.9		
12/31/59	5050		7.7	823	86 49	38 36	30 15	2.0 .05	0 1	281 53	112 7.27	112 1.44	35.0 .56	.03 36.0	.4 .8	526 521	371 141	0.7		
10/03/61	5999 586A		7.3	1026	113 50	53 39	27 10	1.8 .05	--	435 7.13	157 1.14	35 .99	.8 .01	.07 39.0	.3	684	505	0.5		
11/08/74	5117 5064	64.0F 17.0C	8.5	844	60 34	52 49	32 16	2.0 .05	2.1 1	210 3.9	705 4.27	40 1.13	.8 .01	.07 --	.4	535	367	0.7		
09/09/59	586A		7.2	960	107 50	57 48	33 13	2.0 .05	--	406 6.65	140 2.91	42 1.18	19.0 .31	.00 28.0	.5	483		0.7		
11/10/60	586A		6.9	1030	121 52	49 35	35 13	2.2 .06	0 1	436 7.15	160 1.57	31 .93	3.5 .06	.05 32.0	.2	659	504	0.7		
03/23/62	586A		7.0	1052	120 53	43 31	40 15	3.2 .08	0 1	472 6.92	171 1.58	33 .93	2.0 .07	.31 28.0	.2	644	487	0.9		
08/15/62	586A		7.1	959	101 47	44 37	38 15	2.5 .06	0 1	348 5.70	158 1.79	42 1.18	38.0 .61	.10 31.0	.3	609	454	0.8		
04/25/64			7.7	867	94 48	44 37	34 15	2.1 .05	--	302 4.95	143 2.98	44 1.24	40.0 .65	.28 31.0	.3	572	417	0.7		
08/13/64	5050 5801		8.0	900	89 40	56 42	43 17	2.0 .05	0 1	348 5.70	154 1.71	45 1.27	34.0 .55	.10 --	.1	640	450	0.9		
02/04/66	586A 586A	73 F 23 C	7.7	915	91 47	40 34	39 18	3.0 .08	0 1	254 4.15	137 2.85	51 1.44	71.0 1.15	.12 31.0	.1	587	392	0.9		
06/17/64	5050		7.7	928	57 32	31 25	79 39	2.0 .05	0 1	59 .97	142 2.94	87 2.45	150 2.42	.26 --	.2	618	270	2.1		
02/19/64	5801		7.3	940	86 39	63 47	35 14	2.0 .05	0 1	405 6.64	178 1.71	32 .90	.0	.09 30.0	.1	656	474	0.7		
10/26/67	5050 1045		7.5	890	61 37	31 11	57 31	2.0 .05	--	39 .64	110 2.29	104 2.93	147 2.38	.12 --	.1	639	280	1.5		
03/05/57	5000		8.2	1410	160 48	76 62	53 23	2.0 .05	0 1	418 6.95	111 4.48	69 1.95	74.0 1.19	.09 21.0	.3	972	369	0.9		
08/29/57	5800		7.7	1469	150 46	75 38	57 15	2.0 .05	0 1	394 6.44	290 4.23	75 2.12	82.5 1.33	.50 27.0	.2	1032	684	0.9		
09/29/58	5050		7.8	1317	158 48	73 40	57 15	2.0 .05	0 1	364 5.97	280 4.83	90 2.54	126 2.03	.14 30.0	.5	975	495	0.9		
02/16/59	5050		7.5	1315	165 50	74 37	48 13	2.0 .05	0 1	403 6.61	113 4.52	66 1.86	110 1.77	.04 31.0	.3	1043	717	0.8		
09/22/59	5800		7.0	1567	171 48	82 38	59 14	2.0 .05	0 1	422 6.92	168 7.20	61 1.72	125 2.02	.34 26.0	.4	1146	764	0.9		
10/04/60	5801		7.4	1355	133 46	63 36	57 17	1.0 .03	0 1	348 5.70	250 4.39	73 2.08	67.0 1.08	.05 27.0	.5	1022	501	1.0		
11/09/61	5850		8.0	729	64 43	28 23	45 26	1.0 .03	0 1	78 1.25	147 1.96	57 1.61	106 1.71	.02 32.0	.2	485	275	1.2		
08/27/62	5881		7.3	1060	106 45	52 42	49 18	2.0 .05	0 1	271 4.44	--	--	92.0 1.48	.06 23.0	.2	808	470	1.0		
10/15/62	5801		7.4	1040	108 47	47 33	52 20	2.0 .05	0 1	265 4.34	179 7.73	66 1.86	104 1.68	.11 24.0	.2	682	463	1.1		
09/26/63	5050		7.3	1314	135 45	66 36	62 18	2.0 .05	0 1	312 5.11	232 4.83	90 2.79	112 1.81	.08 36.0	.5	950	609	1.1		

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS								MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EQUIVALENTS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	MCO3	KO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH NCM	SAR					
		CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																					
		SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																					
		ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																					
		ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																					
		CONTINUED																					
06/04/64	5050		7.7	1257	130	66	63	2.0	0	307	230	85	136	.08	.6	860	596	1.1					
					6.49	5.43	2.74	.85	.00	5.03	4.79	2.40	2.10			898	345						
					44	37	19			35	33	17	15										
10/07/65	5050	67 F	19 C	8.2	82A	79	37	4.3	2.0	0	200	166	52	42.0	.04	.5	540	340	1.0				
						3.94	3.84	1.87	.05	.00	3.28	3.46	1.47	.68		519	185						
						44	34	21	1		37	39	17	8									
11/11/50	5000			7.5	1010	116	55	35	2.0	0	455	151	33	2.0	.01	--	658	516	0.7				
						5.79	4.52	1.52	.05	.00	7.46	3.14	.93	.05		39.0	658	143					
						49	38	13			64	27	8										
07/07/64	5801	69 F	21 C	8.1	1046	56	91	36	2.0	0	414	192	37	.0	.05	.2	724	514	0.7				
						2.79	7.48	1.57	.05	.00	6.70	4.00	1.04	.00		--	618	174					
						23	63	13			57	34	9										
10/26/71	5117	61 F	16 C	7.7	1239	117	55	72	3.1	0	258	163	165	67.5	.05	.3	792	506	1.4				
	5050					5.59	4.52	3.13	.08	.00	4.23	3.39	4.65	1.09		--	765	294					
						47	34	23	1		32	25	35	8									
07/07/64	5801			8.0	880	53	61	40	2.0	0	232	121	57	80.8	.05	.2	610	383	0.9				
						2.64	5.02	1.74	.05	.00	3.80	2.52	1.61	1.29		--	528	193					
						28	53	18	1		41	27	17	14									
06/17/64	5050			8.0	1007	114	58	33	2.0	0	444	148	39	1.2	.11	.3	637	523	0.6				
						5.69	4.77	1.44	.05	.00	7.28	3.08	1.10	.07		--	614	159					
						48	40	12			63	27	10										
02/17/64	5801			7.8	1120	107	61	76	5.0	0	423	216	75	21.0	.09	.2	774	518	1.5				
						5.34	5.02	3.31	.13	.00	6.93	4.50	2.12	.34		30.8	709	172					
						30	36	24	1		50	32	15	2									
02/18/64	5801			8.0	1500	154	86	89	4.0	0	486	288	123	85.0	.14	.1	1144	738	1.4				
						7.68	7.07	3.87	.10	.00	7.97	4.00	3.47	1.37		27.0	1095	339					
						41	38	21	1		42	32	18	7									
07/07/64	5801			8.1	1200	77	98	46	2.0	0	446	233	59	22.0	.08	.1	844	595	0.8				
						3.84	8.06	2.00	.05	.00	7.31	4.85	1.66	.35		--	756	230					
						28	58	14			52	34	12	2									
07/18/66	5050	62 F	17 C	8.3	1207	138	65	43	2.0	22	395	231	60	24.0	.05	.4	773	612	0.8				
						6.89	5.35	1.87	.05	.73	6.47	4.81	1.69	.30		--	779	252					
						49	38	13		5	46	34	12	3									
07/07/63	5801			7.7	1280	128	162	67	1.0	0	574	519	89	18.0	.12	.2	1398	984	0.9				
						6.39	13.32	2.91	.03	.00	9.41	10.81	2.51	.29		--	1266	515					
						28	59	13			41	47	11	1									
06/24/64	5801			7.9	2000	212	137	78	2.0	0	598	645	119	81.0	.12	.2	1614	1093	1.0				
						10.58	11.27	3.39	.05	.00	9.80	11.35	3.36	1.31		--	1468	603					
						42	45	13			38	44	13	5									
06/18/64	5801			8.0	1360	138	85	54	2.0	0	374	200	60	125	.15	.2	1042	695	0.9				
						6.89	6.99	2.35	.05	.00	6.14	6.25	1.69	2.02		--	949	386					
						47	43	14			38	39	10	13									
10/21/53	5050	62 F	17 C	8.4	1106	136	68	46	1.0	--	464	231	35	5.4	.12	.3	821	610	0.8				
						6.79	5.59	2.00	.03		7.60	4.81	.99	.09		--							
						47	39	14			56	36	7	1									
06/19/64	5801	60 F	16 C	7.6	1370	90	113	55	3.0	0	472	288	53	46.0	.17	.2	934	690	0.9				
						4.49	9.29	2.39	.08	.00	7.74	4.80	1.49	.74		--	880	302					
						28	57	15			48	38	9	5									
06/04/64	5050	64 F	18 C	7.5	1761	226	105	69	3.0	0	534	498	100	50.0	.09	.4	1385	997	1.0				
						11.28	8.64	3.00	.08	.00	8.75	10.37	2.82	.81		35.0	1349	559					
						49	38	13			38	46	12	4									
06/04/64	5050	64 F	18 C	7.4	1931	240	126	74	3.0	0	588	540	110	71.0	.08	.8	1509	1110	1.0				
						11.98	10.36	3.22	.08	.00	9.44	11.24	3.10	1.15		37.0	1490	636					
						47	40	13			38	45	12	5									
06/04/64	5050	64 F	18 C	7.9	1867	229	116	74	2.0	0	567	510	105	62.0	.08	.9	1524	1040	1.0				
						11.43	9.54	3.22	.05	.00	9.29	10.62	2.46	1.00		34.0	1411	584					
						47	39	13			39	44	12	4									
10/22/71	5117	58.0 F	14.4 C	8.2	2201	253	133	79	1.8	0	491	484	126	160	.09	.6	1693	1178	1.0				
	5050					12.82	10.94	3.44	.05	.00	8.05	12.62	3.55	2.58		--	1600	776					
						47	40	13			30	47	13	10									
06/18/64	5801	62 F	17 C	8.1	1730	268	117	67	2.0	0	562	481	74	93.0	.10	.6	1444	1001	0.9				
						10.38	9.62	2.91	.05	.00	9.21	10.01	2.09	1.50		--	1318	540					
						45	42	13			40	44	9	7									
07/18/66	5050	59 F	15 C	8.0	1914	212	105	61	2.0	0	423	401	85	138	.08	.8	1411	962	0.9				
						10.58	8.64	2.65	.05	.00	6.93	10.43	2.40	2.23		--	1312	615					
						48	39	12			32	47	11	10									

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																							
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM				
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	SiO2	TDS SUM	TH MCM	SAR						
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																							
06/05/67	5050				221	108	56	1.0	0	517	433	89	130	.06	.8	1329	996						
1500					49	40	11	.03	.00	8.47	9.02	2.51	2.10	--	1202	572	0.8						
06/02/71	5050	64	F		214	44	55	1.9	0	195	424	72	160	.01	.6	1280*	715						
1900	5060	18	C	8.2	179*	10.48	3.62	2.39	.05	.00	3.28	8.03	2.03	2.58	--	1067	555	0.9					
08/23/62	5401				240	120	71	1.0	0	366	730	144	.0	.14	.6	1706	1893						
					48	40	12	.03	.00	6.00	15.20	4.00	.00	30.0	1516	793	0.9						
06/24/64	5401	64	F		121	77	162	2.0	0	352	403	167	25.0	.18	.4	1044	619						
		18	C	7.4	1650	6.04	6.33	7.05	.05	.00	5.77	8.39	4.71	.40	--	1130	330	2.8					
10/30/67	5050				38	20	89	1.0	--	56	22	106	195	.16	.1	615*	177						
1510	5050				26	22	52	.03		.92	.46	2.99	3.15	--			2.9						
06/04/64	5050	64	F		117	86	94	3.0	0	483	263	105	7.2	.24	.7	976	634						
		20	C	7.5	1377	5.59	7.07	4.09	.08	.00	7.92	5.48	2.96	.12	43.0	951	237	1.6					
06/04/64	5050				145	103	90	1.0	0	493	403	123	14.0	.24	.7	1210	784						
					37	43	20	.20	.00	8.08	8.39	3.47	.23	53.0	1182	382	1.4						
06/04/64	5050				159	135	82	2.0	0	511	503	121	9.4	.16	.7	1407	952						
					35	49	16	.05	.00	8.38	10.47	3.41	.15	52.0	1315	533	1.2						
03/02/61	5401				75	79	47	1.0	0	496	102	60	15.0	.23	.2	726*	512						
					30	53	17	.03	.00	8.13	2.12	1.69	.24	35.0	658	106	0.9						
06/04/64	5401				118	116	105	--	0	695	205	108	50.0	.40	.2	1084	752						
					28	49	23		.00	11.39	4.27	2.99	.81	30.0	1064	182	1.7						
06/04/64	5401				115	83	91	--	0	610	179	85	20.0	.22	.2	934	629						
					35	41	24		.00	10.00	3.73	2.40	.45	30.0	911	129	1.6						
03/02/61	5401				125	68	54	2.0	0	433	258	57	12.0	.20	.3	898*	592						
					44	34	17	.05	.00	7.10	5.37	1.61	.19	29.0	818	237	1.0						
06/04/64	5401	64	F		66	80	59	1.0	0	451	165	50	8.4	.13	.2	724	494						
		18	C	7.6	1020	3.29	6.58	2.57	.03	.00	7.30	3.44	1.41	.14	32.0	683	124	1.2					
11/06/74	5117	62.0F			91	54	52	1.2	32	320	146	44	25.0	.11	.5	621	444						
1345	5064	16.7C	8.9	980	4.54	4.44	2.24	.03	1.07	5.39	3.04	1.30	.40	--	609	124	1.1						
03/02/61	5401				124	69	58	1.0	0	453	259	60	12.0	.13	.2	1064*	598						
					43	39	17	.03	.00	7.42	5.39	1.69	.19	30.0	838	227	1.0						
06/04/64	5401				208	163	198	--	0	487	285	442	59.0	.22	.2	2150	1190						
					32	41	27		.00	7.98	5.10	18.10	.95	35.0	1790	791	2.5						
11/03/60	5050	60	F		118	39	55	3.0	0	217	731	35	4.2	.12	.7	758	455						
		21	C	8.0	1025	5.89	3.21	2.39	.08	.00	3.56	6.89	.99	.07	41.0	713	277	1.1					
08/22/62	5050				85	31	56	3.0	0	181	232	49	9.5	.10	.4	580	340						
1300					44	27	26	.08	.00	2.97	4.83	1.38	.15	42.0	597	191	1.3						
08/23/62	5401	62	F		39	32	60	3.0	0	143	37	150	2.0	.07	.2	488	229						
		17	C	7.1	760	1.95	2.63	2.61	.08	.00	2.34	.77	4.23	.03	30.0	473	117	1.7					
06/24/64	5401				43	35	65	3.0	0	135	35	169	12.0	.08	.2	572	252						
					27	36	36	.08	.00	2.21	.73	4.77	.10	--	428	141	1.8						
10/30/67	5050	66	F		12	9.0	33	2.0	0	16	4.0	26	102	.00	.1	234	67						
1550		19	C	7.0	319	.60	.74	1.44	.05	.00	.26	.08	.73	1.65	--	196	54	1.8					
					21	26	51	2		10	7	27	61										

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																							
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN								MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER			MILLIGRAMS PER LITER			REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	PERCENT	B	F	TDS	TH	SAR	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																							
10/22/71	5117	60.0F			184	101	86	2.1	0	486	463	112	94.5	.06	.5	1317	874		E				
1130	5050	15.5C	A.0	1789	9.18	8.31	3.48	.05	.00	6.64	9.64	1.16	1.57	--	--	1236	547	1.2					
					44	40	17			32	46	15	7										
11/12/50					156	72	79	6.0	0	494	720	74	.2	.06	--	948	686						
	5000		7.4	1430	7.78	5.92	3.44	.15	.00	8.13	6.64	2.09	.00	36.0	947	279	1.3		S				
					45	34	20	1		44	39	12											
06/18/64					204	91	66	2.0	0	423	440	112	.0	.00	.7	1474	889		E				
	5050	62 F	7.2	1727	10.28	7.44	2.87	.05	.00	6.93	9.99	1.16	.00	--	--	1165	542	1.0	T				
		17 C			50	36	14			35	50	16							S				
03/02/61					154	89	69	2.0	0	407	389	120	.4	.10	.3	1172	761		E				
	5401	7.5 F	1460	7.44	7.32	3.00	.05	.00	6.67	4.10	3.38	.00	29.0	1056	427	1.1		C					
					43	40	16			37	45	19											
07/08/63					204	135	67	3.0	0	412	411	154	.0	.01	.6	1544	1065		E				
	5050	A.0	1860	10.14	11.10	2.91	.08	.00	6.75	12.72	4.46	.00	24.0	1405	727	0.9		C					
					42	46	12			24	53	19											
07/12/62					49	27	67	4.0	0	200	44	75	4.0	.10	.2	428	234						
	5401	69 F	7.5	785	2.45	2.22	2.70	.10	.00	3.24	1.75	2.12	.06	35.0	438	70	1.4		S				
		21 C			33	30	36	1		45	24	29	1										
10/16/73	5117	65.0F			4.6	2.3	35	1.2	0	42	4.6	24	33.0	.02	.2	173	21		T				
	5050	18.1C	7.2	250	.23	.19	1.52	.03	.00	.69	.14	.64	.53	--	--	129	0	3.3					
					12	10	77	2		33	4	33	25										
10/22/71	5117	59.0F			272	137	78	2.6	0	461	737	134	90.0	.09	.5	1836	1247		E				
	5050	15.0C	A.0	2347	13.57	11.27	3.39	.07	.00	7.54	15.34	3.74	1.45	--	--	1677	864	1.0	C				
					44	40	12			27	55	13	5										
09/26/61					165	117	63	3.0	0	410	365	106	3.1	.01	.4	1214	893						
	5050	64 F	A.0	1985	8.23	9.62	2.74	.04	.00	10.00	7.40	2.99	.05	33.0	1155	393	0.9						
		18 C			40	47	13			44	37	14											
07/13/62					151	105	61	5.0	0	600	355	59	.0	.00	.1	1140	809		E				
	5401	47 F	7.7	1600	7.53	8.44	2.65	.13	.00	9.43	7.39	1.66	.00	30.0	1041	317	0.9						
		19 C			40	46	14	1		52	34	9											
06/19/64					49	178	70	3.0	0	563	487	109	.0	.17	.2	1334	954		E				
	5401	61 F	7.4	1775	4.44	14.64	3.05	.08	.00	9.23	10.14	7.07	.00	--	--	1213	493	1.0	C				
		16 C			20	46	14			41	45	14											
11/08/74	5117	60.0F			152	102	57	2.0	0	294	491	94	52.0	.07	.4	1144	799		E				
	5064	15.5C	A.2	1637	7.54	8.39	2.48	.05	.00	4.84	10.22	2.74	.84	--	--	1101	554	0.9					
					41	45	13			26	55	15	4										
10/20/70	5117	60 F			230	153	54	3.0	0	503	493	124	38.0	.07	.9	1705	1204		E				
	5050	16 C	7.4	2124	11.44	12.58	2.52	.04	.00	8.24	14.43	7.61	.61	--	--	1550	792	0.7	M C				
					43	47	9			31	54	17	2										
03/02/61					91	34	71	4.0	0	274	217	81	.0	.20	.2	516	384						
	5401	70 F	1020	4.54	3.21	3.09	.10	.00	4.51	4.52	2.24	.00	32.0	670	162	1.4		T					
		21 C			41	29	24	1		40	40	20							S				
08/23/62					97	35	64	5.0	0	254	232	47	.0	.12	.4	714	784		E				
	5401	72 F	944	4.44	2.44	2.78	.13	.00	4.14	4.41	1.49	.00	31.0	656	174	1.4							
		22 C			46	27	26	1		38	44	17											
06/19/64					64	47	72	4.0	0	244	194	49	3.0	.14	.2	634	353		E				
	5401	70 F	944	3.19	3.47	3.13	.10	.00	4.43	4.12	1.95	.05	--	--	578	152	1.7						
		21 C			31	38	30	1		40	41	19											
03/02/61					47	24	64	4.0	0	264	94	77	.0	.26	.1	492	282						
	5401	64 F	7.4	794	3.34	2.30	2.96	.10	.00	4.39	2.00	2.17	.00	38.0	510	63	1.4						
		21 C			34	26	34	1		51	23	25											
11/01/67					6.0	8.0	46	2.0	0	52	9.0	87	27.0	.04	.2	246	44						
	5050	7.2 F	424	1.30	1.46	2.87	.05	.00	4.45	1.19	2.45	.44	--	--	231	4	4.2						
					4	17	74	1		22	5	62	11										
10/21/71	5117	61.0F			101	64	59	3.5	0	380	147	103	16.7	.04	.4	752	515						
	5050	16.1C	A.1	1176	5.04	5.26	2.57	.09	.00	6.23	7.44	2.90	.27	--	--	701	204	1.1					
					39	41	20	1		44	27	23	2										
10/16/73	5117	61.0F			94	64	59	3.9	9.4	364	141	102	25.0	.00	.4	749	517						
	5050	14.1C	A.4	1234	4.49	5.43	2.57	.10	.72	6.00	7.35	2.48	.44	--	--	704	200	1.1					
					34	42	20	1	2	44	26	22	1										
06/24/64					104	55	55	3.0	0	377	143	74	18.0	.04	.2	730	484						
	5401	64 F	7.6	1160	5.19	4.52	2.39	.04	.00	6.14	7.41	2.09	.29	--	--	677	177	1.1					
		18 C			43	37	20	1		50	31	17	2										

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT EQUIVALENT VALUE				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM				
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM		TH MCH	SAR		
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																				
SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																				
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																				
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBAREA																				
08/23/62	5801	62 F 17 C	7.5	1035	92 40	56 40	49 19	3.0 1	0 1.00	388 57	181 31	69 16	7.0 1	.05 30.0	.4	786 678	460 142	1.0	E S	
06/24/64	5801	66 F 19 C	7.4	1100	94 39	59 40	57 20	3.0 1	0 1.00	368 49	197 14	71 16	5.0 1	.10 --	.2	716 666	477 177	1.1	E	
08/23/62	5801	64 F 18 C	7.3	1040	156 64	24 16	51 18	4.0 1	0 1.00	401 54	181 11	65 15	3.0 1	.05 29.0	.4	762 713	488 157	1.0	E	
07/17/64	5801	64 F 18 C	7.2	1090	110 42	60 38	60 20	4.0 1	0 1.00	418 53	194 11	71 15	4.0 1	.03 --	.1	770 709	521 179	1.1	E	
08/23/62	5801	64 F 18 C	7.1	1050	12 18	5.0 13	50 67	3.0 2	0 1.00	61 11	2.0 6	72 63	.0 1	.05 32.0	.6	268 213	51 1	3.1	E T	
MIPANO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																				
08/22/62	830	66 F 19 C	8.0	274	10 23	5.0 19	28 56	1.0 1	0 1.00	58 41	15 13	14 41	6.0 4	.03 29.0	.1	152 157	44 0	1.4	S	
07/17/64	5801	64 F 18 C	7.1	220	11 29	2.0 7	32 62	1.0 1	0 1.00	51 18	7.0 7	35 45	15.0 11	.00 --	.1	168 130	41 0	2.2	E T	
08/21/62	935	70 F 21 C	7.0	221	18 25	3.0 12	29 62	1.0 1	0 1.00	41 33	2.0 1	42 59	6.0 5	.01 52.0	.1	160 166	38 4	2.1	F	
08/21/62	850	74 F 21 C	7.4	937	78 34	35 28	90 38	4.0 1	0 1.00	322 51	125 25	89 24	.5 1	.08 34.0	.1	580 610	110 55	2.2	F	
10/26/71	5117 1530	63.0F 17.2C	8.1	860	62 33	34 30	79 37	3.1 1	0 1.00	279 48	120 26	87 24	.0 1	.03 --	.1	535 523	294 66	2.0	E	
03/23/71	5000 1650	73.4F 23.0C	7.5	778	57 33	24 25	73 40	5.0 1	0 1.00	238 56	88 21	75 27	.0 1	.04 --	.1	444 435	232 34	2.1	E	
09/28/71	5008 5050	75.2F 24.0C	8.0	879	59 13	31 28	78 38	2.7 1	0 1.00	257 47	115 27	83 26	1.0 1	.05 --	.2	547 496	277 64	2.0	E	
08/21/62	1000	97 F 41 C	7.5	1005	97 43	43 12	63 24	3.0 1	0 1.00	212 11	278 52	62 16	6.0 1	.10 40.0	.5	720 696	419 266	1.1	F	
09/17/58	5050	100 F 44 C	8.6	1025	100 44	45 33	58 22	3.0 1	12 4	177 26	291 54	64 16	6.0 1	.06 40.0	.2	743 709	435 270	1.2	E	
04/21/59	5800	98 F 41 C	8.0	1051	98 41	45 32	66 24	3.0 1	0 1.00	212 31	284 52	66 16	6.0 1	.01 24.0	.3	755 692	430 254	1.1	F	
09/11/59	5800	99 F 41 C	7.6	1085	99 41	45 32	64 24	3.0 1	0 1.00	214 31	282 52	66 16	6.0 1	.18 32.0	.3	770 702	432 257	1.1	E	
04/06/60	5800	98 F 42 C	8.0	1082	98 42	47 34	62 23	3.0 1	0 1.00	215 30	289 52	68 17	6.0 1	.12 31.0	.4	770 710	438 262	1.1	E	
10/13/60	1545	89 F 45 C	8.3	925	89 45	36 30	56 25	2.0 1	4.0 1	194 32	220 46	67 19	6.8 1	.08 25.0	.5	610 601	370 205	1.1	E	
10/05/61	5801	74 F 44 C	7.5	755	74 44	26 26	51 27	2.0 1	0 1.00	185 38	148 38	65 23	4.0 1	.14 30.0	.1	544 443	292 168	1.1	E	
06/14/62	5801	84 F 29 C	8.1	800	-- 72	-- 33	52 24	-- 1	0 1.00	184 37	-- 42	62 21	-- 1	-- 13	-- 27.0	-- .2	-- 584	-- 315	-- 1.1	-- E
09/20/62	5801	84 F 29 C	8.1	780	72 42	33 11	52 24	3.0 1	0 1.00	195 37	176 42	64 21	4.0 1	.13 27.0	.2	584 527	315 155	1.1	E	

APPENDIX B (continued)

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REACTANTS				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM		
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS	TH		SAH	
					MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG	MG		MG	
MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																			
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS ORISPO HYDRO UNIT ARRIYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT NIPOMO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																			
05/21/71	5050 5050				7.9	781	2.59 33	2.30 29	2.87 37	3.0 1	0 1	232 49	95 25	71 26	.0 .00	.05 --	.1 429	473 56	245 1.8
08/22/62	5050				7.4	1350	4.69 31	5.10 34	5.31 35	3.0 1	0 1	393 43	732 32	137 25	1.0 .02	.06 44.0	.4 888	980 168	490 2.4
07/11/62	5801				6.9	590	1.60 30	1.48 28	2.13 40	3.0 2	0 2	68 21	6.0 12	125 68	27.0 8	.00 39.0	.1 332	375 99	154 1.7
07/11/62	5801				6.9	310	.65 23	5.0 15	3.9 61	1.0 1	0 1	58 36	.0 1.72	61 .13	8.0 5	.05 33.0	.1 189	190 6	53 2.3
08/01/62	5801				6.7	250	9.0 19	4.0 14	3.6 65	2.0 2	0 2	31 23	10 9	51 64	6.0 4	.00 39.0	.4 172	162 14	39 2.5
08/01/62	5801				6.8	250	8.0 19	2.0 6	3.5 71	2.0 2	0 2	34 26	7.0 3	52 67	6.0 5	.02 33.0	.1 158	154 0	28 2.9
08/21/62	5801				7.2	275	10 21	2.0 16	3.8 70	2.0 2	0 2	51 32	9.0 7	55 59	3.0 2	.03 25.0	.4 169	166 0	33 2.9
11/01/67	5050				7.1	485	3.0 3	7.0 13	8.2 82	1.0 1	0 1	56 21	9.0 4	101 65	28.0 10	.05 --	.3 259	264 0	37 5.9
10/19/62	5801				7.0	690	64 44	24 1.87	48 2.09	3.0 1	0 1	168 2.75	148 3.08	48 1.35	6.0 10	.12 36.0	.2 460	570 121	258 1.1
09/27/63	5050				7.0	704	59 39	27 10	52 30	3.0 1	0 1	166 2.72	159 7.31	49 1.38	5.0 .08	.08 48.0	.1 484	475 122	258 1.4
10/15/64	5050				6.9	711	60 40	28 31	47 28	3.0 1	0 1	157 34	156 44	53 18	6.7 1	.03 --	.2 433	485 136	265 1.1
10/11/65	5050				6.9	700	57 39	27 30	5.0 2.18	3.0 1	0 1	151 2.47	156 7.25	52 1.47	6.0 10	.06 --	.3 425	430 130	253 1.4
10/18/66	5050				6.8	711	--	--	--	--	0	141 61	--	49 36	6.0 1	--	--	--	--
10/18/66	5117 5050				6.8	711	--	--	--	--	0	141 61	--	49 36	6.0 1	--	--	237	--
10/08/69	5117 5050				7.6	690	55 40	26 31	43 28	2.0 1	0 1	139 33	150 45	51 21	7.0 2	.06 --	.3 402	396 136	245 1.2
10/19/70	5117 5050				6.8	692	58 39	25 24	50 31	3.0 1	0 1	140 33	147 44	51 21	8.0 2	.06 --	.2 409	480 128	243 1.4
10/26/71	5117 5050				6.8	670	56 39	26 10	48 29	2.0 1	0 1	145 34	153 45	50 20	7.0 2	.06 --	.1 414	440 128	247 1.3
11/04/74	5117 5064				7.0	752	53 38	26 31	48 10	2.0 1	0 1	144 36	150 45	48 19	7.2 2	.01 --	.2 406	441 121	239 1.4
11/01/67	5050				7.0	363	5.0 8	5.0 13	5.6 78	1.0 1	0 1	48 22	12 8	69 64	12.0 8	.03 --	.2 180	222 0	33 4.2
11/06/61	5050				7.1	315	9.0 14	6.0 18	42 65	1.0 1	0 1	37 21	5.0 1.10	50 49	46.0 77	.04 42.0	.2 221	220 17	47 2.7
03/15/75	5117 5064				7.0	1070	112 47	42 29	65 24	3.5 1	0 1	215 30	749 7.27	38 1.07	3.1 05	.13 --	.4 718	809 276	454 1.3
07/12/62	5801				6.9	475	9.0 11	7.0 14	49 3.08	2.0 1	0 1	53 87	14 33	86 2.47	28.0 45	.10 31.0	.2 274	270 8	52 4.2

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM		
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	PERCENT HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS		TH	SAR
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																		
SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																		
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																		
NIPOMO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																		
07/12/62	5A01		6.9	475	9.0	8.0	70	4.0	0	50	22	86	27.0	.10	.1	302	56	
					.45	.66	3.05	.10	.00	.82	.46	2.41	.44		32.0	283	15	4.1
					11	15	72	2		20	11	59	11					
10/29/63	5050	75 F	7.8	1070	121	46	62	4.0	0	223	760	46	1.9	.32	.2	850*	491	
		24 C			6.04	3.78	2.70	.10	.00	3.65	7.50	1.30	.03		--	751	309	1.2
					48	30	21	1		29	60	10						
04/05/64	5999		7.5		127	43	60	--	0	228	755	39	--	--	--	482		
					6.09	3.54	2.61		.00	3.74	7.39	1.10			41.0	772	295	1.2
					50	29	21			31	60	9						
11/04/61	5050		7.7	1148	124	50	64	3.0	0	232	786	41	2.0	.14	.4	860	515	
					6.19	4.11	2.78	.08	.00	3.80	8.04	1.16	.03		44.0	820	325	1.2
					47	31	21	1		29	62	9						
07/12/62	5A01		7.5	1180	110	46	62	4.0	0	222	760	41	.0	.20	.2	888	464	
					5.49	3.78	2.70	.10	.00	3.64	7.50	1.16	.00		23.0	755	282	1.3
					45	31	22	1		30	61	9						
06/18/64	5050	70 F	7.5	1241	138	50	66	3.0	0	232	421	46	2.3	.15	.5	906	550	
		21 C			6.89	4.11	2.87	.08	.00	3.80	8.77	1.30	.04		--	841	360	1.2
					49	29	21	1		27	63	9						
10/08/65	5050	70 F	7.0	1178	125	49	70	4.0	0	178	443	43	2.8	.18	.4	880	514	
		21 C			6.24	4.03	3.05	.10	.00	2.92	9.22	1.21	.05		--	825	368	1.3
					46	30	23	1		22	69	9						
11/07/74	5117	73.0F	7.9	1359	138	60	76	3.4	0	234	477	43	2.4	.17	.5	1005	591	
	5064	22.0C			6.89	4.93	3.31	.09	.00	3.84	9.93	1.21	.04		--	915	399	1.4
					45	32	22	1		26	66	8						
11/02/67	5050		7.1	275	6.0	4.0	39	1.0	0	37	4.0	50	20.0	.00	.1	157	32	
					.30	.33	1.70	.03	.00	.61	.12	1.41	.32		--	144	1	3.0
					13	14	72	1		25	5	57	13					
10/13/65	5050		7.8	626	42	24	45	2.0	0	139	107	56	4.0	.06	.2	301	204	
					2.10	1.97	1.96	.05	.00	2.28	2.21	1.58	.06		--	348	90	1.4
					35	32	32	1		37	36	26	1					
07/12/62	5801		6.9	308	13	6.0	38	2.0	0	62	4.0	53	6.0	.05	.2	206	57	
					.65	.49	1.65	.05	.00	1.02	.12	1.49	.10		37.0	192	6	2.2
					23	17	58	2		37	4	55	4					
10/11/73	5117	67.0F	6.9	283	12	5.6	32	2.3	0	48	7.7	56	13.0	.00	.0	209	54	
	5050	19.4C			.60	.46	1.39	.06	.00	.79	.08	1.58	.21		--	144	14	1.9
					24	18	55	2		30	3	59	8					
11/07/74	5117	60.0F	6.9	316	9.5	7.3	34	2.3	0	56	4.7	52	9.2	.00	.1	126	54	
	5064	15.5C			.47	.60	1.48	.06	.00	.89	.14	1.47	.15		--	148	9	2.0
					18	23	57	2		34	5	55	6					
10/28/63	5050		7.8	256	6.0	5.0	40	3.0	0	47	7.0	50	8.1	.07	.1	198	34	
					.30	.41	1.74	.08	.00	.70	.15	1.41	.13		--	140	1	2.9
					12	16	69	3		29	6	59	5					
10/02/68	5800		7.3	356	4.0	10	27	2.0	0	51	.0	55	5.0	.20	.0	204	51	
					.20	.82	1.17	.05	.00	.84	.00	1.55	.08		16.0	144	9	1.6
					9	37	52	2		34		63	3					
07/27/69	5800		6.6	288	11	5.0	34	2.0	0	43	4.0	53	8.0	.16	.0	213	48	
					.45	.41	1.48	.05	.00	.70	.08	1.49	.13		36.0	174	13	2.1
					22	16	59	2		29	3	62	5					
10/08/60	5801	70 F	7.2	289	12	18	34	2.0	0	49	7.0	52	8.0	.03	.2	220*	104	
		21 C			.60	1.48	1.48	.05	.00	.80	.15	1.47	.13		36.0	193	64	1.5
					17	41	41	1		31	6	58	5					
11/17/61	5050	67 F	7.6	352	26	12	33	2.0	0	113	7.0	57	25.0	.02	.1	237	115	
		19 C			1.30	.99	1.44	.05	.00	1.85	.06	1.61	.48		38.0	252	22	1.3
					34	26	38	1		47	2	41	10					
07/12/62	5801		6.8	285	11	5.0	34	2.0	0	48	2.0	52	8.0	.00	.1	190	48	
					.45	.41	1.48	.05	.00	.79	.04	1.47	.13		36.0	174	9	2.1
					22	16	59	2		33	2	60	5					
10/11/62	5801	68 F	7.2	265	16	4.0	35	4.0	0	58	11	48	7.0	.05	.2	206	57	
		20 C			.80	.33	1.52	.10	.00	.95	.23	1.35	.11		30.0	184	9	2.0
					29	12	55	4		36	9	51	4					
09/27/63	5050	70 F	7.3	292	10	7.0	35	2.0	0	56	7.0	52	9.5	.02	.2	188	54	
		21 C			.40	.58	1.52	.10	.00	.92	.06	1.47	.15		45.0	191	8	2.1
					19	22	57	2		35	2	57	6					
12/06/63	5801		7.0	250	14	3.0	36	2.0	0	47	15	48	4.4	.05	.1	179	48	
					.70	.25	1.57	.05	.00	.77	.31	1.35	.07		32.0	178	9	2.3
					27	10	61	2		31	12	54	1					
10/15/66	5050		7.2	289	12	6.0	33	2.0	0	48	8.0	53	12.0	.00	.0	207	55	
					.40	.49	1.44	.05	.00	.79	.17	1.49	.19		--	150	15	1.9
					23	19	56	2		30	6	56	7					
10/11/65	5050	65 F	7.8	293	12	5.0	34	2.0	0	49	11	50	11.0	.01	.1	206	51	
		18 C			.60	.41	1.48	.05	.00	.80	.23	1.41	.18		--	149	11	2.1
					24	16	58	2		31	9	54	7					

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																			
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER WILLIEQUIVALENTS PFR LITER PERCENT RFACANCE VALUE				MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REM		
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH NCM		SAR	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT NIPONO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																			
										CONTINUED									
10/18/66	1000	5050	67 F 19 C	7.9	329	--	--	--	--	0	69	--	47	10.0	--	--	--	--	
10/19/70	1230	5117	68 F 20 C	7.9	304	11	7.0	35	2.0	0	44	14	50	13.0	.00	.0	210	56	2.0
10/26/71	1230	5117	66.0F 18.9C	7.2	290	11	6.4	35	2.1	--	46	11	50	12.0	.00	.0	171	54	2.1
08/21/62	1230	5050	72 F 22 C	6.9	270	9.0	4.0	39	2.0	0	51	7.0	57	5.0	.02	.1	160	39	2.7
06/18/64	5050	5050	7.3	280	9.0	4.0	36	2.0	0	52	7.0	51	6.5	.00	.1	180	39	2.5	
08/22/62	1115	5050	70 F 21 C	7.0	229	7.0	2.0	35	2.0	0	32	4.0	48	7.0	.01	.1	150	26	3.0
06/18/64	5050	5050	7.9	236	7.0	3.0	32	1.0	0	31	5.0	47	7.5	.00	.0	168	30	2.6	
10/12/71	1555	5250	69.0F 20.5C	6.6	241	5.4	2.8	32	1.6	0	24	7.8	44	8.2	.00	.0	161	25	2.8
11/08/74	1435	5117	71.0F 21.6C	7.2	232	4.8	2.6	32	2.0	0	22	5.8	45	8.8	.00	.3	153	22	2.0
11/08/74	1450	5064	62.0F 16.7C	7.5	350	15	9.7	34	2.0	0	51	7.6	46	17.0	.00	.3	232	78	1.7
08/01/62	1530	5801	6.9	243	11	2.0	30	1.0	0	44	7.0	46	3.0	.00	.1	156	36	2.2	
06/18/64	5050	5050	72 F 22 C	7.6	232	10	4.0	26	1.0	0	41	4.0	45	2.5	.00	.3	176	42	1.8
08/01/62	1600	5801	6.8	240	9.0	4.0	31	1.0	0	48	4.0	46	4.0	.00	.1	164	39	2.2	
06/18/64	5050	5050	72 F 22 C	6.8	254	9.0	5.0	30	1.0	0	37	5.0	48	6.5	.00	.1	192	43	2.0
10/12/71	1435	5117	70.0F 25.5C	6.5	233	11	2.8	30	1.2	0	36	7.7	49	9.1	.00	.2	188	39	2.1
10/29/53	5050	5050	68 F 20 C	7.3	236	6.0	7.0	32	1.0	0	52	6.0	44	3.0	.00	.3	173	44	2.1
09/29/58	5050	5050	6.7	246	9.0	5.0	30	1.0	0	50	10	44	2.1	.00	.3	189	43	2.0	
07/27/59	5800	5800	6.8	254	--	--	--	--	--	0	46	--	48	--	--	--	45		
10/04/60	5801	5801	72 F 22 C	7.0	256	10	6.0	27	1.0	0	49	7.0	48	1.6	.00	.2	186	50	1.7
11/17/61	5850	5850	65 F 14 C	7.6	236	6.0	6.0	28	1.0	0	47	5.0	48	4.1	.01	.3	170	45	1.8
07/11/62	5801	5801	64 F 18 C	6.8	317	15	6.0	75	2.0	0	67	7.0	54	1.0	.02	.1	190	62	1.4
10/10/62	1600	5050	7.1	257	11	4.0	29	1.0	0	49	4.0	46	4.2	.00	.5	158	44	1.9	
09/27/63	1100	5801	77 F 25 C	7.1	339	21	6.0	39	2.0	0	73	11	60	3.1	.14	.2	242	77	1.9
12/06/63	1400	5801	7.1	230	11	4.0	32	1.0	0	52	7.0	44	.9	.03	.2	166	44	2.1	
06/18/64	5050	5050	71 F 22 C	6.9	447	27	10	42	2.0	0	87	17	82	2.0	.06	.3	295	109	1.4

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER MILLIEQUIVALENTS PER LITER					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					HEM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS SUM	TM NCM	S&P		
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT NIPOMO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																				
10/08/65	T T-10 T-10.C T-10.C2 11N/35W-12E01	S																		
1440	5050	71 F 22 C	A.2	52R	37 1.45 37	13 1.07 21	4R 2.09 41	2.0 .05 1	0 .00 1	127 2.04 41	30 .62 12	84 2.37 46	2.2 .04 1	.05 --	.2 --	290 279	146 47	1.7		
10/12/73	11N/35W-12E02	S																		
1500	5117 5050	66.0F 19.9C	7.4	706	51 2.54 34	25 2.06 27	65 2.83 38	2.7 .07 1	0 .00 1	224 3.67 48	59 1.23 16	95 2.68 35	.1 .00 1	.00 --	.0 --	474 408	228 47	1.9		
08/02/67	11N/35W-13C01	S																		
5801	5801	6.8	260	10 .50 21	6.0 .49 21	31 1.35 56	2.0 .05 2	0 .00 2	49 .80 34	2.0 .04 2	47 1.18 51	19.0 .31 13	.02 43.0	.1 --	170 179	50 10	1.9			
11/08/74	5117 5066	70.0F 21.1C	8.0	474	28 1.40 33	17 1.07 25	39 1.70 40	2.0 .05 1	0 .00 1	121 1.98 44	39 .81 18	52 1.47 33	16.0 .26 6	.00 --	.5 --	294 248	125 25	1.5		
07/11/62	11N/35W-13001	S																		
5801	5801	72 F 22 C	7.6	1145	81 4.04 33	47 3.87 32	96 4.18 34	4.0 .10 1	0 .00 1	348 5.70 46	171 1.56 29	111 1.17 25	.0 .00 1	.10 36.0	.1 --	752 717	194 111	2.1		
06/18/64	5050	74 F 23 C	7.5	1143	77 3.84 32	50 4.11 34	91 3.96 33	3.0 .08 1	0 .00 1	322 5.28 44	174 1.62 30	106 2.49 25	1.5 .02 1	.00 --	.1 --	724 661	398 134	2.0		
08/22/62	11N/35W-14001	S																		
1050	5050	8.1	1344	138 6.89 43	71 5.84 36	78 3.39 21	3.0 .08 1	0 .00 1	283 4.64 29	461 9.60 59	55 1.55 10	29.0 .47 3	.17 37.0	.6 --	1020 1011	637 405	1.3			
06/18/64	5050	7.9	568	40 2.00 37	19 1.56 29	42 1.83 34	2.0 .05 1	0 .00 1	132 2.16 40	75 1.58 29	56 1.58 20	8.5 .14 1	.05 --	.1 --	395 307	178 70	1.4			
11/06/61	11N/35W-17001	S																		
5050	5050	7.6	1300	150 7.49 50	56 4.61 31	67 2.91 19	4.0 .10 1	0 .00 1	239 3.92 26	471 9.81 65	45 1.27 8	3.5 .06 1	.16 45.0	.6 --	1075 959	605 400	1.2			
07/12/62	930	72 F 22 C	7.7	1270	139 6.94 48	57 4.69 32	64 2.78 19	3.0 .08 1	0 .00 1	235 3.85 26	460 9.58 65	45 1.27 9	2.0 .03 1	.20 36.0	.2 --	980 922	582 384	1.2		
11/12/74	5117 5066	68.0F 20.0C	8.2	1372	139 6.94 50	58 4.77 34	50 2.14 16	4.1 .11 1	0 .00 1	173 2.84 20	500 10.41 72	45 1.27 9	1.5 .02 1	.20 --	.6 --	1032 881	587 444	0.9		
08/21/67	11N/35W-22001	S																		
1700	5050	7.4	774	88 4.39 52	21 1.73 20	52 2.26 27	3.0 .08 1	0 .00 1	144 2.36 28	240 5.00 59	38 1.07 11	1.0 .02 1	.02 36.0	.3 --	545 550	306 188	1.3			
08/21/62	11N/35W-24001	S																		
1100	5050	7.9	191	4.0 .20 11	3.0 .25 14	29 1.26 72	1.0 .03 2	0 .00 2	32 .52 30	2.0 .04 2	30 1.10 63	6.5 .10 6	.01 40.0	.1 --	130 140	21 0	2.7			
07/11/67	12N/34W-31401	S																		
1130	5801	9.0	1550	182 9.08 49	43 6.83 37	55 2.39 11	2.0 .05 1	0 .00 1	436 7.11 38	405 4.43 65	109 1.07 16	.0 .00 1	.07 36.0	.2 --	1190 1083	796 440	0.4			
08/21/62	12N/35W-29001	S																		
1400	5050	7.0	236	7.0 .35 16	3.0 .25 12	35 1.52 71	1.0 .03 1	0 .00 1	32 .52 25	4.0 .08 4	25 .71 36	49.0 .79 38	.02 36.0	.1 --	155 178	30 4	2.8			
04/14/64	5801	8.2	285	8.0 .40 19	2.0 .16 7	16 1.57 73	1.0 .03 1	0 .00 1	37 .61 29	4.0 .08 4	23 .65 31	46.0 .74 36	.07 31.0	.2 --	174 169	28 0	3.0			
06/18/64	5050	7.4	240	8.0 .40 19	2.0 .16 7	16 1.49 71	1.0 .03 1	0 .00 1	28 .46 22	3.0 .06 3	27 .75 36	52.0 .86 60	.11 --	.1 --	177 141	28 5	2.8			
10/08/69	5117 5050	7.7	252	7.0 .35 16	3.0 .25 11	37 1.61 73	1.0 .00 1	0 .00 1	50 .82 36	9.0 .17 7	26 .73 32	34.0 .55 24	.04 --	.2 --	117 140	36 0	2.9			
10/26/71	5117 5050	52.0F 11.1C	7.0	244	4.0 .20 9	3.5 .29 14	37 1.61 76	1.0 .07 1	0 .00 1	44 .75 36	30 .21 10	26 .73 33	31.5 .51 23	.04 --	.1 --	155 134	25 0	3.3		
11/02/67	815	7.8	798	55 2.74 33	31 2.55 31	68 2.96 36	3.0 .08 1	0 .00 1	225 3.69 44	196 2.21 26	81 2.28 27	13.0 .21 3	.08 --	.3 --	487 468	265 80	1.4			
06/19/64	5801	7.6	370	13 .65 17	4.0 .31 9	65 2.83 73	2.0 .05 1	0 .00 1	63 1.03 28	11 .23 6	76 2.16 58	20.0 .32 9	.15 --	.2 --	210 222	49 0	4.0			
11/01/67	1055	7.4	380	6.0 .30 9	4.0 .33 10	58 2.52 79	2.0 .05 2	0 .00 2	46 .75 23	4.0 .19 4	69 1.95 59	27.0 .44 13	.02 --	.1 --	216 198	32 0	4.5			

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER																				
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH	FIELD EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT RFACTANCE VALUE					REM
					CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM	TH MCH	SAR		
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE																				
SAN LUIS OBISPO HYDRO UNIT																				
ARROYO GRANDE HYDRO SUBUNIT																				
MIPOMO MESA HYDRO SUBAREA																				
08/21/62	T-10 T-10.C T-10.C2 12N/35W-33J01	70	F		7.0	5.0	32	2.0	0	31	.0	47	14.0	.00	.2	182	38		E	
1450	5801	21	C	6.6	242	.35	.41	1.39	.05	.00	.51	.00	1.33	.23	48.0	178	13	2.3		
06/18/64					8.0	5.0	28	2.0	0	29	7.0	46	17.0	.04	.0	206	41		E	
	5050			7.1	244	.40	.41	1.22	.05	.00	.48	.06	1.30	.27	--	123	17	1.9	T	
18/31/67		68	F		4.0	6.0	28	2.0	0	24	4.0	44	17.0	.00	.1	162	35		E	
1100	5050	20	C	7.0	229	.20	.49	1.22	.05	.00	.39	.08	1.24	.27	--	117	14	2.1	T	
					10	25	62	3		20	4	63	14							
11/03/67	12N/35W-33R01				9.0	7.0	36	2.0	0	50	0.0	51	14.0	.00	.1	181	52		E	
1240	5050			7.3	293	.45	.58	1.57	.05	.00	.02	.19	1.44	.23	--	153	11	2.2		
					17	22	59	2		31	7	54	9							
08/21/62	12N/35W-34M01				120	7.0	44	2.0	0	34	4.0	76	20.0	.00	.1	250	329		TC	
1515	5801			6.6	368	5.99	.58	1.91	.05	.00	.59	.08	2.14	.32	37.0	328	299	1.1	S	
					70	7	22	1		19	3	68	10							
SANTA MARIA-CUYAMA HYDRO UNIT																				
SANTA MARIA HYDRO SUBUNIT																				
05/28/74	T-12 T-12.A	61.7F		858	91	41	48	2.3	7.8	184	245	40	6.5	.15	.6	665	397		E	
1280	5000 5064	16.5C	8.5	907	4.54	3.37	2.09	.06	.76	3.02	5.52	1.13	.10	--	592	232	1.1			
					45	33	21	1	3	30	55	11	1							
05/07/58	10N/34W-03P02				185	71	88	4.0	0	325	496	77	60.0	.14	.5	1220	754		E	
	5050			8.0	1527	9.23	5.84	3.83	.10	.00	5.33	10.33	2.17	.97	30.0	1171	487	1.4	C	
					49	31	20	1		28	55	12	5							
04/21/59		61	F		98	44	59	3.0	0	252	283	40	12.0	1.11	.6	752	434		E	
	5800	16	C	8.2	1015	4.89	3.78	2.57	.08	.00	4.13	5.89	1.13	.19	18.0	684	227	1.2		
					41	33	23	1		36	52	10	2							
10/05/61					157	40	63	3.0	0	295	355	60	27.0	.22	.4	962	556		F	
	5801			7.0	1240	7.83	3.29	2.74	.08	.00	4.84	7.39	1.69	.44	21.0	871	314	1.2	S	
					56	24	20	1		34	51	12	3							
06/13/62		61	F		122	83	67	4.0	0	315	399	69	47.0	.26	.2	1136	647		E	
1345	5801	16	C	7.8	1430	6.09	6.83	2.91	.10	.00	5.14	8.31	1.95	.76	22.0	988	388	1.1		
					38	43	18	1		32	51	12	5							
07/18/63		62	F		124	40	68	3.0	0	242	391	42	16.0	.20	.6	880	520		E	
1200	5050	17	C	7.3	1176	6.29	4.11	2.96	.08	.00	3.97	8.14	1.18	.24	29.0	844	322	1.3		
					47	31	22	1		29	60	9	2							
10/06/64					124	60	72	3.0	0	274	485	44	17.0	.20	.3	890	561		E	
	5801			8.1	1250	6.29	4.93	3.13	.08	.00	4.52	8.43	1.30	.27	--	865	335	1.3		
					44	34	22	1		31	58	9	2							
07/08/65					137	59	46	3.0	0	267	396	50	22.0	.22	.6	911	585		E	
	5050			7.7	1290	6.84	4.85	2.87	.08	.00	4.38	8.24	1.41	.35	--	865	364	1.2		
					47	33	20	1		30	57	10	2							
04/12/64		62	F		145	55	68	3.0	0	271	396	54	26.0	.11	.6	1025	588		E	
1310	5050	17	C	7.5	1335	7.24	4.52	2.96	.08	.00	4.44	8.24	1.52	.42	--	880	364	1.2		
					49	31	20	1		30	56	10	3							
05/16/69		64	F		67	40	51	3.0	0	171	237	33	10.0	.14	.6	581	332		E	
1000	5000 5050	18	C	8.2	810	3.34	3.29	2.22	.08	.00	2.80	4.93	.97	.14	--	525	192	1.2		
					37	37	25	1		32	56	11	2							
09/24/69		63	F		83	49	44	3.0	0	221	264	24	14.0	.12	.6	640	409		E	
1210	5000 5050	17	C	7.8	884	4.14	4.03	1.91	.08	.00	3.62	5.50	.68	.23	--	598	228	0.9		
					41	40	19	1		36	55	7	2							
04/01/70		62	F		92	41	47	2.0	0	224	264	22	7.0	.13	.6	610	398		E	
845	5000 5050	17	C	7.8	912	4.59	3.37	2.84	.05	.00	3.78	5.54	.62	.11	--	588	213	1.0		
					46	34	20			37	54	6	1							
03/30/71		60.8F			102	46	42	3.5	0	214	290	34	12.0	.12	.5	704	445		E	
1420	5000 5050	16.0C	8.0	978	5.09	3.78	1.83	.09	.00	3.57	6.84	.96	.19	--	637	265	0.4			
					47	35	17	1		33	54	9	2							
09/13/71		63	F		98	45	47	1.9	12	179	293	39	13.5	.11	.5	785	428		E	
1525	5000 5050	17	C	8.3	975	4.89	3.70	2.04	.05	.40	2.93	6.18	1.10	.22	--	638	263	1.0		
					46	35	19		4	27	57	10	2							
03/18/72		61.7F			104	49	53	2.7	0	234	303	44	9.8	.12	.5	721	464		E	
1220	5000 5050	16.5C	8.0	993	5.29	4.03	2.31	.07	.00	3.98	6.31	1.24	.16	--	685	271	1.1			
					45	34	20	1		34	54	11	1							
05/15/73		61	F		105	48	51	2.8	0	243	293	39	6.8	.04	.7	785	460		E	
1635	5000 5050	16	C	8.1	1021	5.24	3.95	2.22	.07	.00	3.98	6.18	1.10	.11	--	685	261	1.0		
					46	34	19	1		35	54	10	1							
10/23/69	10N/34W-04M01				122	44	55	5.0	0	274	350	40	34.0	.14	.7	928	568		E	
1345	5000 5050	17	C	7.8	1253	6.09	5.26	2.39	.13	.00	4.52	7.29	1.13	.63	--	811	342	1.0		
					44	38	17	1		33	54	8	5							

APPENDIX B (continued)

MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PW EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER										MILLIGRAMS PER LITER					REMARKS
				CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SANTA MARIA-CUYAMA HYDRO UNIT SANTA MARIA HYDRO SUBUNIT															
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	CL	SO4	NO3	NO2	AM	FM	TD	TH	SAH	
CONTINUED																			
04/23/53	5050			1660	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5A	--	--	--	776			
												1.66	--	--	--		S		
12/00/53	5000			1700	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	692			
												1.60	--	--	--		S		
12/17/53	5000			1700	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	692			
												1.60	--	--	--		S		
05/00/55	5000			1640	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5A	--	--	--	784			
												1.58	--	--	--		S		
05/20/55	5000			1640	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	5A	--	--	--	784			
												1.58	--	--	--		S		
03/00/56	5000			1510	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	63	--	--	--	682			
												1.78	--	--	--		S		
04/00/57	5000		7.7	1740	200	96	90	4.0	0	321	--	60	--	--	--	900	1.4		
					10.47	7.73	4.31	.10	.00	5.26	--	1.60	--	--	--	666			
					46	37	19										S		
11/21/57	5050		7.5	1710	176	84	86	4.0	0	291	700	66	7.4	.17	.0	1350	790		
					8.73	7.24	3.65	.10	.00	3.29	14.74	1.86	.12		27.0	1259	635		
					44	37	19			16	74	9	1				1.3		
05/07/58	5000		7.2	1824	216	86	101	4.0	0	329	695	81	10.7	.58	.4	1167	891		
					10.78	7.07	4.39	.10	.00	5.39	14.47	2.34	.17		22.0	1380	623		
					48	32	20			24	65	10	1				1.5		
11/19/58	5050		7.4	1694	206	41	96	5.0	0	310	700	68	12.0	.16	.8	1472	889		
					10.28	7.44	4.18	.13	.00	5.08	14.76	1.92	.19		25.0	1365	635		
					47	34	19	1		23	67	9	1				1.4		
04/21/59	5000		61 F 16 C	7.7	1684	190	83	98	4.0	0	235	706	76	10.0	.23	.4	1291	814	
					9.48	4.91	4.26	.10	.00	3.85	14.70	2.14	.16		29.0	1312	623		
					46	33	21			18	71	10	1				1.5		
09/11/59	5000		61 F 16 C	7.3	1831	212	89	91	4.0	0	321	687	74	11.0	.20	.7	1345	894	
					10.58	7.32	3.96	.10	.00	5.26	14.70	2.09	.18		28.0	1354	633		
					48	33	18			24	66	10	1				1.3		
06/14/62	5001		61 F 16 C	8.0	1770	156	119	86	4.0	0	306	695	70	12.0	.23	.4	1480	877	
					7.73	9.79	3.65	.10	.00	5.02	14.47	1.97	.19		22.0	1312	626		
					36	46	17			23	67	9	1				1.2		
07/09/65	5050			1887	221	97	99	4.0	0	340	721	74	19.0	.21	.6	1581	951		
					11.03	7.98	4.31	.10	.00	5.72	15.01	2.09	.31		--	1407	665		
					47	36	18			25	65	9	1				1.4		
11/08/65	5050		62 F 17 C	7.9	1776	197	89	98	4.0	0	277	708	69	20.0	.29	.7	1400	850	
					9.81	7.32	4.26	.10	.00	4.56	14.74	1.95	.12		--	1321	631		
					46	34	20			21	68	9	1				1.5		
10/19/66	5050		60 F 16 C	8.1	1920	245	54	99	4.0	0	247	691	72	16.0	.20	--	1460	834	
					12.23	4.44	4.31	.10	.00	4.87	14.39	2.03	.26		--	1327	590		
					58	21	20			23	67	9	1				1.5		
05/23/67	5050		60 F 16 C	7.8	1746	151	92	106	4.0	0	229	635	97	8.5	.23	.5	1424	754	
					7.53	7.57	4.01	.10	.00	3.75	13.22	2.74	.14		--	1206	568		
					38	18	23	1		19	67	14	1				1.7		
05/03/68	5050		63 F 17 C	8.3	1960	224	95	109	4.0	0	345	752	73	17.0	.20	.4	1600	950	
					11.18	7.81	4.74	.10	.00	5.65	15.66	2.06	.27		--	1464	680		
					47	33	20			24	66	9	1				1.5		
09/20/68	5050		63 F 17 C	7.6	1886	223	94	100	4.0	0	339	741	73	16.3	.20	.8	1542	944	
					11.13	7.73	4.35	.10	.00	5.56	15.43	2.06	.26		--	1418	666		
					49	33	19			24	66	9	1				1.4		
09/13/71	5000		63 F 17 C	7.8	1752	191	90	93	2.7	0	240	674	87	19.5	.20	.6	1420	845	
	5050				9.53	7.40	4.05	.07	.00	4.75	14.07	2.45	.31		--	1300	609		
					45	35	19			22	65	11	1				1.4		
03/09/72	5000		61 F 16 C	8.0	1670	192	87	95	3.9	0	315	641	72	21.4	.20	.5	1377	837	
	5050				9.58	7.15	4.13	.10	.00	5.16	13.35	2.03	.35		--	1268	570		
					46	34	20			25	64	10	2				1.4		
05/15/75	5000		60 AF 16 NC	8.1	1680	166	81	108	3.9	0	156	682	91	20.0	.22	.6	1350	735	
	5064				7.29	6.66	4.70	.10	.00	2.56	13.78	2.57	.32		--	1149	570		
					39	36	25	1		13	72	13	2				1.8		
CONTINUED																			
10/08/77	5000				126	50	96	--	--	214	443	45	11.0	--	--	--	520		
					6.29	4.11	4.18			3.51	9.22	1.27	.50				1.8		
					47	28	29			24	64	9	3						
05/00/51	5000			1270	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	64	--	--	--	546			
												1.80	--	--	--		S		
12/00/53	5000		7.7	1340	144	62	77	4.0	0	212	--	68	--	--	--	615			
					7.19	5.10	3.35	.10	.00	3.47	--	1.92	--	--	--	441	1.4		
					46	32	21	1									S		
12/17/53	5050		7.7	1340	144	62	77	4.0	0	212	--	68	--	--	--	615			
					7.19	5.10	3.35	.10	.00	3.47	--	1.92	--	--	--	441	1.4		
					46	32	21	1									S		

APPENDIX B (continued)

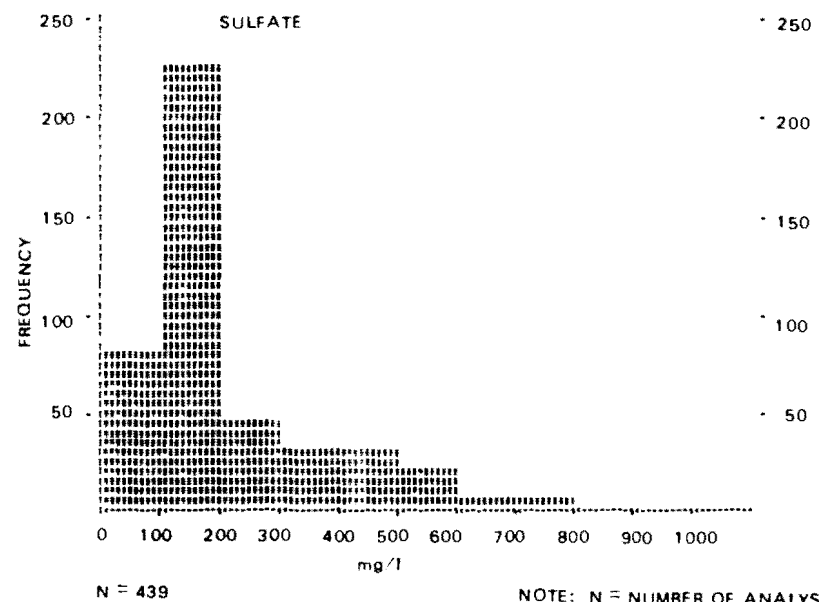
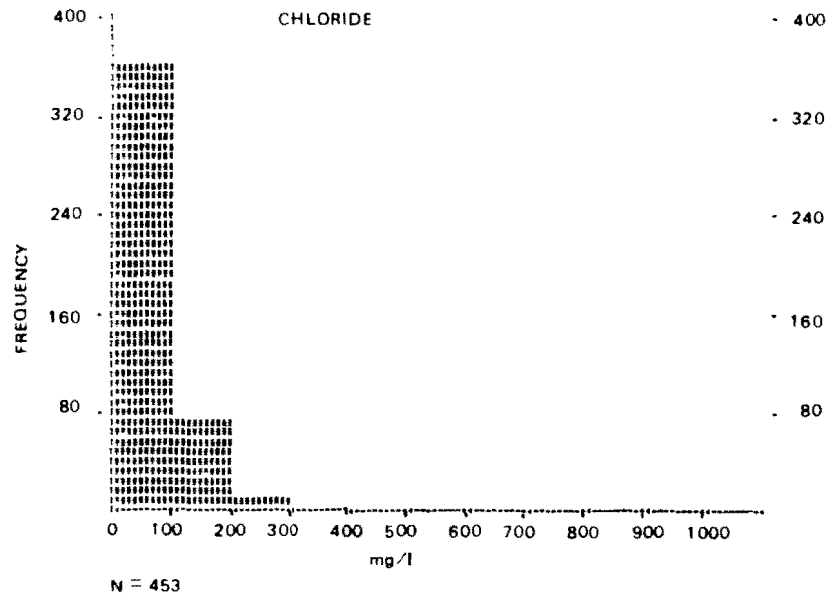
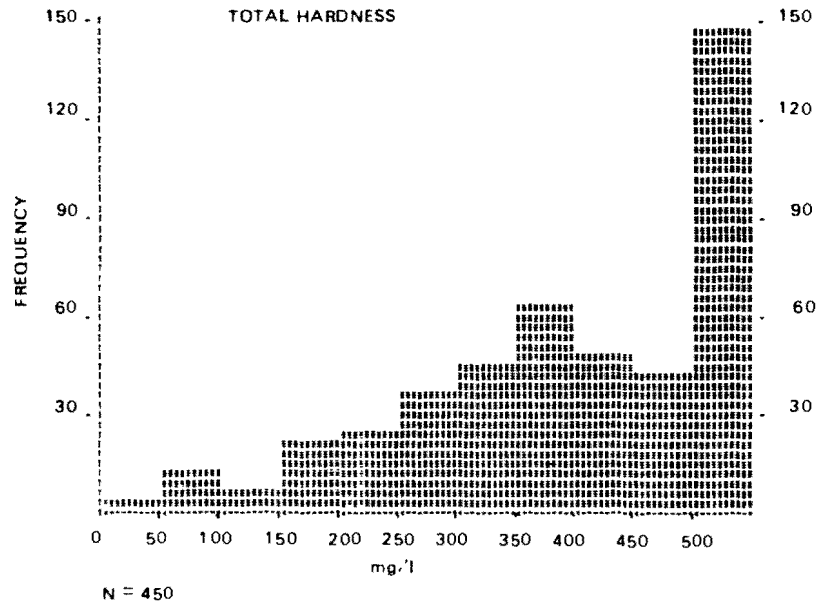
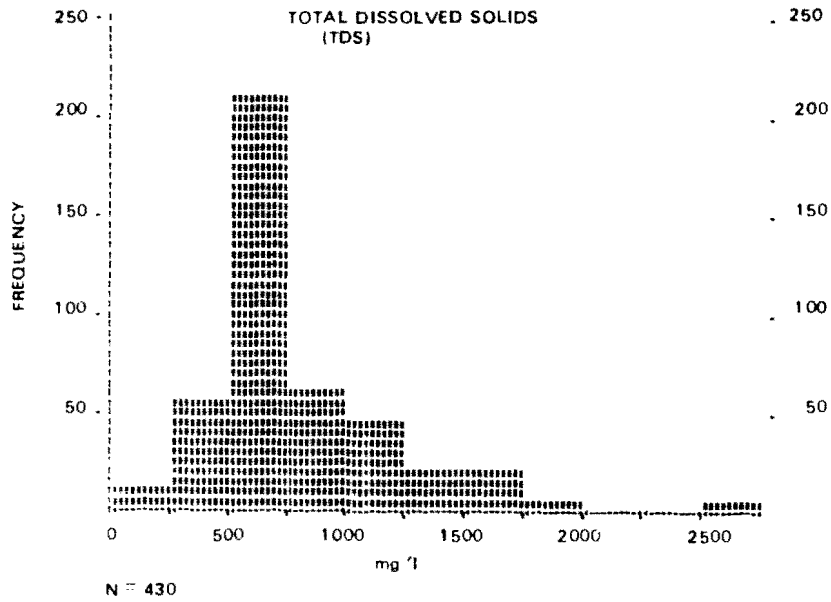
DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER											REM			
				MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN MILLIGRAMS PER LITER							MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REACTANCE VALUE					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER		
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	CO4	CL	NO3	B	F	TDS SUM		TH MCM	SAR	
T-12 T-12-A		CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SANTA MARIA-CUYAMA HYDRO UNIT SANTA MARIA HYDRO SUBUNIT																
10N/35W-05J01 S		CONTINUED																
05/19/54 1206	5050		1270	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	66	--	--	--	55	S		
09/00/54	5999		1380	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	63	22.0	--	--	620	S		
04/00/57	5999	7.1	1360	146 44	69 36	81 21	3.0 0	0 0	243 3.94	--	66	--	--	--	649 449	1.4 S		
04/05/57	5050	7.1	1360	146 44	69 36	81 21	3.0 0	0 0	243 3.94	--	66	--	--	--	649 449	1.4 S		
05/07/58	5050	7.8	1381	140 43	68 35	80 22	3.0 0	0 0	242 3.97	467 9.72	71 2.00	25.7 .41	.10 25.0	1075 998	630 431	1.4 E		
09/17/58	5050	8.0	1388	144 45	70 36	71 22	4.0 0	0 0	226 3.70	471 9.85	71 2.00	22.0 .35	.09 26.0	1088 992	648 463	1.2 E		
05/26/59	5800	62 F 17 C	7.8	1580	132 47	65 35	78 22	3.0 0	0 0	208 3.28	483 10.04	67 1.89	27.0 .44	.46 23.0	1065 977	597 433	1.4	
11/17/60	5801	58 F 14 C	7.9	1378	140 44	68 35	76 21	3.0 0	0 0	234 3.87	491 10.22	67 1.89	17.0 .27	.31 16.0	968 994	630 436	1.3	
10/09/61	5801		7.2	1360	--	--	--	--	0 3.97	--	69	--	--	--	640	S		
06/14/62 1800	5801	62 F 17 C	8.1	1480	123 39	75 39	78 21	6.0 0	0 0	235 3.85	475 9.89	71 2.00	23.0 .37	.89 24.0	1016 991	616 423	1.4	
09/20/62	5801	63 F 17 C	8.1	1330	132 42	73 38	70 19	3.0 0	0 0	232 3.80	475 9.89	67 1.89	22.0 .35	.70 25.0	1124 981	630 440	1.2 E	
07/19/63 1130	5050	62 F 17 C	7.2	1414	145 43	70 35	82 21	4.0 0	0 0	254 4.16	481 10.01	78 1.97	24.0 .39	.20 28.0	1180 1029	651 442	1.4 E	
02/06/64	5950	62 F 17 C	8.1	1800	78 17	144 53	154 29	4.0 0	0 0	494 8.13	591 12.30	76 2.14	9.4 .14	.40 23.0	1455 1328	804 397	2.4 E C	
02/06/64	5050	62 F 17 C	8.2	1170	127 47	69 30	70 23	3.0 0	0 0	254 4.16	779 7.89	46 1.30	2.4 .04	.16 15.0	878 816	519 311	1.3 E	
10/17/61	5999	64 F 18 C			126 46	53 32	69 22	4.0 0	0 0	247 4.05	798 11.29	44 1.35	3.0 .05	-- 32.0	896 854	533 330	1.3	
08/00/62	5999		1190	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	69	--	--	--	650	S		
08/00/68	5999		1280	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	58	--	--	--	420	S		
05/00/51	5999		1280	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	67	--	--	--	484	S		
08/00/51	5999		1310	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	407	S		
04/00/52	5999	8.0	1340	221 70	14 7	79 22	4.0 0	0 0	258 4.23	466 9.70	64 1.80	--	--	--	975 398	1.4		
07/00/52	5999	8.4	1380	--	--	--	--	12 40	236 3.87	--	68	--	--	--	407	S		
04/00/53	5999		1310	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	585	S		
04/23/53	5000		1310	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	60	--	--	--	585	S		
09/20/54	5000	64 F 18 C	7.2	1280	149 46	63 32	80 21	4.0 0	0 0	254 4.16	456 9.49	69 1.95	4.6 .07	.24 35.0	986 427	1.4 C S		
09/21/55	5050	62 F 17 C	8.0	1490	163 47	75 36	63 16	3.0 0	0 0	250 4.25	498 10.37	74 2.20	7.1 .11	.07 --	1125 1015	716 503	1.0 E	
03/08/58	5999	8.4	1450	147 47	71 33	84 20	3.0 0	13 41	242 3.97	--	70	--	--	--	780 489	1.4 S		

APPENDIX B (continued)

25

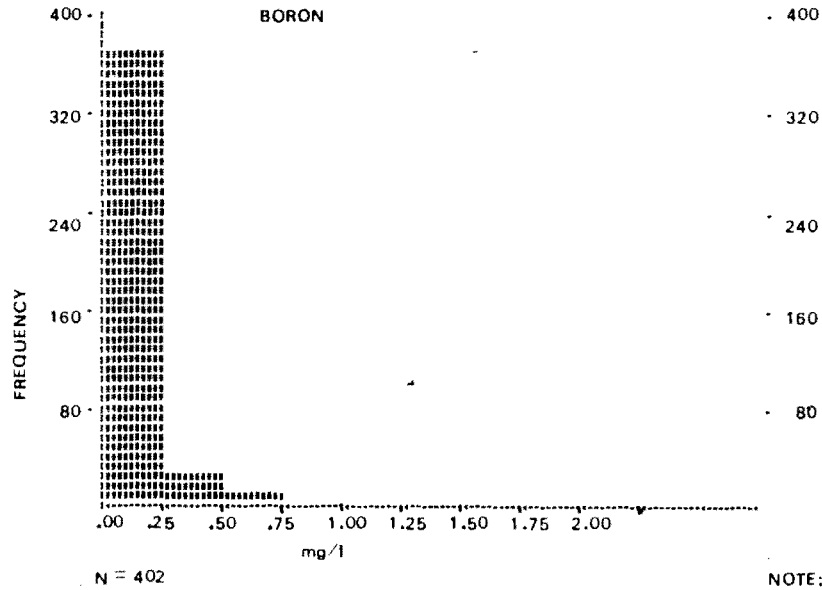
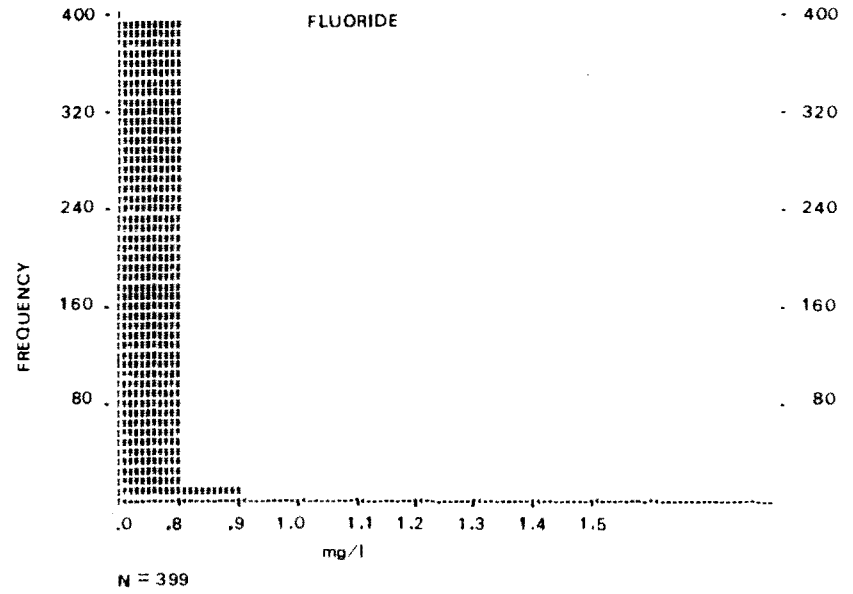
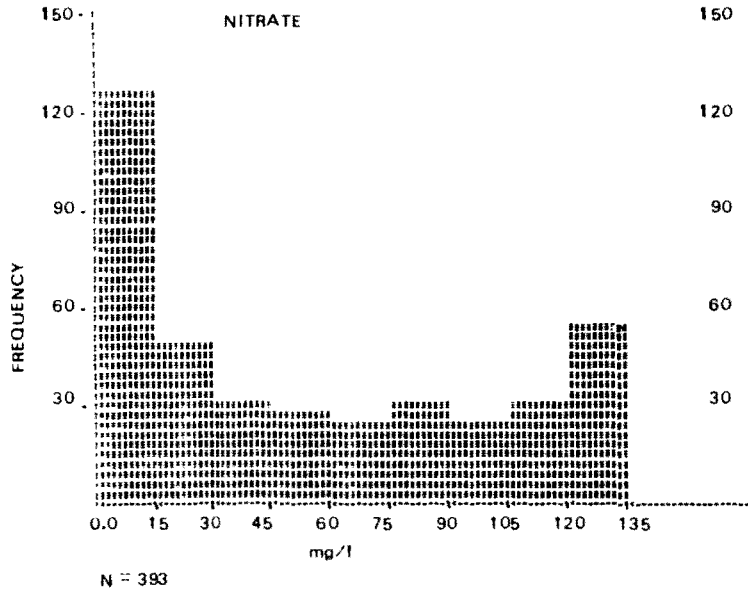
MINERAL ANALYSES OF GROUND WATER

DATE TIME	SAMPLER LAB	TEMP	FIELD LABORATORY PH EC	MINERAL CONSTITUENTS IN					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER PERCENT REACTANCE VALUF					MILLIGRAMS PER LITER				REM
				CA	MG	NA	K	CO3	HCO3	SO4	CL	NO3	R	F	TDS SUM	TH NCM	SAW	
CENTRAL COASTAL DRAINAGE PROVINCE SANTA MARIA-CUYANA HYDRO UNIT SANTA MARIA HYDRO SURINIT																		
CONTINUED																		
08/29/57	5800	67 F 17 C	7.6	1635	8.18 45	6.25 34	3.85 20	0.08 20	0.00	4.26 27	11.28 67	2.57 14	0.08	.65	21.0	1142 1114	722 500	1.4
11/21/57	5050		7.6	1470	141 41	87 41	71 18	3.0 18	0.0	167 2.68	557 11.51	89 2.51	3.7 0.06	.06	37.0	1272 1064	710 577	1.2
09/17/58	5800		7.9	1671	169 45	79 34	88 20	4.0 1	0.00	266 4.07	586 17.20	100 2.82	3.0 0.05	.20	21.0	1194 1171	747 545	1.4
11/11/60	5801		7.5	1669	198 48	86 34	86 18	3.0 18	0.00	281 4.61	647 17.70	102 2.88	1.5 0.02	.28	25.0	1318 1281	840 600	1.3
10/09/61	5801		7.1	1745	297 68	35 13	89 18	3.0 18	0.00	282 4.62	660 17.74	108 3.05	4.1 0.07	.27	27.0	1524 1362	886 655	1.3
06/15/62	1015	63 F 17 C	7.8	1830	231 52	89 33	78 15	7.0 18	0.00	297 4.80	607 16.51	116 3.27	6.0 0.10	.23	26.0	1558 1394	947 703	1.1
09/20/62	1400	64 F 18 C	7.4	1780	222 50	89 33	83 16	3.0 16	0.00	287 4.70	649 16.76	116 3.27	6.0 0.06	.24	28.0	1470 1375	921 686	1.2
07/19/63	1300	64 F 18 C	7.5	1988	276 68	103 36	100 18	4.0 18	0.00	305 5.00	777 16.18	120 3.38	6.1 0.10	.20	33.0	1610 1529	1017 767	1.4
05/07/64	945	65 F 18 C	8.0	2045	247 69	103 33	101 17	4.0 17	0.00	288 4.72	782 16.28	135 3.81	3.0 0.05	.21	26	1675 1517	1041 805	1.4
07/09/65	5050	64 F 18 C	7.6	2100	250 68	111 35	98 16	4.0 16	0.00	311 5.10	795 16.55	131 3.69	5.0 0.08	.17	26	1734 1547	1081 826	1.3
04/13/66	1400	63 F 17 C	8.2	2380	228 47	114 39	73 17	3.0 17	0.00	195 3.20	795 16.45	120 3.44	6.6 0.11	.23	27	1784 1455	1030 862	1.0
05/23/67	1200	59 F 15 C	8.2	2089	220 44	117 39	95 17	4.0 17	0.00	213 3.49	867 17.67	132 3.72	5.0 0.09	.22	27	1766 1525	1031 856	1.3
05/03/68	1340	65 F 18 C	8.2	2200	250 47	113 35	110 18	5.0 18	0.00	310 5.08	841 17.51	124 3.50	6.7 0.11	.20	26	1760 1602	1089 835	1.4
03/31/70	5000 5050	63 F 17 C	7.3	2546	308 47	133 36	139 19	4.0 19	0.00	348 5.70	1077 22.76	144 4.06	5.5 0.09	.28	26	2140 1978	1316 1031	1.7
09/08/70	5000 5050	62 F 17 C	7.8	2287	255 44	126 36	129 19	4.0 19	0.00	219 3.59	898 20.78	140 3.95	6.0 0.10	.21	26	1980 1766	1155 976	1.7
09/13/71	5000 5050	65 F 18 C	8.2	2314	279 47	129 36	119 17	3.9 17	0.00	312 5.11	985 20.51	134 3.78	6.0 0.10	.18	27	2036 1809	1230 972	1.5
05/15/73	5000 5050	63 F 17 C	7.6	2382	266 45	133 37	120 18	4.5 18	0.00	181 2.97	1066 22.15	140 3.95	5.4 0.09	.18	27	1973 1822	1212 1063	1.5
10/00/77	5999				117 5.66 45	48 3.95 31	68 2.96 24	-- 0.00	0 3.70 30	224 7.12 57	362 1.35 11	48 1.35 1	22.0 0.05 1	-- 4.0	-- 760	882 295	480 295	1.4
06/00/82	5999			1300	--	--	--	--	--	--	69 1.95	--	--	--	--	650	--	5
09/00/55	5999	62 F 17 C	8.0	1490	167 47	75 36	67 16	3.0 16	0.00	259 4.25	698 10.37	78 2.20	7.0 0.11	.07	--	1125 1014	716 507	1.0
08/00/57	5999	62 F 17 C	7.6	1675	166 45	76 34	84 20	3.0 20	0.00	260 4.26	642 11.28	91 2.57	5.0 0.08	.65	21.0	1142 1114	722 500	1.4
04/25/52	5000		8.2	1790	195 47	81 32	95 20	5.0 1	0.00	304 4.98	654 17.62	100 2.82	-- 0.00	--	--	1279	820 571	1.4
10/16/52	5000	74 F 24 C	8.1	1700	--	--	--	--	0.00	258 4.27	--	95 2.68	--	--	--	--	--	5
06/00/62	5999	62 F 17 C		1820	--	--	--	--	--	--	159 4.64	--	--	--	--	--	825	--
08/11/55	5000	67 F 19 C	7.6	2450	280 45	114 30	176 24	5.0 24	0.00	332 5.44	1010 21.07	148 4.17	7.7 0.12	.19	28.0	1970	1168 896	2.2
11/01/55	5000	59 F 15 C		2510	--	--	186 8.00 25	--	--	--	--	157 4.31	--	--	--	--	1190	2.1



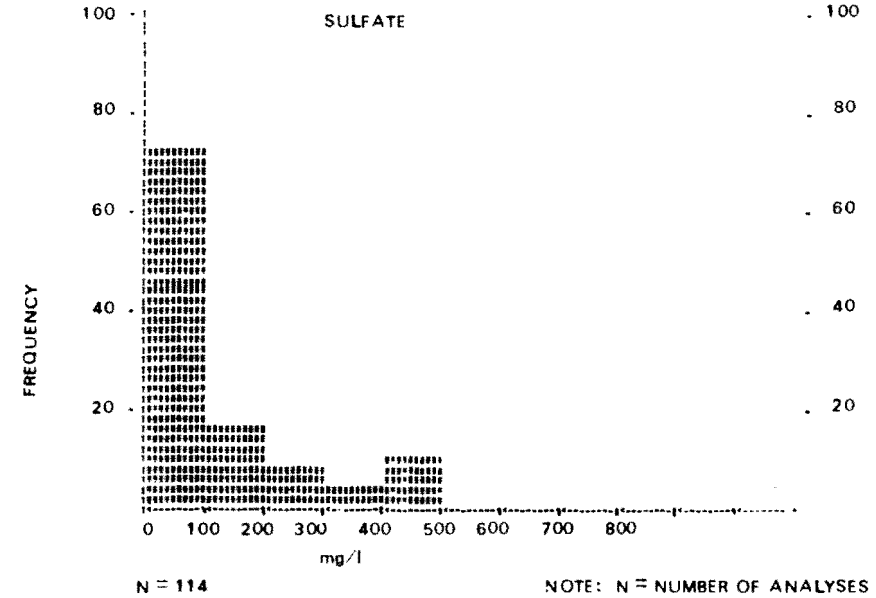
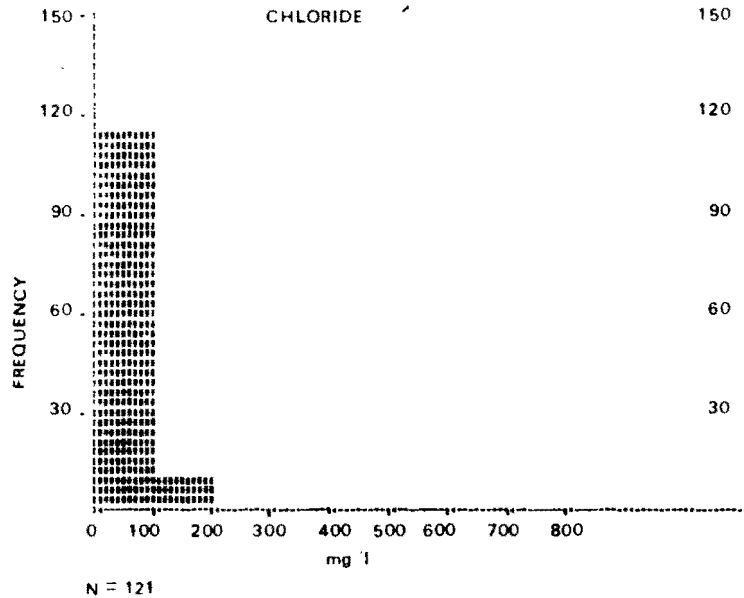
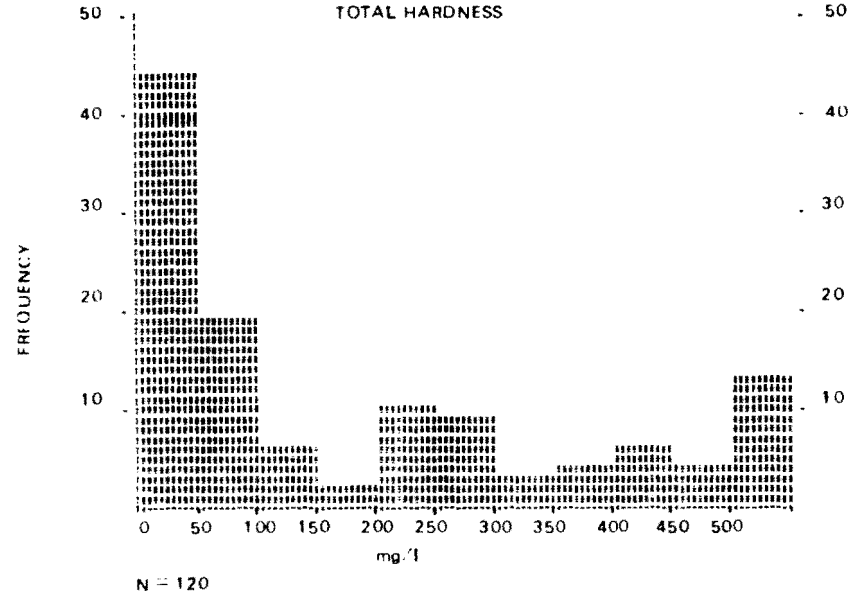
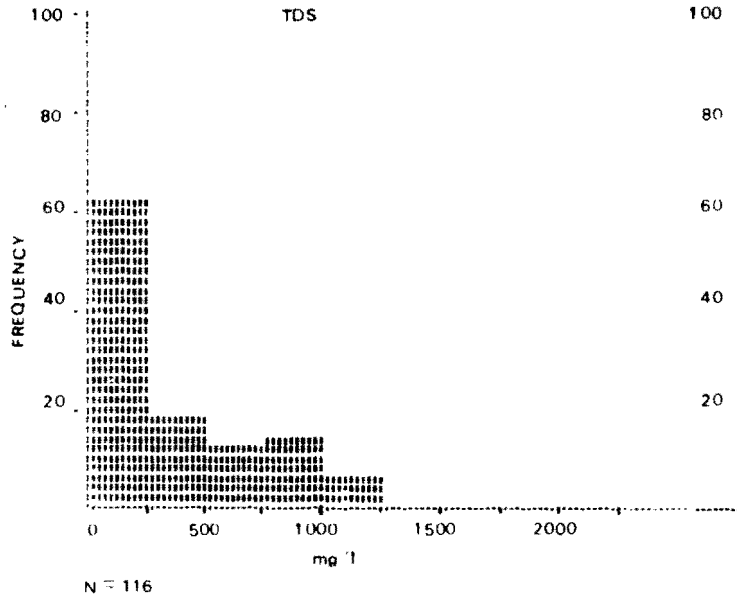
NOTE: N = NUMBER OF ANALYSES

TDS, TOTAL HARDNESS, CHLORIDE, AND SULFATE HISTOGRAMS FOR THE ARROYO GRANDE HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA



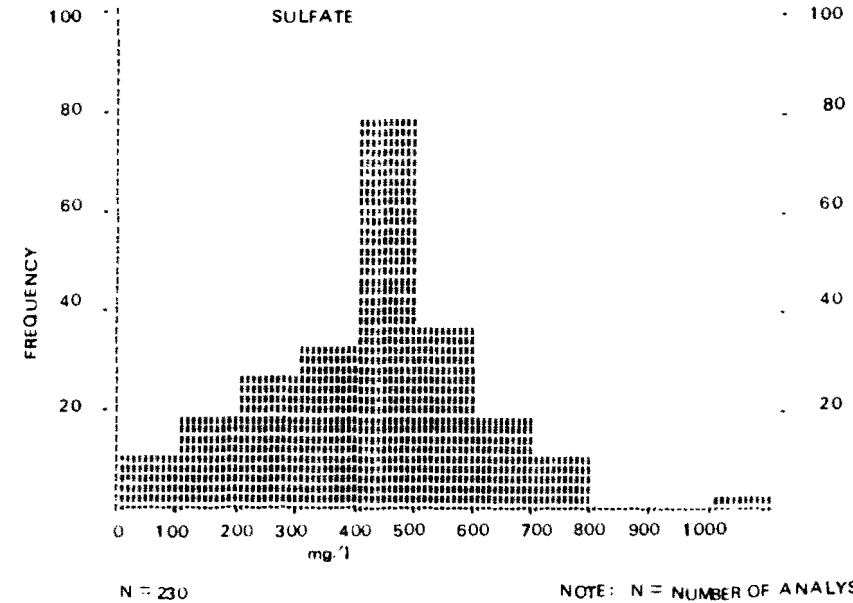
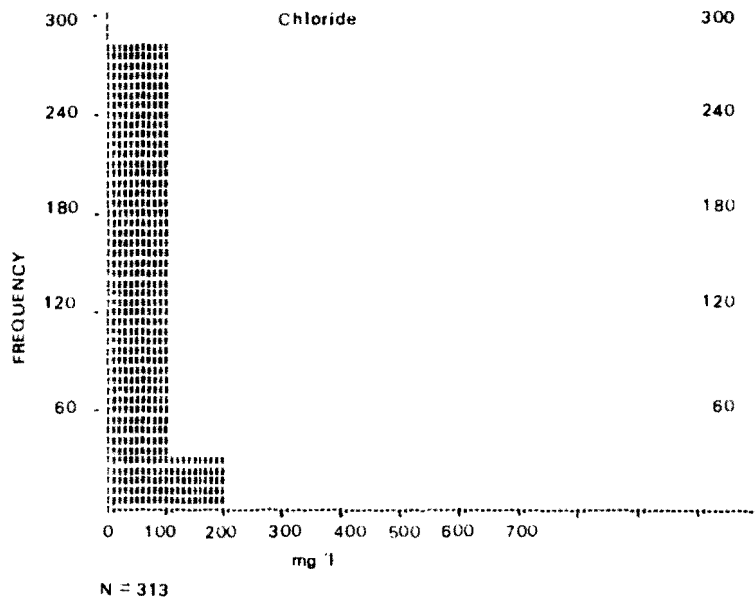
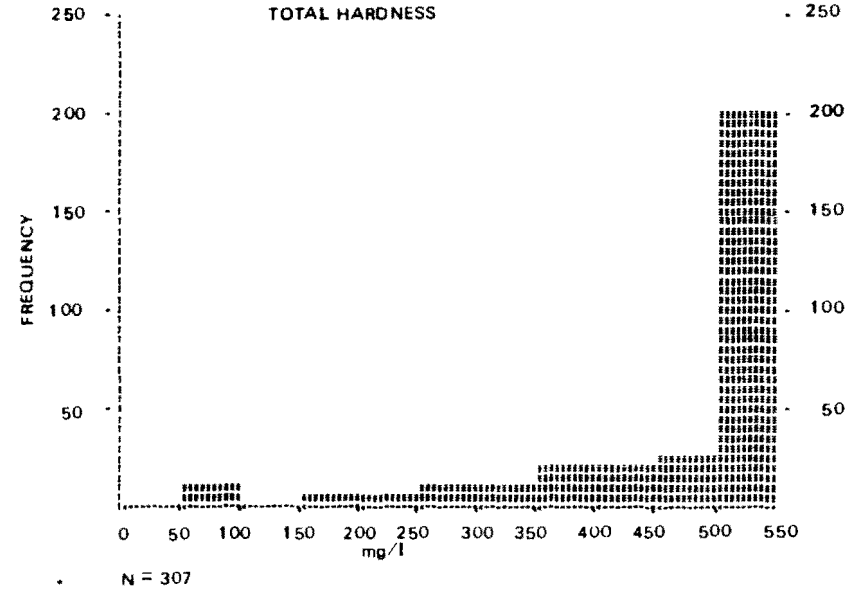
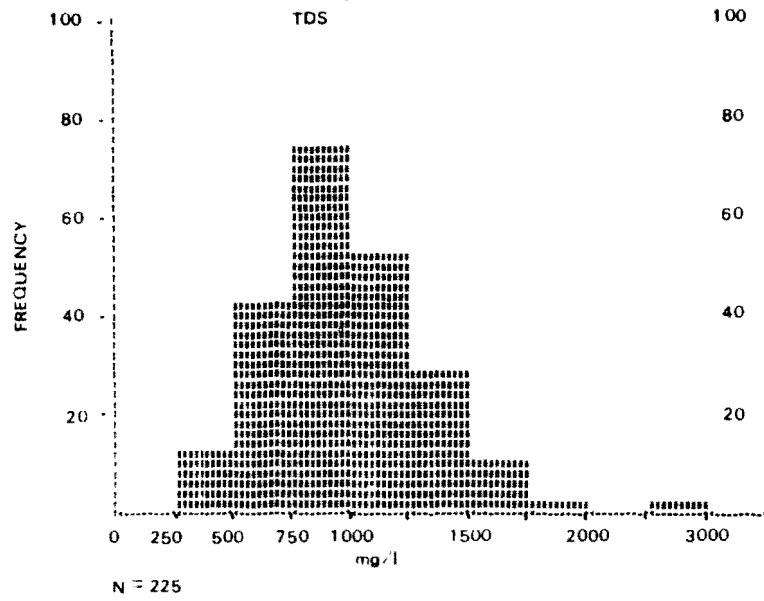
NOTE: N = NUMBER OF ANALYSES

NITRATE, FLUORIDE, AND BORON HISTOGRAMS FOR THE ARROYO GRANDE HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA



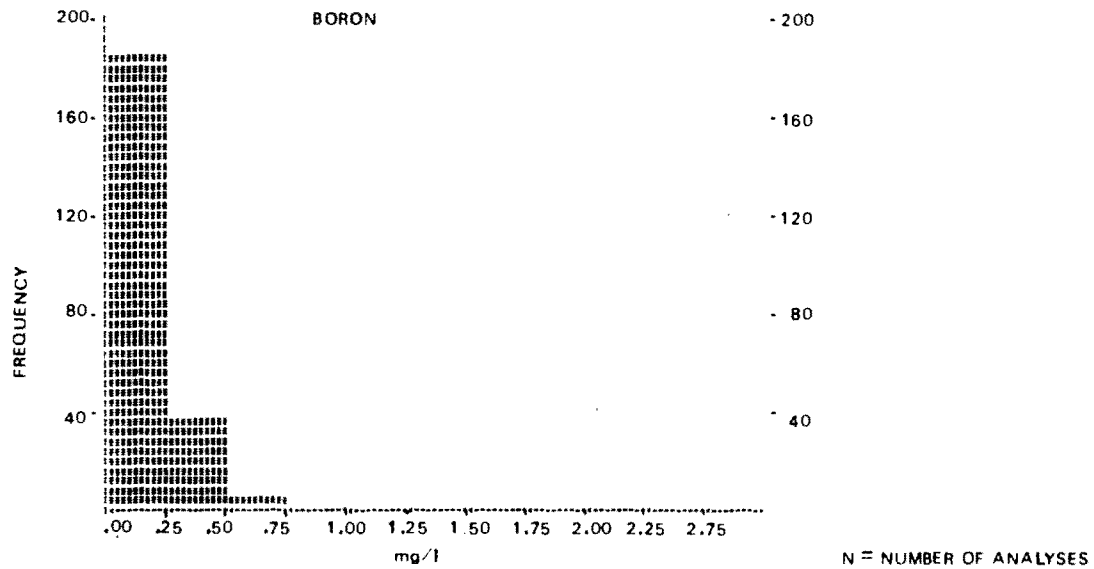
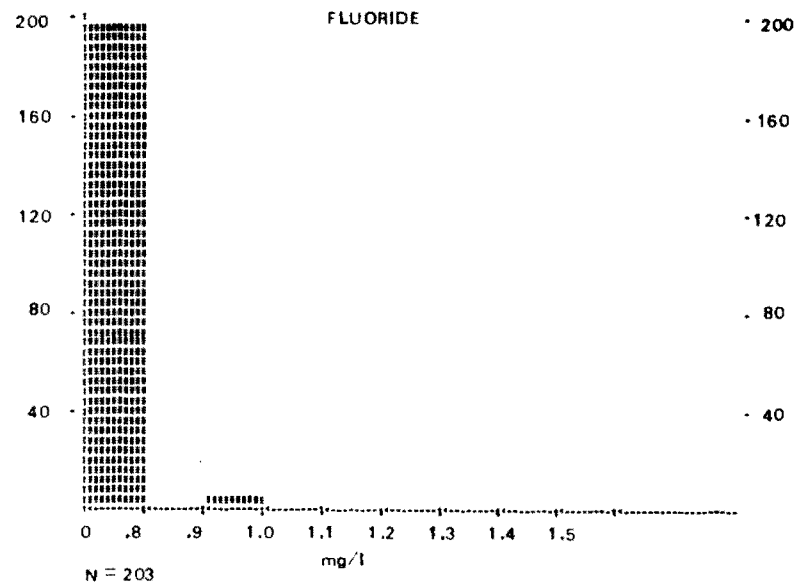
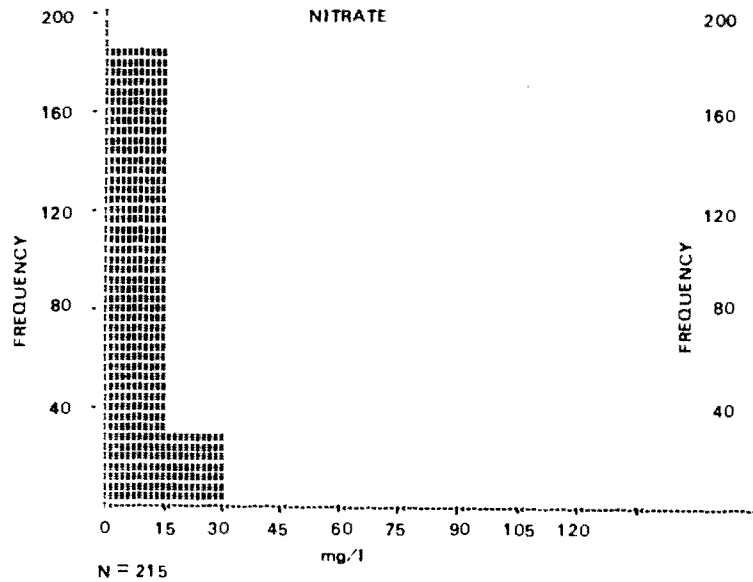
NOTE: N = NUMBER OF ANALYSES

TDS, TOTAL HARDNESS, CHLORIDE, AND SULFATE HISTOGRAMS FOR THE NIPOMO MESA HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA



TDS, TOTAL HARDNESS, CHLORIDE, AND SULFATE HISTOGRAMS FOR THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PORTION OF THE SANTA MARIA HYDROLOGIC SUBUNIT

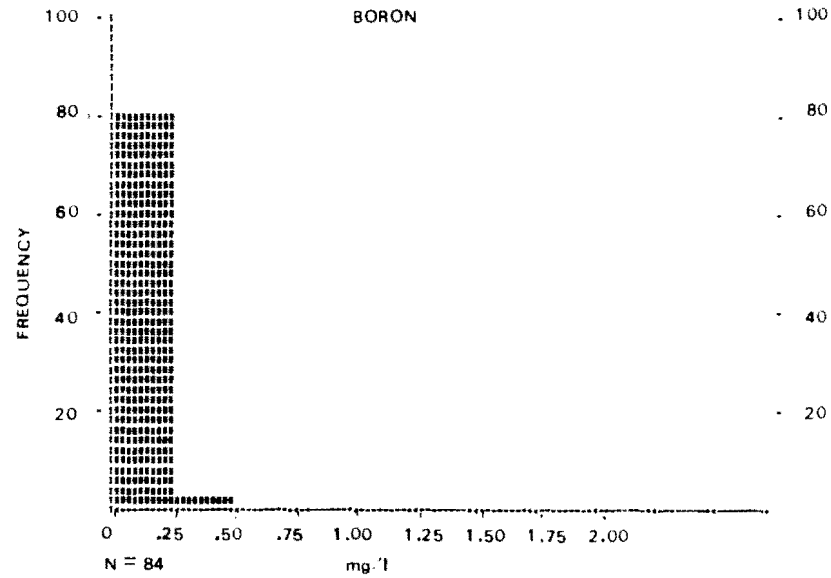
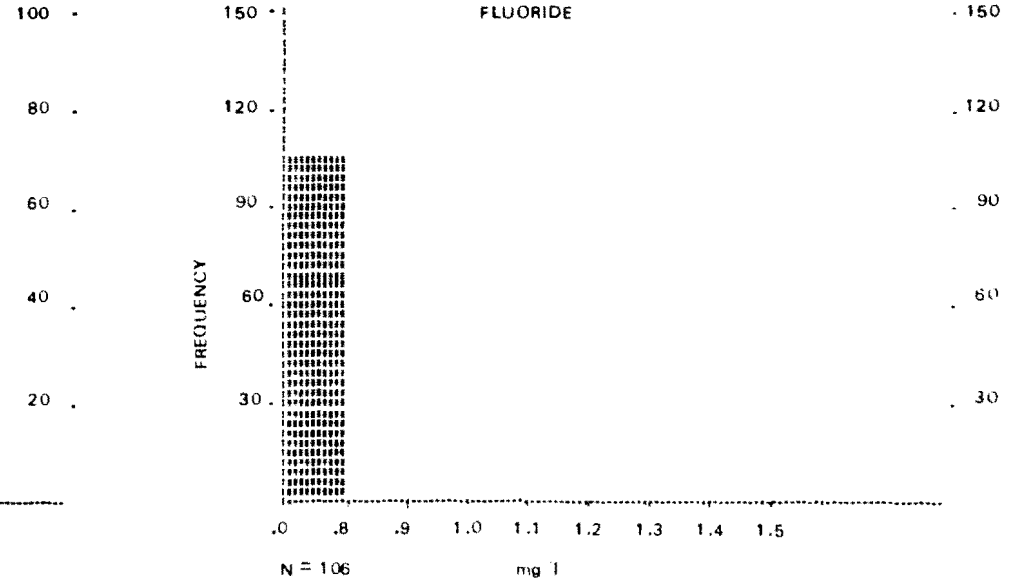
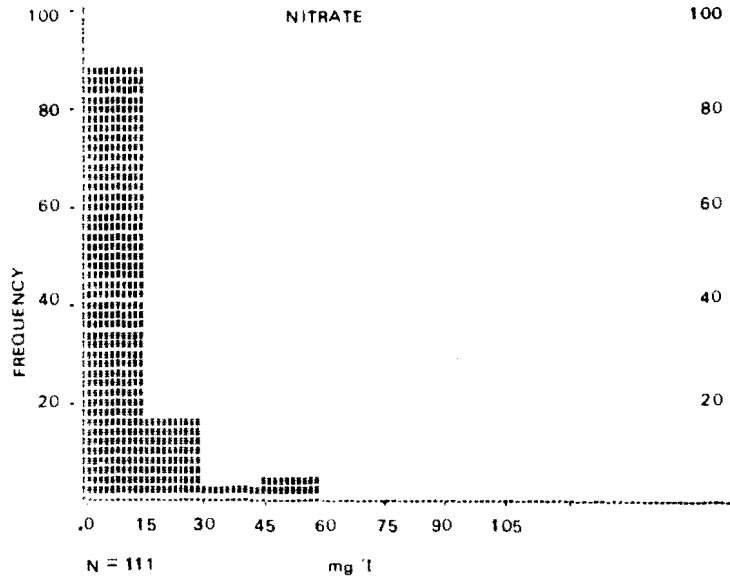
NOTE: N = NUMBER OF ANALYSES



APPENDIX B (continued)

NITRATE, FLUORIDE, AND BORON HISTOGRAMS FOR THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PORTION OF THE SANTA MARIA HYDROLOGIC SUBUNIT

Copy of document found at www.NoNewAppTax.com



NOTE: N = Number of analyses

NITRATE, FLUORIDE, AND BORON HISTOGRAMS FOR THE NIPOMO MESA HYDROLOGIC SUBAREA

APPENDIX C
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SEA WATER INTRUSION

Appendix C
PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF SEA WATER INTRUSION

Intrusion of sea water into aquifers is governed by physical laws which are relatively simple in theory but difficult in application because of inherent complexities of ground water basins.

Physical Characteristics of Sea Water Intrusion

Two fundamental conditions must exist before a ground water basin can be intruded by sea water. First, the water-bearing materials forming the basin must be in hydraulic continuity with the ocean. Second, the normal seaward gradient of the ground water must be reversed or, at least, must be too flat to counteract the greater density of sea water. A discussion of these conditions and the physical laws governing sea water intrusion occurrence and behavior follows.

First Condition

Ground water supplies in coastal basins in California are stored mainly in the larger alluvium-filled valleys. This valley fill, which extends to variable depths, is composed of unconsolidated alluvial fan, floodplain, and shallow marine deposits. These deposits extend to many hundreds of feet below sea level along the coast and may extend for some distance beneath the floor of the Pacific Ocean.

Geologic evidence indicates that confined aquifers along the seaward margins of these coastal ground water basins either may be in direct contact with the ocean floor near the shoreline or may extend beneath the floor in contact with sea water at some distance offshore.

Second Condition

Sea water can intrude only when its pressure head exceeds that of the fresh ground water. This condition usually results when ground water levels are lowered to or below sea level by excessive pumping of wells. In other words, when the hydraulic gradient within a coastal basin slopes seaward, ground water moves toward the ocean. Conversely, when the slope is reversed, sea water moves landward. It should be noted that, under extremely low seaward gradients of the fresh water, both movements can take place simultaneously.

In practice, the slope of the hydraulic gradient is determined from measurements of depth to water in observation wells.

Physical Laws

Fresh water weighs less than sea water. Therefore, when the two come in contact within a permeable formation, the lighter fresh water tends to float on the heavier sea water.

The floating body of fresh water conforms to Archimedes' law of buoyancy, which states that any floating object will displace its own weight of the medium in which it floats. This principle, as applied to the relationship between fresh and sea water in ground water, is commonly known as the Ghyben-Herzberg principle. It was described by W. Badon Ghyben in 1869 and applied to water supply problems by Alexander Herzberg in 1901.

Because sea water weighs 1.025 times as much as fresh water, the relationship between water table elevation above sea level (h) and depth to the sea water-fresh water interface (H) may be developed by simple algebra as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (H + h) &= 1.025H && \text{(Equation C-1)} \\
 h &= 1.025H - H \\
 h &= H(1.025 - 1) \\
 h &= 0.025H \\
 h &= \frac{1}{40} H
 \end{aligned}$$

This equation indicates that a body of fresh water, floating upon sea water within a porous medium, adjusts in elevation until the depth of its lower surface, measured below sea level datum, is 40 times the height of its upper surface above this datum. Thus the floating body of fresh water assumes a shape such that its depth below sea level is everywhere 40 times its surface elevation above sea level.

The minimum elevation of the fresh water level required to prevent sea water intrusion is determined by this principle.

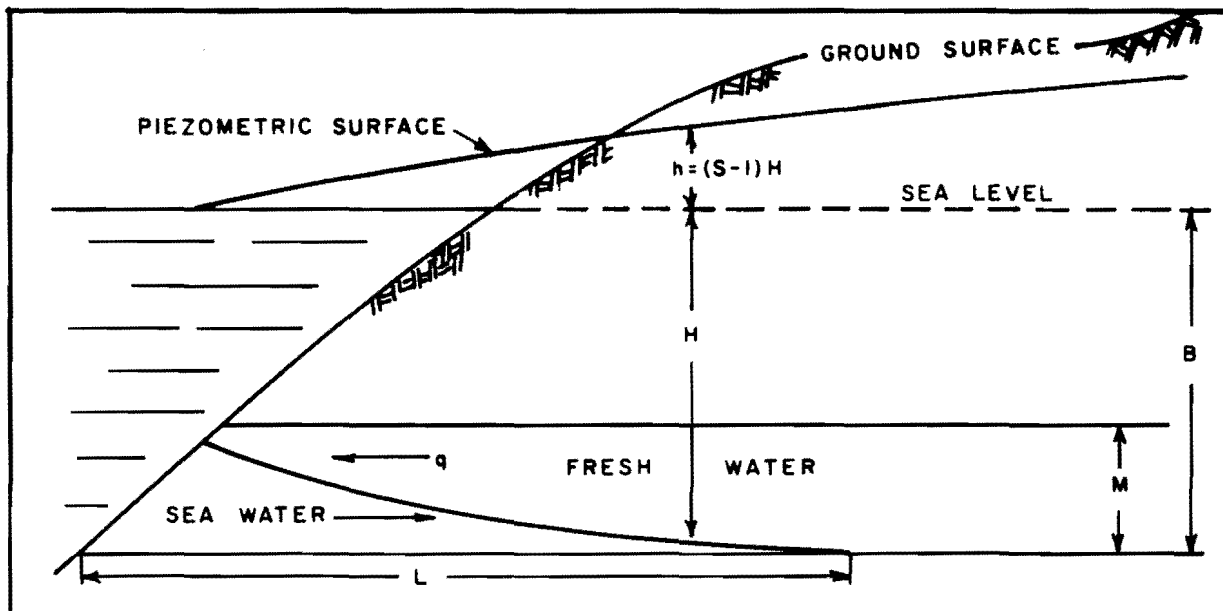


Figure 36 - SCHEMA OF A SECTION THROUGH A CONFINED AQUIFER

A theoretical sea water front assumes the shape of an included surface that always slopes landward. Because of its shape, this prism of ocean water has been called the sea water wedge.

In theory, this wedge can be held in a stationary position, or in equilibrium with the freshwater body, by maintaining the fresh water level at the proper elevation above mean sea level.

Figure 36 shows an idealized section through a confined aquifer subject to sea water intrusion. B represents the distance below sea level to the lowest level which must be protected. M represents the thickness of a confined aquifer, L is the length of the sea water wedge, and q represents flow.

Under equilibrium conditions, there is no energy gradient within the saline wedge to provide movement. The pressure at a point on the sea water side of the saline water-freshwater interface is equivalent to that produced by a column of sea water extending from that point up to sea level. To produce the same pressure on the freshwater side of the interface, the freshwater column, because of the lower density of fresh water, must extend above sea level.

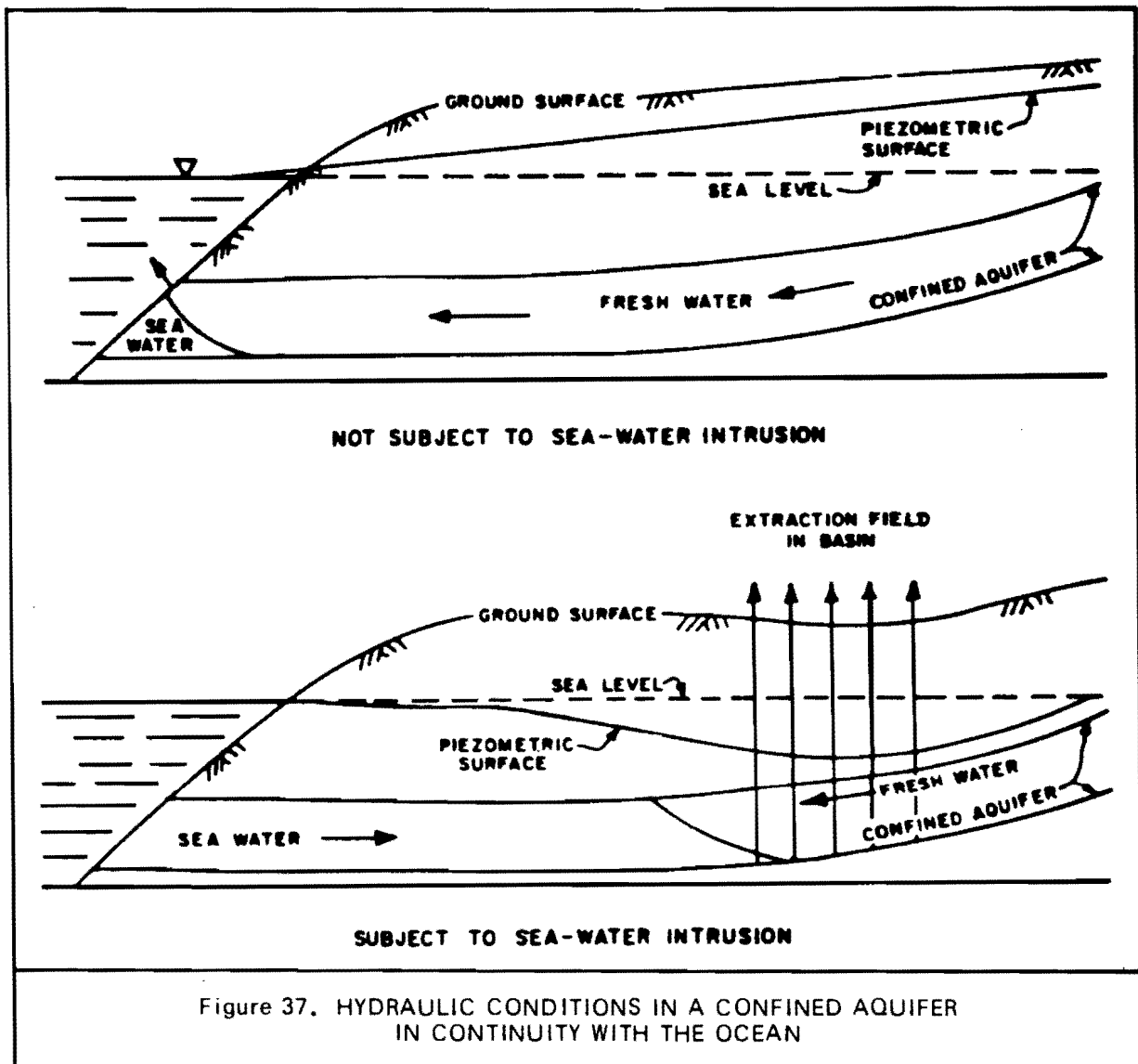


Figure 37. HYDRAULIC CONDITIONS IN A CONFINED AQUIFER IN CONTINUITY WITH THE OCEAN

Advance and retreat of the wedge commence at the toe. The position of the upper end of the interface remains fixed at the shoreline until all fresh water near the coast is depleted to sea level, at which time the upper end of the interface commences its advance and the entire wedge moves as a body.

If, on its landward advance, the toe of the wedge extends into a water level depression, an upwelling of sea water occurs. The configuration of this upwelling conforms to the dictates of equation C-1. Where the depression is conical, as in the depression created by a pumping well, the upwelling of saline waters assumes the shape of an image cone. The surface of this cone theoretically becomes 40 times as high from the original interface as the depth to the pumping depression surface from the original water surface.

The hydraulic conditions for the movement of a sea water wedge within a confined aquifer are indicated in the schematic illustrations of Figure 37, and those within an unconfined aquifer are shown on Figure 38. By reasoning similar to that developed in the preceding paragraphs, it can be demonstrated that the relationship $H = 40h$ holds true.

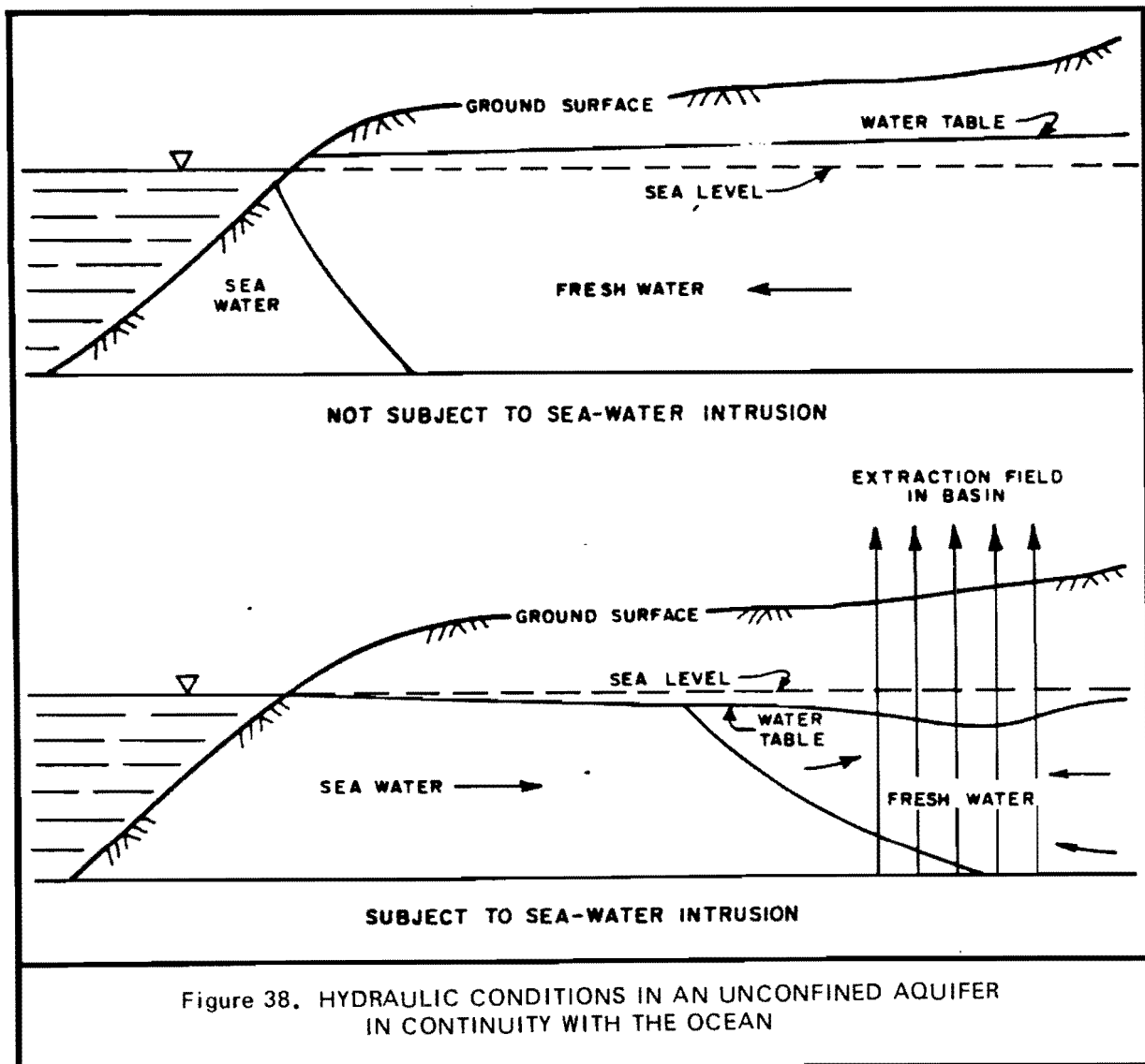


Figure 38. HYDRAULIC CONDITIONS IN AN UNCONFINED AQUIFER IN CONTINUITY WITH THE OCEAN

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, 1979

APPENDIX D
BIBLIOGRAPHY OF SELECTED REFERENCES

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1 Alger, R. P. "Interpretation of Electric Logs in Fresh Water Wells in Unconsolidated Formations". Schlumberger Well Surveying Corporation, Houston, Texas.
- 2 Bryon, F. L. "Application of Electric Logging to Water Well Problems". Water Well Journal, Vol. 4, No. 1, January-February 1950.
- 3 California Department of Water Resources. "San Luis Obispo County Investigation". Bulletin 18. May 1958.
- 4 ----. "Sea Water Intrusion in California". Bulletin 63. November 1958; Appendix B, March 1957; Appendix C, D, and E, April 1960.
- 5 ----. "Water Supply Conditions in Southern California" Bulletin 39-60 through 62, Volume II.
- 6 ----. "San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties Land and Water Use Survey 1959". Bulletin 103. 1964.
- 7 ----. "San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara Counties Land and Water Use Report", 1969.
- 8 ----. "Sea-Water Intrusion: Pismo-Guadalupe Area". Bulletin 63-3. February 1970.
- 9 ----. "Preliminary Evaluation of the Water Supply of the Arroyo Grande and Paso Robles Areas", 1971.
- 10 ----. Hydrological Data Bulletin 130 - 63 through 73, Volume V; Southern California.
- 11 ----. "Vegetative Water Use in California", Bulletin 113-3, 1974.
- 12 California Division of Mines "Geologic Map of California, San Luis Obispo Sheet". Charles W. Jennings. 1958.
- 13 California Division of Oil and Gas. "Exploratory Wells Drilled Outside of Oil and Gas Field in California to December 31, 1963". June 1964.
- 14 Guyad, Hubert. "Electric Detective, Investigation of Groundwater Supplies with Electric Well Logs". Water Well Journal, March and May 1957.
- 15 Hall, C. A. and Surdam, R. C. "Geology of the San Luis Obispo-Nipomo Area, San Luis Obispo County, California". Guidebook prepared for the 63rd annual meeting of the Geological Society of America. March 25, 1967.
- 16 Hall and Corbato. Geology Map of the Nipomo Quadrangle, California Geological Society of America, Volume 78, No. 5. May 1967.
- 17 Hall, Clarence A. Geology of the Arroyo Grande Quadrangle, California. California Division of Mines and Geology, Map Sheet 24. 1973.

- 18 Johnson, A. I. "Specific Yield - Compilation of Specific Yields for Various Materials". USGS Water Supply Paper 1662-D. 1967.
- 19 Edward E. Johnson, Inc. "Ground Water and Wells". 1966.
- 20 Keys, Scott W. and MacCary, L. M. "Application of Borehole Geophysics to Water Resources Investigation", Chapter E1, Book 2 Techniques of Water Resources Investigation of the United States Geological Survey, 1971.
- 21 McClelland, E. J. "Aquifer-test Compilation for the Central Coastal Region, California". U. S. Geological Survey Open-File Data Report. April 30, 1963.
- 22 Miller, G. A. and Evenson, R. E. "Utilization of Ground Water in the Santa Maria Valley Area, California". U. S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 1819-A, 1966.
- 23 Ogilbee, William and Rose, Maxine A. "Ground Water Pumpage in San Luis Obispo County, California, 1963-67". United States Geological Survey. Revised January 1970.
- 24 San Luis Obispo, County of. "Hydrologic & Climatological Data, Seasons of 1970-71 & 1971-72 County of San Luis Obispo". December 1974.
- 25 Schlumberger, "Introduction to Well Logging" Document No. 8. Schlumberger Well Surveying Coporation, Houston, Texas. 1958.
- 26 ----. "Log Interpretation Principles", Schlumberger Limited, New York, N. Y. 10017. 1969.
- 27 State of California Department of Public Works, Division of Water Resources. "Use of Water by Native Vegetation", Bulletin 50. 1942.
- 28 ----. "San Luis Obispo County Investigation". Bulletin 18, Volumes I and II, May 1958.
- 29 Todd, David Keith. "The Water Encyclopedia", Edited by Water Information Center, Water Research Building, Manhasset Isle, Port Washington, N. Y.
- 30 Touns Engineering, Inc. "An Evaluation of the Future Need for Supplemental Water in Santa Maria Valley, California". A report prepared for the City of Santa Maria. August 31, 1970.
- 31 ----. "An evaluation of Existing and Future Resources in the Santa Maria Valley". A Preliminary Copy of Chapters I through 4. October 14, 1975.
- 32 United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. "Bathymetric Map - Cape San Martin to Point Conception". No. C and GS 1306N-20. 1967.
- 33 Weather Bureau "Climatological Data" California, Volume 79, Number 1 through 12. United States of America Department of Commerce. 1975.
- 34 H. C. Wagner. "Marine Geology Between Cape San Martin and Pt. Sal, South-Central California Offshore". A Preliminary Report. Pacific-Artic Branch of Marine Geology U. S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 74-252. August 1974.